

THE NAPANEE

Colebrook
Garrison Geo 11 feb 01

Vol. XXXI No. 23 - JNO. POLLARD, Editor and Publisher.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA-FR

NAPANEE'S LARGEST STORE. A RELIABLE STORE.

There is a sense of security and satisfaction in buying in this store. It is known that goods are just as they are represented to be and that all goods are reliable. Every day adds to its customers. The artistic character of its goods, its very complete stocks and the exclusiveness in many lines makes it increasingly the favorite to buy Dry Goods, Millinery, Gents Furnishings, Carpets, etc.

WHITE QUILT BARGAIN 69 CENTS EACH.

May 26th, Commencing at 9 a. m.

On Saturday May 26th we will sell 300 white crochet quilts large 1½ size at 69c each. These are of the same quality as the special line which we sell you regularly at \$1.00 each. They're by long odds the biggest bargain we have ever come across in this line and price is lower than they can be bought from the manufacturer. The Sale will commence at 9. a.m.

GREAT PRINT SALE.

We have just completed the purchase of a large lot of Prints and wash goods at a ridiculously low price. These come just in the nick of time when you want goods of this nature the most. Be sure and read the papers in next weeks ad. We will also announce the date.

Nen's Wear.

Our strength lies in the success of maintaining quality above reproach while keeping costs within easy bounds. There's a charm in crowding the utmost limit of value in garments and then affixing the little prices.

Shapely Stylish Suits for Men and Boys.

Men's New Serge Suits at \$3.00, \$5.00 and \$7.50.
Men's Tweed Suits, plain and check patterns at \$4.50, \$5.00, \$6.00, \$6.50.

Our Staple line of Men's everyday suits will give excellence service and are all wool and of different shades. special price \$5.00.

Come and See Our

Men's all wool sweaters in Navy Blue, Green, Garnet and Red Shades, deep roll collar, cuff, collar hem striped—Extra Special \$1.00.

Men's Bicycle Hose at 50c, 75c and \$1.00.

Men's Bicycle suit at from \$4.50 to \$8.00.

Men's and Boy's Fedora hats at 50c, 75c, \$1.25, \$1.50, 1.75, \$2.00, \$2.25 and \$2.50.

Men's stiff Felt Hats extra special at \$7.50.

Men's Fur Felt Stiff Hats, new English American Shapes at \$2.00 and \$2.25.

Men's Negligée Shirts, beautiful Silk, stripes special at \$1.25.

Men's English Cambric Shirts at 75c and \$1.00.

Men's Collars at 10c, 12½, 15c and 20c each.

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Men's Tweed Suits, plain and check patterns at \$4.50, \$5.00, \$6.00, \$6.50.

Our Staple line of Men's everyday suits will give excellence service and are all wool and of different shades, special price \$5.00.

Men's fine imported Scotch Tweed, and clay worsted Suits, beautifully made with first-class trimmings and cut in the latest styles for \$10.00, \$12.50 and \$13.50.

Boy's suits at from \$1.50 to \$7.50.

Men's Bicycle Hose at 50c, 75c and \$1.00.
Men's Bicycle suit at from \$4.50 to \$8.00.
Men's and Boy's Fedora hats at 50c, 75c, \$1.25, \$1.50, 1.75, \$2.00, \$2.25 and \$2.50.
Men's stiff Felt Hats extra special at \$7.50.
Men's Fur Felt Stiff Hats, new English.
American Shapes at \$2.00 and \$2.25.
Men's Negligée Shirts, beautiful Silk, stripes special at \$1.25.
Men's English Cambric Shirts at 75c and \$1.00.
Men's Collars at 10c, 12½, 15c and 20c each.
Men's Hose at 7c, 10c, 15, 25c and 50c.
Men's Underwear at 20c, 25c, 35c, 39c 50c \$1.00. per garment.
Men's Neckwear in all shapes and patterns.

THE ROBINSON COY

NOTICE OF COURT OF REVISION.

Take notice that a Court of Revision for the Revision of the assessment roll of the Township of Sheffield, for the year 1900, will be held in the Town hall, Tanworth, on

Monday, June 4th, 1900.

at the hour of 10 a.m.

All the parties interested will take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

JAS. AYLSWORTH, Tp. Clerk.

Dated at Tanworth, this 17th day of May, 1900.

MONEY, Bring your cash and get a Bicycle.

50 WHEELS, NEW AND SECOND HAND, must be sold for cash within a few days. Prices from \$12.00 TO \$40.00.

Also 2 NEW TOP BUGGIES, McLaughlin make

S. CASEY DENISON,
store north end Centre street.

NOW FOR CORN

Improved Leaming,
Yellow Dent Ensilage,
Giant White Sweet
Ensilage:

Millet,
Hungarian,
Buckwheat
and Garden Seeds.

Also a small stock of Groceries to be cleared out by July 1st.

THOS. SYMINGTON,

SEEDSMAN,

Napanee, Ont.

Dundas Street.

A. S. Kimmerly has an immense stock of seeds of all kinds, garden and field. Get your Danish Sugar Beet Seed from me. Timothy Red clover, Alsike, Alfalfa White Clover, Rape, Millet Hungarian, Flax seed. Remember I handle only the best quality seed. Plenty Bran and Shorts.

FOR SALE

That very desirable brick residence on Bridge street west corner of Robinson street, lot 99 ft x 132. House in perfect order, excellent well with Brass force pump, town water, in Bath room and Kitchen Sink, Hardwood floors in hall and dining room, brick wood burning fireplace, easily heated, first-class brick enclosed Gurney hot air furnace, Kitchen range with hot water front with Coils in Bath room and Bed room, Hot and Cold water in Bath room.

Any one in want of a comfortable home will find this a most desirable property. Will be sold cheap and on easy terms.

Apply on the premises or by letter to
M. J. BUTLER, C. E.

AUCTION SALE.

The undersigned will sell by Public Auction on the farm of the late James Huffman Wagar, being the west half of lot number nine in the fourth concession of the Township of Fredericksburgh, on TUESDAY, THE 22nd DAY OF MAY, A. D., 1900, at the hour of one p.m., the following Farm Stock and Implements, namely: 6 Milch Cows, 1 two-year-old Heifer, 1 two-year-old Bull, 1 Lumber Wagon, 1 Spring Wagon, 1 Sleigh, one Milk Can, 1 set Double Harness, 1 Mower, one Reaper, one Horse Rake, 1 Cultivator, 1 Corn Cultivator, 1 Iron Harrow, 1 Plough, 2 Iron Coolers, 1 Pot Ash Kettle, garden stones, 1 Churn, and a number of other articles too numerous to mention.

TERMS—Under \$10. Cash; over \$10 Promissory Notes, with approved endorsers, will be taken at six months with six per cent. int. rest.

NEWTON PARKS,

Executor of estate of Late James Huffman Wagar.

WESLEY HUFF, Auctioneer.

Dated at Napanee this 9th May, A. D. 1900.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the matter of the estate of James Huffman Wagar, late of the Township of North Fredericksburgh, in the County of Lennox and Addington, Farmer, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1897, Chapter 129, section 38, that all persons having claims against the estate of James Huffman Wagar, late of the Township of North Fredericksburgh, in the County of Lennox and Addington, who died on or about the 24th February, 1900, are required to send, by post prepaid, or to deliver to Messrs. Deroche & Madden, of the town of Napanee, in the County of Lennox and Addington, solicitors for Newton Parks, Executor of the last Will and Testament of the said James Huffman Wagar, deceased, on or before the 13th JUNE, 1900, their names and addresses and description and a full statement of the particulars of their claims and the nature of the security (if any) held by them, verified by affidavit. And that after the said 13th June, 1900, the said executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said James Huffman Wagar, deceased, amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice has been given as above required, and the said executor will not be liable for any of the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claim notice shall not have been received, duly verified, by the said executor at the time of such distribution.

DEROCHE & MADDEN,

Solicitors for the said executor, Newton Parks.
Dated at Napanee this 5th May, A. D. 1900.

Forty-five heaters in the rolling mills at Belleville, went on strike yesterday. The cause of the trouble is not mentioned.]

FOR SALE

That very desirable brick residence on Donald street opposite the West Ward school. House in perfect order, with bath room, good cellar. Peace furnace, excellent water, two thirds acre of land, two large barns, good garden consisting of different kinds of fruit, two large bars and outbuildings complete. Will be sold cheap and on easy terms. Also a good brick house to rent, opposite Mrs. McNeill's, on Robert street. Apply to GEO. A. CLIFF, 22d

STEAMER

C. H. Meritt

For information as to Terms of Charter for Excursions for the season 1900

APPLY TO

J. E. ROBINSON,
AGENT.

The Sons of England lodges of this district will hold a celebration at Deseronto on Dominion Day.

Sir, Chas. Tupper is announced to address a mass meeting at Picton on June 2nd in the Conservative interest.

Last week Messrs. Rathbun, Carter, Sherwood and Butler were in Tweed on business connected with the extension of The Bay of Quinte Ry. northward.

On Monday evening at Lindsay fire destroyed 700 cords of mill wood. The property of The Rathbun Company. The loss is about \$1000 covered by insurance.

Kingston has good prospects of having a smelting works in the near future. Arrangements are well under way. A check for \$500 has been deposited to cover expenses of submitting the by-law to bonus the industry.

If Taken in Time The D. & L. Emulsion will surely cure the most serious affections of the lungs. That "ran down" condition, the after effects of a heavy cold is quickly counteracted. Manufactured by the Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd.

Arthur McIntyre, the thirteen year old Toronto lad who shot his father recently during a quarrel was on Tuesday found guilty of manslaughter by the jury with a recommendation to mercy.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE EDITOR'S DOMESTIC BLES

Quit Him the Day His wife commenced Using Dr. Von Stan's Apple Tablets for Stomach Ailments.

"I was attracted by one of the 'Chapter' ads' telling about the Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets, wife, being a great sufferer and doctored for years for stomach trouble procured them, and its well with truth to say that she never got any give her relief until she used them. worked like magic. She has not or relieved of distress, but they have what she believes will be a per cure." Sold by Dettlor & Wallace.

COLLIN'S BAY.

Mr. G. Simmons has improved look of his house by a fresh paint.

Mrs. D. Rankin has returned Toronto accompanied by her daughter Mrs. R. Grass.

Farmers are about through sowing. They welcomed the be showers that came last week.

Rev. A. W. Cooke, Kingston, flying visit to our village last week.

Miss Mabel Howard, Bath Saturday and Sunday with her here last week.

Miss McMaster spent a couple of days with her mother in the city last week.

Miss Myrtle Clement visited cousin Laura for a few days last week.

The first raft of the season bay last week towed by the River The Steamer Tecumseh is expected in next week with timber.

Mr. W. Gates moved his family Deseronto last week where obtained a situation.

Mrs. Myrtle Storms is spending a few days with her sister Mr. Waller.

Grinding at Close's Mill every day
JAS. A. CLIFF

An English paper says London has a place near St. Thomas Jumbo was killed.

"Prevention is the best medicine to prevent sickness and cure it feeling and all the blood humors by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Bicycles and bicycle sundries, a line of wheels, every one guaranteed for through the season. For lamps, bells, toe clips, cyclometer tubes and tires. BOYLE

THE FREE PRESS.

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

CANADA—FRIDAY, MAY 25th 1900.

Don't Listen to Yarns!

Bricks are the same price, they have been for years, viz:

\$6.00 per M. for building bricks.

80c. per hundred, Chimney tops.

1 cent per foot for good drain tile.

A large stock on hand.

GEO. WHITTINGTON,

52th Brick and Tile maker, Napanee.

BATH ROAD.

May 21.—The country is looking fine. Farmers are nearly all through seeding. The frost seems to have done very little damage.

D. Curtis is preparing to build a fine barn.

Sandy Tate is doing a great business with his stone crusher; he employs several men and teams.

Mr. Willows, Toronto, brother of Mrs. H. Compton, paid her a flying visit this week.

Miss Frankie Day, Spruce Lawn, intends starting for Montreal next week, where she will spend several weeks with her sister, Mrs. McKeon.

60 Specialists on the Case.—In the ordinary run of medical practice a greater number than this have treated cases of chronic dyspepsia and have failed to cure—but Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets (60 in a box at 35 cents cost)—have made the cure and put to rout the mistaken notion that proprietary remedies are trash, and may help but never heal. These little "specialists" have proven their real merit. Sold by Detlor & Wallace.

ODESSA.

A very sad accident and one which terminated fatally occurred on Monday of this week. While Mrs. (Rev.) McKee, her son Cleve, Ada Allen and Miss Hilda Smith were out driving the spring bar of the front spring of the buggy broke and frightened the horse which started to run away. Miss Smith endeavored to jump from the rig but it is thought her foot caught in the wheel which threw her violently to the ground dashing her head against a rock and fracturing the base of her skull. Her ankle was also broken. She was picked up in an unconscious state and taken to her home near by. Medical aid was immediately summoned and Dr's Mabey and Meacham were soon on hand but despite all they could do were unable to rally her. She passed away about 12 o'clock that night without ever having regained consciousness. Deceased was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ira Smith and leaves behind to mourn her untimely loss a father and mother, two brothers Henry and James and a sister Mrs. J. Baker, of Syracuse. She was a girl of exemplary Christian character, a member of Methodist church and actively engaged in Christian work, in the Sabbath School where she was teacher, in the Woman Missionary Society and the Christian Endeavor Society. She will be greatly missed in religious circles where she could always be depended

Now is the Time

to get your building material for the coming spring. We have a full line of Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Factory Goods, and Portland Cement. We also sell Salt, Land Plaster, and Coal of all kinds, including Coke.

Cash paid for all kinds of first-class **BEEF** **TALLOW** in cakes.

THE RATHBUN COMPANY,

R. SHIPMAN, Agent.

WESTERN BEEF....

Spring Lamb, Veal and Pork, Fearman's Hams and English Breakfast Bacon.

A Full Stock of Family Groceries.

Canned Goods, Pickles, Relishes, etc. Canned Peas, Corn or Tomatoes, 3 cans for 25c.

Fresh Onions, Lettuce, Raddishes, Rhubarb, etc., always on hand.

J. F. SMITH.

THE RELIEF OF MAFEKING.

THE OFFICIAL DESPATCH.

London, May 21, 2:22 p.m.—The following despatch from Sir Alfred Milner, the British High Commissioner in South Africa, to the Secretary of State for the Colonies, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, was received at 1:30 p.m. to-day:—

"Barton telegraphs from Taunags that Mafeking was relieved May 17. (Signed)—Milner."

"The relieving column was a composite force, under Colonel Mahon, of about 2,300 men."

ROBERTS REPORTS IT.

London, May 21.—The following despatch has been received from Lord Roberts at the War Office:—

"Kroonstad, May 21.—The following is from Hunter:—'Mafeking is relieved. Mahon entered it on May 18th.'"

BADEN-POWELL'S VICTORY.

London, May 21.—A despatch from Lord Roberts to the War Office says:—

"Another report has been received from Baden-Powell, dated May 13, giving important news. Before dawn, May 13, a storming party, 250 strong, personally led by Eloff, rushed the pickets and reached the Staat and Protectorate camp from the westward, along the Maloppe Valley, a strong musketry demonstration being made at the same time along the eastern front of our position. Our western posts closed in and stopped the Boer supports following, and the Boer retreat while the town defences stopped further advance. His force got divided in the darkness, and a strong party was placed between them, completely surrounding them. Fighting continued all day long.

"Soon after nightfall the two parties surrendered and the other was driven out of the Staat under a heavy fire. Ten dead

impossible than the proposition which the Boer emissaries, now in America, are said to be holding back as a last resort in case the United States shall refuse to intervene in the war. The proposition is nothing less than a request for an American protectorate in South Africa.

A BOON OT HORSEMEN.

English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused Lumps and Blemishes from horses, Blood Spavin, Curbs, Splints, Ring Bone, Sweeney, Stiffes, Sprains, Sore and Swollen Throat, Coughs, etc. The use of one bottle may make you \$50. Warranted the most wonderful Blemish Cure ever known. Sold by Detlor & Wallace.

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TOWN COUNCIL.

Council Chamber, May 21st, 1900.

Council met in regular session on Monday evening, the Mayor presiding. Couns. present, Leonard, Lapum, Carson, and Rutan.

The minutes of the last regular meeting were read and confirmed.

A communication from the ratepayers and property owners along the west side of Centre street, asking that the walk be placed outside of the trees, so as to be uniform with the opposite side. Referred to Street committee to report.

A communication from T. A. Huffman and others asking that a sidewalk be constructed along the north side of Bridge street, Alma avenue to Dunfer street outside of the trees, the present walk being in a dangerous condition, and also that the walk from Alma avenue to Adelphi street be moved out in line with that from Adelphi to East street. Referred to Street committee to report.

Mr. Alfred Knight was heard in reference to the dangerous condition of the

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EDITOR'S DOMESTIC TROUBLES

Jim the Day His wife Comed Using Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets for Stomach Ailments. He is attracted by one of the little 'ads' telling about the merits of Stan's Pineapple Tablets, and mying a great sufferer and having for years for stomach troubles, we them, and its well within the say that she never got anything to relief until she used them. They like magic. She has not only been of distress, but they have effected e believes will be a permanent Sold by Detlor & Wallace.

COLLIN'S BAY.

G. Simmons has improved the his house by a fresh coat of
 D. Rankin has returned from accompanied by her daughter, Grass.
 ers are about through their They welcomed the beautiful that came last week.
 A. W. Cooke, Kingston, paid a visit to our village last week.
 Mabel Howard, Bath, spent y and Sunday with her parents it week.
 McMaster spent a couple of ith her mother in the city last
 Myrtle Clement visited her Laura for a few days last
 irst raft of the season left the t week towed by the Rival.
 Steamer Tecumseh is expected week with timber.
 V. Gates moved his family to to last week where he has d a situation.
 Myrtle Storms is spending a ys with her sister Mrs. Sam.

ing at Close's Mill every day.
 JAS. A. CLOSE.
 nglish paper says London in Can- a place near St. Thomas, where was killed.
 vention is the best bridle." You rent sickness and cure that tired and all the blood humors by taking Sarsaparilla.
 les and bicycle sundries, first class wheels, every one guaranteed and r through the season. Full line of bells, toe clips, cyclometers, inner nd tires.
 BOYLE & SON.

12 o'clock that night without ever having regained consciousness. Deceased was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ira Smith and leaves behind to mourn her untimely loss a father and mother, two brothers Henry and James and a sister Mrs. J. Baker, of Byfause. She was a girl of exemplary christian character, a member of Methodist church and actively engaged in christian work, in the Sabbath School where she was teacher, in the Woman's Missionary Society and the Christian Endeavor Society. She will be greatly missed in religious circles where she could always be depended on, to be found at her post and ready to do any work allotted to her. The sympathy of the entire community goes out to the bereaved family in the sad loss they have sustained.

The new store of Messrs. Mabee and Williams was opened in full blast on Saturday of last week. They carry a full line of everything to be found in a general store. Their store presents a very fine appearance and fully surpasses any other village store in these parts.

The veranda in front of S. Silver's meat shop is being remodelled and W. H. Clark is having a new veranda erected in front of his barber shop.

The Queen's Hotel is being improved by a new coat of paint. Despite the continued cold weather these are gentle reminders of the approach of warm weather.

The Rev. Chas. Adams, of Yarker, preached two thoughtful discourses in the Methodist church here on Sunday last. The Rev. T. S. McKee supplied for him on the Yarker circuit.

Our post office has been moved across the road into Mabee and Williams' new store.

A number of our villagers are looking forward to clear weather next Monday in order th view the eclipse of the sun.

Mr. J. M. Denyes first assistant in the Newburgh High School paid our village a flying visit on Saturday last.

The Sunday School Anniversary which was to have been held on June 4th has been postponed for two weeks.

Roy Meacham who has been attending Newburgh High School is home for a few weeks rest.

Mr. Judson Mabee is spending a few days with his brother Dr. Mabee.

Mr. J. G. Ettinger and Mrs. Chas. Watts, of Kingston spent Sunday at Geo. Watt's.

Miss Floda Clark who has been visiting the last weeks with her sister Mrs. Alex. Williams, returned home on Tuesday of this week.

Mrs. Williams, mother of Mrs. C. Montgomery, passed away on Tuesday of this week.

Rev. T. S. McKee attended the District Meeting of the Napanee District held in Newburgh on Wednesday.

All the flags in town were flying on Saturday celebrating the relief of Mafeking. The dealers were unable to supply the demand for them.

On Wednesday afternoon Chief Rankin succeeded in arresting Agnes Lynn, who is wanted on a charge of keeping a disorderly house.

Frank Bruega, Deseronto, is in the county jail to await trial on a charge of stealing \$28 and a gold watch from John J. McIntyre, Tweed.

Cleaning Chintz Covers.

R. Parker & Co., dyers and cleaners, have a new and exclusive method of cleaning fine chintz furniture coverings, giving back to them their original glaze. Agencies: Pollard's Book Store, Napanee; Miss M. A. Werden, Deseronto; H. Chadd, Picton.

past news. Before dawn, May 17, a storming party, 250 strong, personally led by Eloff, rushed the pickets and reached the Staat and Protectorate camp from the westward, along the Maloppo Valley, a strong musketry demonstration being made at the same time along the eastern front of our position. Our western posts closed in and stopped the Boer supports following, and the force of Eloff's retreat while the town defence stopped further advance. His force got divided in the darkness, and a strong party was placed between them, completely surrounding them. Fighting continued all day long.

"Soon after nightfall the two parties surrendered and the other was driven out of the Staat under a heavy fire. Ten dead and nineteen wounded of the enemy were left behind and 108 prisoners were taken, including Eloff and nine officers. Seventeen Frenchmen and many Germans were among the prisoners. Our losses were six men killed and two officers and nine men wounded."

WITH THE RELIEF COLUMN.

London, May 21, 4 p.m.—The War Office has received the following despatch from Lord Roberts:—

"Kroonstad, May 21.—Mahon (Colonel B. T. Mahon) reports having joined Plumer at Jamsaisda, May 15. He was followed by a Boer commando from Maritsani-Siding, and turned westward to avoid it. May 13 he was attacked in the thick bush, losing five men killed, two missing and twenty-four wounded, including a Daily Mail correspondent, Hands, dangerously. The Boers lost more than Mahon in killed and wounded."

THE CANADIANS IN IT.

Ottawa, May 22.—The governor-general received the following cable to-day from Sir Alfred Milner:—

"Cape Town, May 22.—The officer commanding the flying column which entered Mafeking May 18th reports that he met ten hours' stubborn resistance from 1,500 Boers on May 17th. He adds: 'The detachment of the Canadian artillery, by a series of forced marches, reached me on the morning of the fighting and rendered very valuable assistance.'"

The defence of Mafeking as an exploit of arms ranks with Delhi, and the most glorious achievements of British history. The finest qualities of British grit and endurance Col. Baden-Powell's men have preserved in keeping their flag above Mafeking. He was supported by a small but brilliant group of British officers, among whom was lord Edward Cecil, lord Salisbury's son, and half a dozen well-known figures in London society.

To meet the peculiar exigencies of the situation Baden-Powell issued paper currency and postage stamps. The resourceful commander also built a gun of steel plate to supplement his slender outfit of cannon, which comprised one weapon made in the last century. He had thrown his defense lines far out, thus preventing a concentration of heavy fire on a small space, which would soon have knocked the town to pieces.

MCKINLEY SAYS "NO."

Washington, May 21.—Secretary of State Hay this afternoon informed the Boer delegates that the president feels, in the present circumstances, no course is open to him except to persist in the policy of impartial neutrality between England and the South African republics.

Of all the old propositions that have ever been made to the United States as a nation, none has been more picturesquely

A communication from the ratepayers and property owners along the west side of Centre street, asking that the walk be placed outside of the trees, so as to be uniform with the opposite side. Referred to Street committee to report.

A communication from T. A. Huffman and others asking that a sidewalk be constructed along the north side of Bridge street, Alma avenue to Dundas street outside of the trees, the present walk being in a dangerous condition, and also that the walk from Alma avenue to Adelphi street be moved out in line with that from Adelphi to East street. Referred to Street committee to report.

Mr. Alfred Knight was heard in reference to the dangerous condition of the suspension bridge. He stated that the council of North Fredericksburgh had granted \$25 toward its repair. Coun. Lapum and Leonard moved that a like sum be granted. Coun. Ruttan moved in amendment that \$25 be granted the Cartwright estate, as the town was not compelled to help keep the bridge in repair, and for legal reasons it was best to make the grant to the said estate. It will cost in the neighborhood of \$150 to make the bridge safe for traffic. The amendment carried.

The report of the Street committee showing an expenditure of \$119.33 was received and adopted. They also reported recommending that the following tenders be accepted: C. E. Duncan, streets; Geo. Sampson, street watering; Isaac Luffman, taking care of swing bridge; Rathbun Co., cement; Rathbun Co. and R. Light, lumber; T. H. Waller, 6 and 8 inch tile, D. B. Wilson, 10 and 12 inch tile. Adopted.

The Fire Water and Light Committee recommended that the account of the Napanee Water and Electric Light Co. be paid. Carried.

A by-law appointing Chas. Pollard poundkeeper at a salary of \$1.25 a week was passed. The pound will be situated on the north side of Isabella street on the premises occupied by Isaac Cornwall.

Mr. Geo. Burtch's request for a free license for his Uncle Tom's Cabin was granted.

The advisability of purchasing another street watering cart occupied the attention of the council. Coun. Leonard thought they could buy one from Kingston. The Street committee was instructed to make enquiries.

June 14th at 10 a.m., was the date fixed for the holding of the Court of Revision.

The accounts of J. L. Boyce \$1.95, and Jas. Beck \$2.50 was ordered paid.

The treasurer was granted a voucher for the sum of \$23 75.

Council adjourned.

Quiet Wedding.

A very quiet wedding was celebrated on Wednesday evening the 23rd inst., at the residence of Mr. R. H. Peters, Selby. The contracting parties being Miss Lydia E. daughter of the above, and Mr. W. E. Rennon, of Madoc. Miss Rose Peters acted as bridesmaid, the groom being assisted by Mr. Rockwell Lockwood, of Enterprise. The Rev. W. Limbert performed the ceremony in the presence of a few of the immediate relatives. The happy couple left on Thursday to take up their residence in Madoc.

The assessors' roll for the town was returned on May 23. Appeals will be in order for 15 days from said date. There are a number of appeals already in.

NOTICE OF COURT OF REVISION.

Notice is hereby given that the first meeting of the Court of Revision for the town of Napanee will be held in the Council Chamber, on

Thursday, the 14th day of June, 1900.

JAMES E. HERRING,
 Town Clerk.
 Clerk's office, Napanee, May 24th, 1900.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP.

First-class in every particular. Every attention paid to customers. Best workmanship. Give me a call.
 F. S. SCOTT, Prop.
 Razors honed.

We guarantee that these Plasters will relieve pain quicker than any other. Put up only in 25c. tin boxes and \$1.00 yard rolls. The latter allows you to cut the Plaster any size.

Every family should have one ready for an emergency.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LIMITED, MONTREAL.
 Beware of Imitations

It is a strange and peculiar circumstance that the only crowned head who can ever be said to have exercised any predominant influence upon fashion has been precisely the one occupant of a throne who was perhaps the least royal, namely, that Empress Eugenie, whom Napoleon, in the public announcement of his marriage, described as a parvenu. For seventeen years, throughout the reign of her husband, this grand-daughter of the Scotch trader, may be said to have dictated the feminine fashion, not alone in France, but likewise throughout the civilized and even uncivilized world. For, when Eugenie visited the seraglio of the Sultan at Constantinople and the harem of the Khedive of Egypt on the occasion of her trip to the Orient in connection with the opening of the Suez Canal, she found to her amazement that the inmates, in lieu of being arrayed either in the fantastic costume of the Turkish women of the Opera Comique or in the garb of nature, as one might be tempted to believe from the paintings of Gerome and others who have portrayed the interior of Mohammedan harems from mere hearsay, were attired in the latest creations of the great couturiers of Paris, their toilettes conforming in every respect to the decrees which she, Eugenie, had her-

It is improbable, therefore, that either Queen Victoria or any of the princesses of her house will be able to carry out her intention of reviving the fashion of Irish poplin. True her Majesty might decree that no lady should appear at any state function unless arrayed in a poplin dress, in the same way that she insists upon every woman attending a drawing-room at Buckingham Palace being attired in a décolleté dress with bare shoulders and arms, a court train, and a coiffure, consisting of a veil and three ostrich feathers, but this would not suffice to render poplin fashionable. Ladies would wear it at court, that is to say, perhaps, two or three times a year at the most, and would just as little dream of using it for ordinary social functions, for carriage, or for street dresses, as they would think of donning a court train and the court coiffure of three ostrich feathers for a small dinner party. I may incidentally state that the Queen is extremely strict about this matter of dress at her drawing rooms. Gowns with long sleeves and cut high in the neck are only allowed to be worn if the Queen gives a special permit, to obtain which a doctor's certificate has

Take, for instance, the consumption

When, during the terrific onslaught of the cavalry at Waterloo, Wellington gave orders that certain battalions were to be abandoned and the

opening of the Suez Canal, she found to her amazement that the inmates, in lieu of being arrayed either in the fantastic costume of the Turkish women of the Opera Comique or in the garb of nature, as one might be tempted to believe from the paintings of Gerome and others who have portrayed the interior of Mohammedan harems from mere hearsay, were attired in the latest creations of the great couturiers of Paris, their toilettes conforming in every respect to the decrees which she, Eugenie, had herself issued.

The most amazing submission, however, to the tyranny of fashion exercised by the beautiful Spanish consort of Napoleon III., was undoubtedly that of Queen Victoria, who still to this day, almost alone of her sex, adheres to that crinoline which the Empress inaugurated a few months before the birth of the Prince Imperial, and which was retained as an indispensable article of feminine apparel until the overthrow of the empire. In fact, the name of Empress Eugenie will always be indissolubly associated in the eyes of the feminine world with that of the crinoline, and long after the part which she played in bringing about the discreditable war with Mexico and the still more disastrous conflict with Germany has been forgotten, the memory of the steel and whalebone abomination which she invented in order to conceal any loss of elegance will be treasured up against her by the fair sex.

Queen Victoria has never made any attempt to dictate fashions, and would probably be the very last person in the world to wish that any of her fair subjects should model their attire on hers. In fact, it is a question whether she would not interpret any such exaggeration of loyalty as an impertinence, partaking of the nature of caricature. For while her snow-white hair, her kind and motherly face bearing the trace of the cares and anxieties of a reign of more than three score years, and, above all, the extraordinary dignity and majesty of this stout and short little old lady, impart so much distinction to her dress that one loses sight of its defiance of the laws of fashion; yet, if one were to attempt to array an ordinary woman in the rather dingy-looking bonnet, or odd-shaped straw hat tied under her chin affected, by Queen Victoria, the tortoise shell rimmed spectacles, the virtually waistless black dress, flounced and crinolined in the fashion of the 60s, and the side spring, flat-heeled, common-sense kid boot of the English women of the early 50s—one would have an apparition so extravagant as to invite mobbing on the part of the populace in the street.

With all that, Queen Victoria is very fond of seeing pretty dresses around her, and is extremely particular about the apparel of her ladies in waiting and maids of honor. The latter, indeed, are forced to conform to strict rules and regulations, and to invariably attired in keeping with the fashion of the hour. If Victoria sees the same dress too often, or if it does not fit well, if it is in the least degree extravagant or dowdy, the maid of honor will at once receive an intimation to that effect from the mistress of the robes, or, in her ab-

three times a year at the most, and would just as little dream of using it for ordinary social functions, for carriage, or for street dresses, as they would think of donning a court train and the court coiffure of three ostrich feathers for a small dinner party. I may incidentally state that the Queen is extremely strict about this matter of dress at her drawing rooms. Gowns with long sleeves and cut high in the neck are only allowed to be worn if the Queen gives a special permit, to obtain which a doctor's certificate has to be produced, stating that decolletage would be injurious to the health, and on one occasion when a lady asked to be dispensed from wearing the three ostrich feathers on the ground that her hair had been cut short, she was curiously informed that her Majesty would dispense with her presence at court until her hair had grown again.

To meet the Princess of Wales with her daughters, and her sister, the Russian dowager Empress, strolling about shopping in the streets of Copenhagen, one would readily take them as far as their clothes were concerned, for the woman kind of some English country parson of small means, there being nothing in their appearance to indicate their lofty rank. With the most priceless fabrics of the universe, at their disposal, they seemingly care for nothing but the very plainest kind of blue and black serge for outdoor wear. No one has ever seen any of these royal and imperial ladies in what is known as the picturesque hat, nor did they ever adopt the puffed sleeves that were in vogue for several years.

The present Empress of Russia, brought up either at the court of England or among English surroundings in Germany, is as indifferent as her mother-in-law and as the Princess of Wales to the ethics of fashion, makes no attempt to influence the latter, and follows it only in a very restricted sense.

Neither can the Empress of Germany be said to lead the fashion in her husband's dominions. For, on the one hand, her dresses are of too costly a character to be copied by women possessed of modest fortunes, while on the other, those who are rich enough to get their gowns from Paris have their teeth set on edge by the lack of harmony and of elegance that characterize the toilettes of her Majesty whose own tastes in dress are of the most quiet and simple character, and who only dons gorgeous apparel to please her husband, and in deference to a sense of the requirements of her position as an occupant of the throne.

Queen Marguerite of Italy is undoubtedly one of the most fashionably dressed women in Europe, the only objection to her gowns, which all come from Paris being that they are just a trifle too youthful for her present mature age. Apparently she has no wish to lead fashion, which is a pity, as the Italian lady dresses loudly and badly, only the contadina, or peasant woman, knowing how to wear her picturesque garb with elegance and grace. For so apprehensive is her Italian Majesty lest any unpatriotic woman should don the same thing as herself, that her hats and bonnets are made on the spur of the

A report recently rendered to the British Parliament contains matter which ought to lead to a searching of hearts by the people of many nations.

The report deals with the production and consumption of alcoholic beverages in Europe, the United States and the British colonies. In such a publication stupendous figures, although melancholy, are to be expected; but some of the facts here disclosed are astounding.

Take, for instance, the consumption of wine. In Great Britain each person consumes on an average, less than half a gallon a year; in Germany, a little more than three-fourths of a gallon; in the United States, less than a quarter of a gallon; in France, more than twenty-four gallons! The total amount consumed in France, which has a population of thirty-eight millions, is more than nine hundred and forty million gallons a year—eight times as much as is used by the one hundred and sixty million people of Great Britain, Germany and the United States taken together.

It is often said, the French drink wine while other nations drink beer or spirituous liquors. Of beer alone the statement is, indeed, partially true. The annual consumption per capita in Great Britain is about thirty-one gallons, in Germany twenty-seven gallons, in the United States thirteen gallons, and in France five and one-half gallons. But the French people consume more spirits per inhabitant than any of the other countries. The figures are: for Great Britain one quarter, and France more than two gallons for each person.

The report also shows the interesting fact that the consumption of alcoholic beverages in Canada is smaller than in any other country from which statistics are obtainable.

His Roundabout Way.

A man was going home to his wife and family. It was growing dark. His road from the station was a lonely one, and he was getting along as fast as he could when he suddenly suspected that a man behind him was following him purposely. The faster he went the faster the man went until they came to a graveyard.

"Now," he said to himself, "I'll find if he's after me." And he entered the churchyard.

The man followed him. Vague visions of revolvers and garroters grew upon him. He made a detour of a splendid mausoleum. Still the man was after him, round and round.

At last he turned and faced the fellow and asked: "What the dickens do you want? What are you following me for?"

"Well, sir, do you always go home like this? I am going up to Mr. Brown's house with a parcel, and the porter at the station told me that if I'd follow you I should find the place, as you live next door. Are you going home at all to-night?"

PERSONAL, NOT MUTUAL.

How solemn the Fitz-Smiths look. I believe they've had a quarrel.

No; perhaps they've only taken off their flannels too soon, and are trying to keep it from each other.

eye. "I have a right to be blind times!" Then, raising his telescope to his blind eye, he added: "I cannot see the signal!"

Truly it is an ill wind that blows one any good, for the hero's blunder that day played a glorious part in England's history.

AT WATERLOO.

When, during the terrific onrush of the cavalry at Waterloo, we gave orders that certain troops were to be abandoned and men were to take refuge with squares, Captain March ordered under his command to stick to guns. They obeyed, and with success was their courage, that they repulsed three charges of Horse Grenadiers with so slaughter that on the morning position they had held could be gained by the vast heaps of slain lay around.

DALHOUSIE AT VICTORIA.

At Victoria, in 1813, Wellington directed to Lord Dalhousie advance with the Seventh Division, supported by the Fourth and Sixth, attack the bridge. The Alderson to whom was instructed the order, chancing to pass general Picton, inquired of him if he had seen Lord Dalhousie.

"No, sir," answered Picton, "have you any orders for me?"

The other replied in the negative. "Then pray, sir, what order bring?"

And on the aide-de-camp tell their purport he added with hauteur:

"You may tell Lord Wellington, sir, that the Third Division my command shall, in less minutes, attack the bridge and it, and that the Fourth and Divisions may support me choose."

Then, with a shout of "Com rascals! Come on, ye fighting vipers put himself at the head of the and galloped forward to red promise.

REFUSED TO RETIRE.

Although Colonel—afterwards Henry—Hardinge cannot be attributed to have acted in disobedience to orders, his assumption of command at a time when commander of the allied army, Lord Raglan, had virtually a retreat, would, but for its success, have entailed on him consequences.

As it was, by ordering General Buller and Abercrombie to advance their divisions he completely changed the fortunes of the day, and, by the French before him and his, converted an almost certain defeat into a brilliant victory.

*If you wish
of really
try Blue!*

TASTE OF
ALADA
CEYLON GREEN TEA
 captivate the taste of any Japan
 drinker.

IS WERE DISOBEYED.
KEY BROUGHT VICTORY IN
SEVERAL BATTLES.

hus Won His Fight at Copen-
-Other Instances Showing That
Compliance With Instructions
Have Been Fatal.

obedience to the military
 the General commanding an
 battle has always been con-
 soldier's duty. By soldier
 ally meant the man in the
 at the officers in command of
 nt, a brigade, a division or a
 the case may be.

CIPLINE REQUIRES IT.

nce to orders issued from the
 arters of the commander
 ble for the plan of battle has
 regarded as the first duty of
 subordinate in rank, but in
 f separate units of the whole,
 nce to orders emanating from
 hority during the stress of
 is a crime punishable with
 ath or Court-martial, the se-
 vending upon the loss sustain-
 seriousness of the result due
 noncompliance with the orders

There are many instances
 d, however, which go to show
 officer in supreme command,
 ng all the details of a vast
 perations well in hand, or per-
 isjudging the situation, or
 teting upon misleading infor-
 has given such orders to a
 ate having command of an
 it number of troops and hold-
 sition of great value, which,
 had been implicitly obeyed

ve entailed disaster and the
 ult desired would have been
 le to accomplish, thus turn-
 ossible victory into defeat.

KES NERVE TO DISOBEY.

elson received the order to re-
 ven by Sir Hyde Parker at the
 Copenhagen is one of the
 irring episodes of history.
 was communicated to him
 signal to leave off action had
 sted on the Admiral's ship, the
 he turned to Captain Foley,
 standing at his side, and ex-

, you know I have only one
 ave a right to be blind some-
 Then, raising his telescope to
 eye, he added: "I really do
 the signal!"

it is an ill wind that blows no
 good, for the hero's blindness
 day played a glorious victory
 and's c

AT WATERLOO.

during the terrific onslaught
 valry at Waterloo, Wellington
 rders that certain batteries

BATTLE OF WORTH.
 That the battle of Worth was won
 by the Germans was entirely owing
 to an act of gross disobedience on the
 part of General Kirchbach, who was
 at the head of the Fifth Corps. The
 engagement chanced to commence be-
 fore the German forces were concentra-
 ted, and the Crown Prince, who
 was in supreme command sent a firm
 order to Kirchbach not to continue the
 struggle, and to avoid everything that
 might bring on a fresh one.

Not only did the General, however,
 ignore this command, but instigated
 Von Bose and Hartmann, commanding
 respectively the Eleventh and the
 Bavarian Corps, to act likewise, by
 lending him their support in the of-
 fensive operations he had resolved
 upon. That this act of insubordina-
 tion was justified the defeat of the
 French decisively proved.

DIAMONDS MADE AT HOME.

How very nice it will be when every
 woman can make her own diamonds
 and not be obliged to save out of the
 market money to buy them, or tease
 her indulgent father or husband to
 buy them for her. The blissful era
 of diamond-making at home is prom-
 ised by a French chemist named Mo-
 isan. He has had diamonds that were
 indistinguishable from those made by
 nature. Sugar and electricity were
 the ingredients he employed. En-
 ormous heat and tremendous pressure
 are brought to bear upon the sugar,
 and, presto! one has as many diamonds
 as one wishes. The chemist does not
 hold out encouragement of an im-
 mediate fall in the price of jewels as
 a result of his discovery, but he thinks
 it possible now that the wells or cruci-
 bles in which the diamonds of Brazil
 were formed will be discovered. Till
 now these diamonds have only been
 found in alluvial deposits, but some-
 where there is a gigantic stock of
 brilliants, and if we can possess our
 souls in patience long enough every
 woman may boast her tiara and rivi-
 ere.

MONTREAL FREE.
No Longer Any Fear of Bright's
Disease Since Dodd's Kidney
Pills Came Into Use.

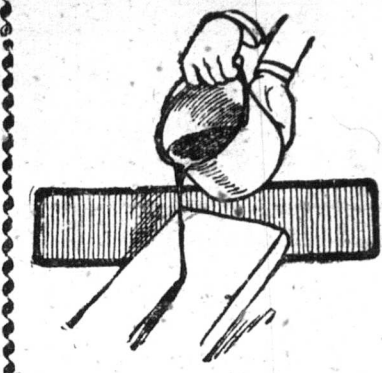
All Kidney Diseases Have Been Rendered
Harmless—Maria Guimond's Case of
Rheumatism—Her Gratitude For
Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Montreal, May 21.—Another cure by
 Dodd's Kidney Pills is reported in this
 city. This time it is Rheumatism
 which that excellent remedy has con-
 quered. There have been scores of
 similar cases this winter, few of which
 have reached the press. Rheumatism
 is so common in this city—as it is
 indeed throughout the province—that
 every day Dodd's Kidney Pills are
 coming more and more into general
 use. In Montreal alone there have
 been dozens of cures of Rheumatism
 by Dodd's Kidney Pills reported since
 last fall.

Rheumatism is seldom curable as
 treated by the majority of physicians
 and at hospitals. But more than one

Wisdom in buying tea consists in buying the best—
LUDELLA
CEYLON TEA Lead Packages. 25, 30, 45, 60 and 100.

IT ISN'T QUANTITY
THAT COUNTS...



It is only with the cheap paint
 that quantity is required to make
 a show and then you lose in time
 and labour putting it on. One
 gallon of

Ramsay's
Paints,

will "cover" more surface and do
 it better than two gallons ordi-
 nary paint, and when it's on, it
 stays on, and gives you some-
 thing for your time, labour and
 money. It's "quality," that
 counts. Ask your dealer.

A. Ramsay & Son, Est'd 1849.
MONTREAL. **Paint Makers.**

PEOPLE WHO ARE LOVED.

The people who win their way into
 the inmost recesses of others' hearts
 are not usually the most brilliant and
 gifted, but those who have sympathy,
 patience, self-forgetfulness, and that
 indefinable faculty of eliciting the bet-
 ter natures of others. Most of us
 know of persons who have appealed to
 us in this way. We have many friends
 who are more beautiful and gifted,
 but there is not one of them whose
 companionship we enjoy better than
 that of the plain-faced man or woman
 who never makes a witty or profound
 remark, but whose simple quality of
 human goodness makes up for every
 other deficiency. And if it ever came
 to a time of real stress, when we felt
 that we needed the support of real
 friendship, we should choose above all
 to go to this plain faced man or wo-
 man, certain that we should find in-
 telligent sympathy, a charitable con-
 struction of our position and difficul-
 ties, and a readiness to assist us be-
 yond what we ought to take. If you
 could look into human hearts, you
 would be surprised at the faces they
 enshrine there because beauty of
 spirit is more than beauty of face or
 form, and remarkable intellectual
 qualities are not to be compared with
 unaffected human goodness and sym-
 pathy.

Quick as Thought

The maddening toothache stops when
 Nerviline—that wonderful nerve-pain
 cure—is applied to the tooth. Ner-
 viline is the only positive, never-fail-
 ing remedy for headaches and all
 nerve pain. Be advised and try it.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
 Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All
 druggists refund the money if it fails to cure.
 Wm. W. Grove's signature is on each box.

THE DIFFERENCE.
 What's the difference between wrath
 and a woman who wants you to sub-
 scribe for something?

FOR HIS HEALTH.

I don't understand him. He revers-
 es the usual rule and openly asserts
 that he is in politics for his health.

Well, if you analyze the statement,
 that's all right.

How so?

Why, he believes that luxurious

living is conducive to health.

Well?

And money is necessary for luxuri-

ous living. There you have it in a

nutshell.

W P C 1025

CALVERT'S
 Carbolic Disinfectants, Soaps, Oint-
 ment, Tooth Powders, etc., have been
 awarded 100 medals and diplomas for superior
 excellence. Their regular use prevent innum-
 erous diseases. Ask your dealer to obtain a
 supply. Lists mailed free on application.

F. C. CALVERT & CO.,
MANCHESTER - ENGLAND.

Catholic Prayer Books, Rosaries, Cru-
 cifixes, Scapulars,
 Religious Pictures, Statuary, and Church Ornaments.
 Educational Works. Mail orders receive prompt atten-
 tion. **D. & J. SADLER & CO., Montreal.**

MONTROSS Stock Farm, 175 acres, 3 miles from Elmira,
Waterloo, Co., Ont., for sale by public auction at
Queen's Hotel, Galt, on Saturday, April 28, at 3 o'clock
P.M. For particulars apply to DALZIEL & SAKRIE,
Galt.

POULTRY, BUTTER, EGGS, APPLES,
 and other PRODUCE, to ensure best results consign to
The Dawson Commission Co., Limited,
 Cor. West-Market & Colborne St., Toronto.

Cheapest and Best Covering in the World.

Mica PIPE AND
BOILER Covering

Steam and Hot and Cold Water Pipes, Cold Storage
 Pipes, Kitchen Boilers, etc.
 For particulars apply to

MICA BOILER COVERING CO., Limited,
 Toronto, Montreal and London.

ROOFING and Sheet Metal Works.
 ROOFING SLATE, in Black,
 Red or Green. SLATE BLACKBOARD. (We supply
 Public and High Schools, Toronto) Roofing Velt, Fish
 Coal Tar, etc. ROOFING TILT (See New City Build-
 ings, Toronto, done by our firm). Metal Ceilings, Cor-
 nices, etc. Estimates furnished for work complete or for
 materials used to any part of the country. Phone 1044
G. OUTHIER & SONS, Adelaide & Wilmers Sts., Toronto.

CANADA PERMANENT
Loan and Savings Company.
 INCORPORATED 1855.

**The Oldest and Largest Canadian Mort-
 gage Corporation.**

Paid-up Capital, \$2,500,000
 Reserve Fund, 1,200,000

...ave a right to be blind some-
Then, raising his telescope to
eye, he added: "I really do
the signal!"
it is an ill wind that blows no
good, for the hero's blindness
day played a glorious victory
and's eyes
AT WATERLOO.
during the terrific onslaught
valry at Waterloo, Wellington
ders that certain batteries
be abandoned and that the
re to take refuge within the
Captain, Merch ordered those
is command to stick to their
They obeyed, and with such
was their courage crowned
y repulsed three charges of the
Grenadiers with so great ar
r that on the morrow the
they had held could be ascer-
y the vast heaps of slain that
nd.

HOUSE AT VICTORIA.
toria, in 1813, Wellington sent
is to Lord Dalhousie to ad-
ith the Seventh Division, sup-
y the Fourth and Sixth, and
he bridge. The Ald-de-camp,
i was instructed the delivery
rder, chancing to pass Gen-
en Lord Dalhousie.
sir," answered Picton; "but
any orders for me?"
her replied in the negative.
ray, sir, what orders do you

a the aide-de-camp telling him
rtport be added with extreme
may tell Lord Wellington for
that the Third Division under
mand shall, in less than 10
attack the bridge and carry
hat the Fourth and Sixth
s may support me if they
with a shout of "Come on, ye
Come on, ye fighting villains!"
himself at the head of his men
loped forward to redeem his

REFUSED TO RETREAT.
igh Colonel — afterward Sir
Hardinge cannot be said at
to have acted in direct con-
on to orders, his assumption
and at a time when the
der of the allied armies, Gen-
esford, had virtually ordered
t, would, but for its resultant
have entailed on him serious
ences.
was, by ordering Generals Cole
percombe to advance with
visions he completely changed
unes of the day, and, by driv-
French before him down the
verted an almost certain de-
o a brilliant victory.

have reached the press. Rheumatism
is so common in this city—as it is
indeed throughout the province—that
every day Dodd's Kidney Pills are
coming more and more into general
use. In Montreal alone there have
been dozens of cures of Rheumatism
by Dodd's Kidney Pills reported since
last fall.
Rheumatism is seldom curable as
treated by the majority of physicians
and at hospitals. But more than one
doctor has confessed of recent years
that he has cured Rheumatism by the
use of Dodd's Kidney Pills celebrated
as the first and only cure ever known
for either Bright's Disease or Diä-
betes.

That this latter claim is true has
been proved over and over again in
Montreal. In fact Bright's Disease is
no longer the dreaded malady it was
ten years ago when to be seized by
Bright's Disease meant certain
death. Now Dodd's Kidney Pills are
well known and by their use Bright's
Disease is thrown from the system.
Dodd's Kidney Pills are just as effi-
cacious in the treatment of maladies
resulting from disordered kidneys as
they are for local kidney diseases
themselves. Here is an instance:
"I have followed the treatment of
the first doctors of Montreal for
Rheumatism from which I have been
suffering for six years, but I got no
relief from it. I have taken seven
boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills, and I
am completely cured. I am telling all
my friends of the excellence of this
remedy, and I thank it a thousand
times a day."

Yours truly,
Maria Guimond,
St. Flavie.

PIGS AS SCAVENGERS.

Every family can keep one or two
pigs, using as food refuse from the
table and the parings of potatoes and
other vegetables cooked for food.
This will, perhaps, need to be suple-
mented by a little grain, but the ex-
pense of this will be more than made
up by the thriffter growth of the pigs.
If one breeding sow is kept its pigs
will supply the family with meat for a
year, at much less expense than buy-
ing it in the city markets.

GETTING BACK TO HIM.

First Traveler, cheerily. Fine day,
isn't it?
Second Ditto, haughtily. Sir! you
have the advantage of me. I don't
know you!
First T. Humph! I fail to see the
advantage.

FACTS IN THE CASE.

How did he lose his standing in the
community?
By getting drunk and letting a train
run over his legs.

ure—applied to the teeth. Per-
nerviline is the only positive, never-fail-
ing remedy for headaches and all
nerve pain. Be advised and try it.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All
druggists refund the money if it fails to cure.
25c. M. W. Groves' Signature is on each box.

THE DIFFERENCE.
What's the difference between wrath
and a woman who wants you to sub-
scribe for something?
I dunno.
A soft answer turneth away wrath.

O'KEEFE'S LIQUID MALT
Invigorates and Strengthens.
LLOYD WOOD, Toronto, GENERAL AGENT

NOT ALTOGETHER WASTED.
Doctor, I can't understand this sud-
den attack, Mrs. Rash.
Mrs. Rash, Well, doctor, Henry
wouldn't take that tonic you ordered,
so I've been taking it—two doses at
a time—to get rid of it.

FOR OVER FIFTY YEARS
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been
used by mothers for their children teething. It soothes
the child, softens the gums, allays pain, cures wind
colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. 25c. a bottle.
Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Be sure
and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup."

Rev. Newell D. Hillis, whose with-
drawal from the Presbyterian church
has excited so much comment, owns
what is said to be the best private
library in Brooklyn.

THE MOON'S INFLUENCE.
Upon the weather is accepted by some
as real, by others it is disputed. The
moon never attracts corns from the
tender, aching spot. Putnam's Pain-
less Corn Extractor removes the most
painful corns in three days. This
great remedy makes no sore spots,
doesn't go fooling around a man's
foot, but gets to business at once, and
effects a cure. Don't be imposed up-
on by substitutes and imitations. Get
"Putnam's," and no other.

HAD HIGH NOTIONS.
Mrs. Moon. Why do you suppose she
insisted on being married in a bal-
loon?
Mr. Moon. I don't know, unless it
was because she thought no man on
earth was good enough for her.

\$100 Reward. \$100.
The readers of this paper will be pleased to
learn that there is at least one dreaded disease
that science has been able to cure in all its
stages and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh
Cure is the only positive cure now known to
the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a con-
stitutional disease, requires a constitutional
treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken inter-
nally, acting directly upon the blood and mu-
cous surfaces of the system, thereby de-
stroying the foundation of the disease, and
giving the patient strength by building up the
constitution and assisting nature in doing its
work. The proprietors have so much faith in
its curative powers, that they offer one Hun-
dred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure.
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A PICTURE OF CHRIST.

Rev. Dr. Talmage Discourses on His Wonderful Mission.

Difficult to Be Anything Great or Famous--In This World We Get Only the Faintest Outlines of What Christ Is--The Dr. Says Christ Is Everything in the Great Plan of Redemption.

A despatch from Washington says:—Rev. Dr. Talmage preached from the following text:—"Christ is all and in all."—Col. iii. II.

Every age of the world has had its historians, its philosophers, its artists, its thinkers, and its teachers. Were there histories to be written? there has been many a Moses, or a Xenophon, or a Josephus, to write them. Were there poems to be constructed? there was always a Job or a Homer to construct them. Were there thrones lustrous and powerful to be lifted? there has always been a David or a Caesar to raise them. Were there teachers demanded for the intellect and the heart? there has been a Socrates, and a Zeno, and a Cleanthes, and a Marcus Antonius coming forth on the grand and glorious mission. Every age of the world has had its triumphs of reason and morality. There has not been a single age of the world which has not had some decided system of religion; the Platonism, Orientalism, Stoicism, Brahminism, and Buddhism, considering the ages in which they were established, were not lacking in ingenuity and force. Now, in this line of beneficent institutions and of noble men, there appeared a personage more wonderful than any predecessor. He came from a family without any royal or aristocratic pretension. He became a Galilean mechanic. He had no advantage from the schools. There were people beside him, day after day, who had no idea that He was going to be anything remarkable, or do anything remarkable. Yet, notwithstanding all this, and without any title, or scholarly pretension, or flaming rhetoric, He startled the world with the strangest announcements, ran in collision with solemn priests and proud rulers, and with a voice that rang through temple and palace, and over ship's deck and mountain top, exclaimed: "I am the light of the world!" Men were taken all aback at the idea that that hand, yet hard from the use of the axe, and saw, and adze, and hatchet, should wave the sceptre of authority; and that upon that brow, from which they had so often seen Him wipe the sweat of toil, there would yet come the crown of unparalleled splendour and of universal dominion. We all know how difficult it is to be anything great or famous; and no wonder that those who had been boys with Christ in the streets of Nazareth, and seen Him in after years in the days of His complete obscurity, should have been very slow to acknowledge

They sit down and are so absorbed in looking at the shells on the shore, that they forget to look off on the great ocean of God's mercy and salvation.

Then there are others who come to this book as sceptics. They marshal passage after passage, and try to get Matthew and Luke in a quarrel, and would have a discrepancy between what Paul and James say about faith and works; and they try the account of Moses concerning the creation by modern decisions in science, and resolve, that in all questions between the scientific explorer and the inspired writer, they will give the preference to the geologist. These men—these spiders I will say—suck poison out of the sweetest flowers. They fatten their infidelity upon the truths which have led thousands to heaven, and in their distorted visions, prophet seems to war with prophet, and evangelist, with evangelist, and apostle with apostle; and if they can find some bad trait of character in a man of God mentioned in that Bible, these carrion crows caw and flap their wings over the carcass. Because they cannot understand how the whale swallowed Jonah, they attempt the more wonderful feat of swallowing the monster whale of

MODERN SCEPTICISM.

They do not believe it possible that the Bible story should be true which says that the dumb ass spake, while they themselves prove the thing possible by their own utterances! I am amused beyond bound when I hear one of these men talking about a future life. Just ask a man who rejects that Bible what heaven is, and hear him beg for your soul. He will tell you that heaven is merely the development of the internal resources of a man; it is efflorescence of the dynamic forces into a state of ethereal and transcendental "lucubration in close juxtaposition to the ever present 'was,' and the great 'to be,' and the everlasting 'no!'" Considering themselves to be wise, they are fools for time and eternity.

Then, there is another class of persons, who come to the Bible as controversialists. They are enormous Presbyterians, or fierce Baptists, or violent Methodists. They cut the Bible to suit their creed, instead of cutting their creed to suit the Bible. If the their creed to suit the Bible. If the Scripture thinks as they do, well; if not, so much the worse for the Scriptures. The Bible is merely the whetstone on which they sharpen the dissecting-knife of controversy. They come to it as a government in time of war comes to armories or arsenals for weapons and munitions. They have declared everlasting war against all other sects; and they want so many broad swords, so many muskets, so many howitzers, so many columbiads, so much grape and canister, so many field pieces, with which to take the field of dispute, for they mean to get the victory though the heavens be darkened with smoke, and the earth rend with the thunder. What do they care about the religion of the Lord Jesus Christ! I have seen some such men come back from an ecclesiastical massacre as proud of their achievement as an Indian warrior boasting of the number of scalps he has taken. I have more admiration for a man who goes forth with his

gather precious stones; and we bring the glittering burdens and put them down at the feet of Jesus, and say, "All these are mine. Thou art worthy." We go forth again for more trophies, and into one sheaf we gather all the sceptres of the Caesars, and the Alexanders, and the Czars, and the Sultans of all royalties and dominions, and then we bring the sheaf of sceptres and put it at the feet of Jesus, and say, "Thou art King of kings, and these thou hast conquered." And then we go forth again to gather more trophies, and we bid the redeemed of all ages, the sons and daughters of the Lord Almighty, to come. We ask them to come and offer their true thanksgivings, and the hosts of heaven bring crown, and palm, and sceptre, and here by these bleeding feet, and by this wounded heart, cry, "Blessing, and honour, and glory, and power be unto Him that sitteth upon the throne, and to the Lamb for ever and for ever." Tell me of a tear He did not weep, of a burden that He did not carry, of a battle that He did not fight, of a victory that He did not achieve. "All in all is Jesus" in the great plan of redemption.

THE PENALTY OF MUSIC.

Players Who Are Forced to Quit Because of Deafness.

"Few realize how many musicians are obliged to go out of the business on account of deafness," said an old musician to a reporter. "Only a few of the thousands of players in the country become famous. The great mass of them plod along day after day in the same old path. When one of us drops out, no one cares to inquire why, but many times the reason is deafness and nothing else.

"Loss of hearing is particularly the affliction of those who play brass instruments. A cornetist who has played in Kansas City orchestras for many years has stopped playing now because he is losing his faculty of hearing. He went out of the business before it was too late. Many of the old players hang to their instruments until the loudest strains of an orchestra or clamor of a band sounds to them like a mere hum. Then they are forced to stop. Their usefulness is gone.

"The musician's deafness is undoubtedly caused by the injurious effects of the constant vibration of musical notes upon the delicate machinery of the ear. A man who blows a cornet or a trombone or a horn of any kind for several hours will notice a queer buzzing in his ears. When the playing is kept up every day in the week and every week in the year for a long number of years, it's no wonder that deafness comes. Some musicians play without effort. Their skill is natural. They pour out music as free as breath. But the skill of others is acquired only by hard and constant labor. In addition to their regular playing in band or orchestra they must practice industriously several hours every day. And these are the ones who lose their hearing and drop out of sight unnoticed."—Kansas City Star.

HE GOT NO MONEY.

An Incident in the Boyhood Life of Louis XIII of France.

One day, when the dauphin, afterward Louis XIII, was 5 years old, the Duke of Sully came out to St. Germain well supplied from the treasury with pocket money for the dauphin, says Mrs. Lucy Crump in The Atlantic. The news of the superintendent's arrival set the whole household astir, eager for a share in the expected spoil. Mme. de Montglat hurried the dauphin into the great courtyard of the castle to receive Sully with as much honor as if

THE S. S. LESSON.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, M.

"Parables of the Kingdom." Matt. 13. 24-33. Golden Text. Matt. 13. PRACTICAL NOTES.

Verse 24. The kingdom of heaven likened unto a man which sowed seed in his field. We are to till the seed as already sown when the story begins, and a good and some growth already begun. Key to the explanation of this; see verses 37-39. The sower of seed is the Lord Jesus; the sower of evil is the devil; the seed is human nature, good and bad; the field is the world; human life. But what kingdom of heaven? It is "the kingdom of heaven" in which two petitions of the Lord's are: "Thy kingdom come," and "Thy will be done in earth as it is in heaven." Shall be fulfilled. Salient feat that kingdom. have been ar about to be made plain. From parable we learn that in the ly organization of the spiritual dom, what we call the visible there are persons who do not to it. Other applications made with profit to our classes boys and girls, recognizing the tions of their consciences, will that there was an original so their hearts of good seed—hol tions, impulses, etc. They may little graphic description, be realize the base interference tan, with his false seed. Their ences, like our own, are of con growth, good and bad ap thriving together. But in a life one sort tends to kill the and there is no need to wait final harvest before extirpat tares.

25. While men slept. At night there is no hint that the servants of the farmer were negligent. His

... sowed tares. ... went Satan often does his work in the night and hastens away knowing that seed as well as good will grow. Tares are darnel, which in the stages of growth is not to be distinguished from wheat. So the false Christians are sometimes indistinguishable from real Christians. "Notorious," writes Dr. Tuthill, "many in the Church cannot be distinguished from avowed worldlings."

26. When the blade was sprung and brought forth fruit, then the tares also. The tares were soon after the wheat, but in the grain appeared could the tares be seen. So only by the "fruit" of men's lives can the actors be discerned.

27. Whence then hath it tar can the Church or any portion ever do wrong? Why is evil pe

28. An enemy hath done the conversation is added for pict effect. The farmer knows that tares could have brought the crop. He whose ripe powers are on the destruction of every soul is the great sower of tares, thou then that we go and get up? The question is ignored. 29, 30. Nay. There was a difficulty than even the simile the two plants; their roots closely intertwined that to of the tares would destroy the Our Lord distinctly applies the ble to the development of the heaven on earth. God's n for us to wait not hastily to

brown, from which they had so often seen Him wipe the sweat of toil, there would yet come the crown of unparalleled splendour and of universal dominion. We all know how difficult it is to know anything great or famous; and no wonder that those who had been boys with Christ in the streets of Nazareth, and seen Him in after years in the days of His complete obscurity, should have been very slow to acknowledge Him.

CHRIST'S WONDERFUL MISSION.

I remark, in the first place, Christ is everything in the Bible. I do not care where I open the Bible, I find Jesus. In whatever path I start, I come, after awhile, to the Bethlehem manger. I go back to the old dispensation and see a lamb on the altar and say: "Behold the Lamb of God who taketh away the sin of the world." Then I go and see the manna provided for the Israelites in the wilderness, and I say: "Jesus, the bread of life." Then I look at the rock which was smitten by prophet's rod, and, as the water gushes out, I say: "It is Jesus, the fountain opened for sin and uncleanness." I go back and look at the writings of Job, and I hear him exclaim: "I know that my Redeemer liveth." Then I go to Ezekiel, and I find Christ presented there as "a plant of renown," and then I turn to Isaiah, and Christ is spoken of "as a sheep before her shearers is dumb, so He opens not His mouth." It is Jesus all the way between Genesis and Malachi. Then I turn over to the New Testament, and it is Christ in the parable, it is Christ in the miracle, it is Christ in the Evangelists' story, it is Christ in the Apostles' epistles, and it is Christ in the trumpet peal of the Apocalypse.

I know there are a great many people who do not find Christ in the Bible. Here is a man who studies the Bible as an historian. Well, if you come as an historian, you will find in this book how the world was made, how the seas fled to their places, how empires were established, how nation fought with nation, javelin, ringing against harbegeeon, until the earth was ghastly with the dead. You will see the coronation of princes, the triumph of conquerors, and the world turned upside down, cleft and scarred with great agonies of earthquake, and tempest, and battle. It is a wonderful history, putting to the blush all others in the accuracy of its recital, and in the stupendous events it records. Homer and Thucydides, and Gibbon, could make great stories of little events, but it took a Moses to tell how the heavens and the earth were made in one chapter, and to give the history of thousands of years.

UPON TWO LEAVES.

Then there are others who find nothing in the Bible but the poetry. Well, if you come as a poet, you will find in this book faultless rhythm, and bold imagery, and startling antithesis, and rapturous lyric, and sweet pastoral, and instructive narrative, and devotional psalm-thoughts, expressed in a style more solemn than that of Montgomery, more bold than that of Milton, more terrible than that of Dante, more natural than that of Wordsworth, more impassioned than that of Pollock, more tender than that of Cowper, more weird than that of Spenser. This great poem brings all the gems of the earth into its coronet and it weaves the flames of judgment in its garlands and pours eternal harmonies in its rhythm. Everything this book touches it makes beautiful, from the plain stones of the summer threshing-floor to the daughters of Nabar filling the trough for the camels; and the fish pools of Heshbon; up to the psalmist praising God with diapason of storm and whirlwind, and Job leading forth Orion, Arcturus and the Pleiades. It is a wonderful poem, and a great many people read it as they do Thomas Moore's "Lalla Rookh," and Walter Scott's "Lady of the Lake," and Southey's "Curse of Gehenna,"

declared everlasting war against all other sects; and they want so many broad swords, so many muskets, so many howitzers, so many columbiads, so much grape and canister, so many field pieces, with which to take the field of dispute, for they mean to get the victory though the heavens be darkened with smoke, and the earth rend with the thunder. What do they care about the religion of the Lord Jesus Christ! I have seen some such men come back from an ecclesiastical massacre as proud of their achievement as an Indian warrior boasting of the number of scalps he has taken. I have more admiration for a man who goes forth with his fists to get the championship, than I have for these theological pugilists, who make our theological magazines ring with

THEIR HORRIBLE WARCRY.

There are men who seem to think the only use of the sword of truth is to stick somebody. There is one passage of the Scriptures that they like better than all others, and that is this: "Blessed is the Lord which teacheth my hands to war and my fingers to fight." Woe to us if we come to God's word as controversialists, or as sceptics, or as connoisseurs, or as fault-finders, or merely as poets. Those only get into the heart of God's truth who come seeking for Christ. Welcome all such. They will find, coming out from behind the curtain of prophecy, until He stands in the full light of New Testament disclosures, Jesus the Son of God, the Saviour of the world. They will find Him in genealogical table and chronological calculation, in poetic stanza and in historical narrative, in profound parable and in startling miracle. They will see His foot on every sea, and His tears in the drops of dew on Hermon, and hear His voice in the wind, and behold His words all bloom in the valley between Mount Olivet and Jerusalem. There are some men who come and walk around this temple of truth and merely see the outside. There are others who walk into the porch and then go away. There are others who come in and look at the pictures, but they know nothing what are the chief attractions of the Bible. It is only the man who comes and knocks at the gate, saying—"I would see Jesus"—for him the glories of that book open, and he goes in and finds Christ, and with Him, peace, pardon, life, comfort, and heaven. "All in all is Jesus" in the Bible.

I remark again that Christ is everything in the great plan of redemption. We are slaves; Christ gives deliverance to the captives. We are thirsty; Christ is the river of salvation to slake our thirst. We are hungry; Jesus says, "I am the bread of life." We are condemned to die; Christ says, "Save that man from going down to the pit. I am the ransom." We are tossed on a sea of troubles; Jesus comes over it saying, "It is I, be not afraid." We are in darkness; Jesus says, "I am the bright and morning star." We are sick; Jesus is the balm of Gilead. We are dead; hear the shrouds rend and grave hillocks heave, as He cries, "I am the resurrection and the life, he that believeth in me though he were dead, yet shall he live." We want justification; "being justified by faith, we have peace with God through our Lord Jesus Christ." We want to exercise faith: "Believe in the Lord Jesus Christ, and thou shalt be saved." I want to get from under condemnation: "There is now, therefore, no condemnation to them who are in Christ Jesus." The cross—He carried it. The flames of hell—He suffered them. The shame—He endured it. The crown—he wore it. The heights of heavening it, and worlds of light to worlds of light, all around the heavens cry, "Glory! glory!"

Let us go forth and gather the trophies for Jesus. From Golconda mines we gather the diamonds; from Ceylon banks we gather the pearls; from all lands and kingdoms we

HE GOT NO MONEY.

An Incident in the Boyhood Life of Louis XIII. of France.

One day, when the dauphin, afterward Louis XIII., was 5 years old, the Duke of Sully came out to St. Germain well supplied from the treasury with pocket money for the dauphin, says Mrs. Lucy Crump in *The Atlantic*. The news of the superintendent's arrival set the whole household astir, eager for a share in the expected spoil. Mme. de Monglat hurried the dauphin into the great courtyard of the castle to receive Sully with as much honor as if he had been the king himself. To please the great man the little prince put his enfants d'honneur and other attendants through a drill with their toy arquebuses and swords.

At the end of the show M. de Sully gave the dauphin 50 crowns, which his mock soldiers seized out of his hands so quickly that he had scarce time even to feel them. At last but one piece remained, which he held fast hold of in spite of the efforts of Mme. de Monglat's tailor to get it from him. He—he's trying to take it from me!" shouted the child.

Mme. de Monglat took it, gathered together all the rest of the coins from the reluctant hands of their possessors and kept them all. The dauphin did not complain, but soon after he said, "But I, too, was a soldier, and I didn't get any money."

Herouard always maintained that a certain reluctance to both spend and give, which characterized Louis in later years, was the direct result of Mme. de Monglat's teaching and example.

Poison Ivy.

Bathing with alcohol will prevent injurious effects from poison ivy, or, if the poison has taken effect, wetting the affected part with alcohol, to which sugar of lead has been added, until a milky appearance is obtained will give relief. The wash is poison and for external use only.

A Torturing Suggestion.

The doomed man shuddered. "There will be no music when I march to the scaffold," he asked anxiously.

They reassured him.

"There was a march played when I was married," he muttered. "I—I could not bear to be reminded of that!"—*New York Press*.

The Difference.

Willie—Pa, what's the difference between "insurance" and "assurance?"

Pa—Well, the latter is what the agent has, and the former is what he tries to sell you.—*Philadelphia Press*.

The Voice of Envy.

Upson—They say Miss Muchcash has rented a flat.

Downes (one of the rejected)—Only rented? I heard she'd married him.—*Kansas City Independent*.

Same Rule.

Hewitt—Do you love your second wife as much as you did your first?

Jewett—Just the same. I married sisters—same mother-in-law.—*Town Topics*.

KEPT HER WORD.

Bess—So Jeannette married a farmer! I thought she said she would marry only a man of culture?

Nell—And so she did—a man of agriculture.

A REMEDY.

Cashier—I cannot possibly live on the salary you are paying me!

Employer—H'm! just as I thought! You must give me a bond to-morrow for \$5,000.

conversation is added for pictorial effect. The farmer knows that a rent could have brought this crop. He whose ripe powers are on the destruction of every soul is the great sower of tares, then that we go and gather them then that we go and gather them? The question is ignorant.

29, 30 May. There was a difficulty than even the similar the two plants; their roots were closely intertwined that to get of the tares would destroy the. Our Lord distinctly applies this to the development of the kingdom of heaven on earth. God's me for us to wait, not hastily to questions of character and life, give good as well as evil time to This is a difficult course for a soul to take. Almost any easier than that of patient w and the purer and the more p sive men are, the more impat they of evil. Cowper's nervous "God moves in a mysterious w wonders to perform," draws it note from the strange patience God, who waits by the decade the century for the development Christian graces in the Church allows good and evil to w together, even to the apparent of the good; until the true cha of each is shown and the final tory comes to the good. God teach mankind that there is o safe time to make judgment that is the last hour. Do not until all the testimony is in. reap until the harvest comes. reapers are the angels. Gath together first the tares, and them in bundles to burn them harvest time there is no diff separating the tares from the. Our Lord explains the harvest the end of the world, the const tion of the age, the time of f ision, when nothing shall be the kingdom of heaven but t of the kingdom. We are not plain this parable as referri church discipline so much as development of the ki of God on earth. That dom was to be, as Dr. M says, "a rose amid thorns." t up amid antagonisms, as the two parables set forth.

31. Another parable. Still Lord has the fields in full vie his third story also takes it, and symbols from them. A g mustard seed has remarkable in size when compared with its ness.

32. Is the least of all seeds not needful to prove this sta to be scientifically exact. Jes holding conversation with e folk of Galilee; he was not science to a class of students; talked to them as they were ac ed to talk with one another. I certain to what plant he refer "mustard." The birds of the a and lodge in the branches, that is mentioned to show the size of the tree. The thought is much now concerning the so concerning the seed. God's things always have small begi Ezek. 17:23 has a beautiful a which comes to our mind while ing verse 32.

The first of the three paral study describes the evil growing with the good in the kingdom. The second shows the outward and beneficence of the Gospel hearts of men, and of the do of Christ in the world. This has an individual, as well as a g application. Turning to the th learn that the kingdom of God inwardly. "It spreads in spa increases in bulk; but it tran inert matter into its own nat thus grows by assimilation."—en.

33. Leaven, or yeast, is use symbol of the transforming. The woman seems to have no meaning. Three measures of m mentioned because probably t the quantity most usually leav

E. S. S. LESSON.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, MAY 27.

Scriptures of the Kingdom." Matt. 13. 3-33. Golden Text. Matt. 13. 38. PRACTICAL NOTES.

Verse 24. The kingdom of heaven is sown unto a man which sowed good seed in his field. We are to think of it as already sown when the seed begins, and a good and wholesome growth already begun. For a full explanation of this parable verses 37-39. The sower of wheat is Lord Jesus; the sower of tares is the devil; the seed is human character, good and bad; the field is "the world," human life. But what is the kingdom of heaven? It is "the common human affairs in which those petitions of the Lord's Prayer, 'thy kingdom come,' and 'Thy will be done in earth as it is in heaven,' are fulfilled." Salient features of the kingdom have been and are to be made plain. From this we learn that in the earthly organization of the spiritual kingdom what we call the visible Church, are persons who do not belong to it. Other applications may be made with profit to our classes. Most of our girls, recognizing the monitor of their consciences, will agree there was an original sowing in hearts of good seed—holy impulses, etc. They may, by a graphic description, be made to see the base interference of Satan with his false seed. Their experience, like our own, are of conflicting influences, good and bad apparently joined together. But in personal life no sort tends to kill the other; here is no need to wait for the harvest before extirpating the

While men slept. At nighttime. There is no hint that the servants of the farmer were negligent. His enemy sowed tares. . . . went his way. . . . often does his work in the dark, hastens away knowing that evil as well as good will germinate. . . . are darnel, which in the early stages of growth is not to be readily distinguished from wheat. So counterfeits are sometimes indistinguishable from real Christians. "It is foolish," writes Dr. Tuttle, "that in the Church cannot be discerned from avowed worldlings." When the blade was sprung up, brought forth fruit, then appeared tares also. The tares were sown after the wheat, but not until rain appeared could the difference be seen. So only by the fullness of men's lives can their character be discerned.

Whence then hath it tares? How be Church or any portion of it? An enemy? Why is evil permitted? An enemy hath done this. The reason is added for picturesque. The farmer knows that no accident could have brought this evil. He whose ripe powers are bent on the destruction of every human seed the great sower of tares. Wilt thou then that we go and gather them? Then that we go and gather them. The question is ignorant zeal. 10. Nay. There was a greater similarity than even the similarity of two plants; their roots were so intertwined that to get rid of tares would destroy the wheat. God distinctly applies this parable to the development of the kingdom even on earth. God's method is

once, or because a definite number would make the story more realistic. But the main lessons of the parable are that the quickening influence which is to comfort and transform human nature is to come from without, that this world of men and women cannot of itself develop a kingdom of heaven. It is an exotic. God works in secret. His Spirit comes into the depths of the individual spirit and gradually permeates the whole being. But this cannot be done without a thorough fermentation and stirring up. In another place our Lord says he comes not to bring peace, but a sword; that is, not at first, but eventually he is to bring peace. Till the full indication of the final permeation of the mass with holy influences.

FRUIT EXPERIMENT STATION.

Annual Report—Hardy Fruit Trees Tested in Algoma—Of Interest to Fruit Growers.

The Ontario Department of Agriculture has just issued the annual report of the Fruit Experiment Stations of Ontario, which are under the joint control of the Agricultural College and the Fruit Growers' Association of Ontario. It is as usual replete with matter of practical importance to fruit growers, giving in detail the results of experiments carried on at the fifteen Fruit Experiment stations in the Province. These experiments have resulted in considerably extending the list of fruit varieties known to the people of the province and giving to all interested valuable information as to the particular kinds best suited to the different localities, thereby saving much loss and trouble which would otherwise have resulted in attempting to grow varieties not adapted to the soil or climate. This is more especially the case as regards the Northern part of the province, where fruit growing has been largely a failure, because many of the trees set out were not sufficiently hardy to stand the winter. The Experiment Station at Algoma is doing a needed work in this respect, and the report gives the result of its operations. A report by Mr. A. M. Smith, who made a tour of inspection to several northern districts with a view of ascertaining what fruit could be successfully cultivated in the higher latitudes, furnished some additional data on the subject and will be useful to settlers in New Ontario and other northerly regions. A particularly valuable feature of the report is the first portion of a work by Mr. Linus Woolverton, Secretary of the Ontario Fruit Experiment Stations, descriptive of the different varieties of fruit grown in the province with original and carefully executed life-size illustrations taken from photographs. This when completed will enable anyone to identify the various kinds and furnish details as to their value and qualities. It is intended to make it a reliable guide to all the fruit grown in Ontario, and all pomologists are asked to co-operate by furnishing information or criticism. The extension of the list of late years has made the need for such a publication apparent. The extent of the operations carried on at the fruit experiment stations, may be gauged from the fact that at Burlington station alone there are 225 varieties of fruits. With the opening afforded by the English market, the importance of this too-long neglected branch of production bids fair very largely to increase in the near future.

St. Helena.

St. Helena is a great place for caves and hills. Both abound, particularly the latter. Geologically speaking, the island is largely, if not wholly, volcanic, and a lot of extinct craters are apparent. Some of the pinnacles have queer names, such as Let's Wife, the Man and the Horse, the Asses' Ears, Wolfstart Tom, Old Jean Point Stone

A TRIBUTE TO CANADIANS

WHAT A CHAPLAIN SAYS ABOUT OUR SOLDIERS.

He Was Struck with the Noble Looking Canadians—He Says the General Spent Much of His Time with Them.

The Rev. E. P. Lowry, senior Wesleyan chaplain, with Lord Roberts' army, writes from Jacobsdal:

The bearing alike of officers and men amid the perils and privations of this campaign has won my almost boundless admiration. For the latter, life here is necessarily still more rough than for the former; yet yesterday, when wind and wet were doing their worst to rival the fury of the Boers, those irrepressibles wrapped a waterproof sheet around their shoulders, and sang defiantly till the storm was over. As a night or two ago I trudged through the darkness from Jacobsdal by the side of what seemed an interminable procession of ox-waggons, I learned how rightly men speak of the patient ox. That night many an ox toiled on, neck in yoke, and gave no sign of suffering, till from very weariness, it fell by the wayside and died. But, as I behold it day by day, the patient endurance of the soldier surpasses the patience of the ox.

THE CAPTURE OF CRONJE.

This seems specially true of those who are sorely wounded. Fighting of the fiercest type has been going on for days only a few miles from here. Cronje, they tell us, has been caught like a rat in a trap a little further up the river-bed, and on Monday last actually offered to surrender, with all his force, if only he might do so on his own terms—a condition that could not be consented to—so day by day since then he has forced us to renew the wanton strife; and many a precious life is being flung away to satisfy this stubborn soldier's so-called sense of honour. Yesterday a long convoy arrived bearing our seven hundred sick and wounded men. They were brought for the most part over the rough roads in open waggons, captured from the Boers, from the fatal front, where days before they had been stricken dumb or less severely. They still had a long journey before them, and it so happened that they set out from here in the midst of a thunderstorm; but as I passed from one wagon to another, I found them bearing their miseries as only brave men could. About three hundred of them belonged to the unfortunate Highland Brigade. One of them had been shot through the wrist of his left hand at Magersfontein, and he was now returning shot through the wrist of his right hand. The next, said he, with a gruesome playfulness, will be through the head. Corporal Evans, of the Gloucesters—one of two brothers whose name is much honoured at Aldershot—I found in the midst of this huge convoy stricken with dysentery. The Cornwalls seemed to have suffered almost as heavily in proportion as the Highlanders, and it was to me no small privilege to be permitted to speak a word of Christian solace and good cheer to men from my own country. But I was struck most of all by the number of

NOBLE-LOOKING CANADIANS

among this big batch of wounded soldiers, all of them proudly glorying in being permitted to serve and suffer in the name of so great a Queen, and in defence of so great an Empire. Among them I found Colour-Sergeant Thompson, the son of one of our American

Agricultural

ORNAMENTATION OF FARMYARDS

A farmhouse ought to be comparatively remote from the road. The distance will vary according to the height of the house, the slope of the land, the taste of the builder, and other circumstances; but the distance ought not to be less than three times the height of the house, or more if the ground slopes upward from the street. If the house is put some distance back into the grounds, as is sometimes very desirable, and has an approach of its own, the main view of the house ought still to be given at a distance something greater than three times the height of the house.

A farmyard without some large shade trees is a very unsatisfactory affair. This needs hardly to be mentioned. The more common evil is an over-indulgence of this craving for shade trees; and there are many houses badly shadowed and shut in, and many yards cramped and overcrowded by twice or thrice the number of large trees which the place ought to support. The ax is the remedy for such cases. The remedy is, indeed, very hard to apply to trees which have become old friends, but the improvement will be worth all the sorrow which comes with it. The best way of all is to make such thinning very much earlier in the development of the grounds, and then there is likely to be much less grief in the family.

To produce the rural, naturalistic effect here recommended, there should be a liberal use of shrubs. And for the most part, the common native shrubs of the woods and fields are much superior to the finest exotics. Those things which are so common as to be slightly passed by are often the very best. Buck-berries, snow-berries, alders, elders, dogwoods, wild roses, the flowering raspberry and many others, which are always ready to the hand, should be planted in profusion. If they prove to be too thick, they may be thinned out as a necessity arises. Of course, many of the nurseryman's shrubs are well worth having, and may be added as occasion requires and means permit.

In connection with shrubs, a great many hardy perennials may be used to advantage. Annual flowering plants are not very useful or appropriate in the ordinary front yard, though they may be grown in any quantity in the side borders if desired. Such flowering plants are usually grown for the blossoms themselves rather than for anything they contribute to the general effect; and their end is then best served if they can be cultivated in a separate garden plot, behind the house or at one side, inclosed somewhere, or in connection with the kitchen garden. In this latter situation they are likely to receive better culture and more fertilizer, and to give correspondingly larger crops of finer blossoms.

A fence about the farmyard is frequently a farm necessity, but it need not be a whitewashed picket fence. The less conspicuous it be, the better; and some sort of hedge of arbor vitae, holly, privet or similar materials, is much to be preferred. The chief features to which attention should be directed are the open space in front of the house, the limited number of large trees, and the shrubbery at the sides.

IMPROVING DAIRY ROOMS.

Modern and improved methods of butter making cannot be successfully

An enemy hath bated this. The reason is added for picturesque. The farmer knows that no accident could have brought this evil. He whose ripe powers are bent on destruction of every human is the great sower of tares. Will then that we go and gather them then that we go and gather them. The question is ignorant zeal.

30. Nay. There was a greater utility than even the similarity of two plants; their roots were so intertwined that to get rid of tares would destroy the wheat, and distinctly applies this parable to the development of the kingdom even on earth. God's method is to wait, not hastily to decide on character and life, but to grow as well as evil time to grow, a difficult course for a zealous sower to take. Almost any action is better than that of patient waiting, but the more the progress is made, the more impatient are of evil. Cowper's nervous hymn, "The Sower," moves in a mysterious way His angels to perform," draws its key-note from the strange patience of who waits by the decade and century for the development of the kingdom in the Church; who sows good and evil to work together, even to the apparent peril of good, until the true character of the seed is shown and the final victory comes to the good. God would have mankind that there is only one time to make judgment, and that is the last hour. Do not decide all the testimony is in. Do not wait until the harvest comes. The angels are the angels. Gather ye the first tares, and bind them in bundles to burn them. In the time there is no difficulty in separating the tares from the wheat. The Lord explains the harvest to be the end of the world; the consummation of the age, the time of final decision, when nothing shall be left in the kingdom of heaven but the sons of the kingdom. We are not to expect this parable as referring to the discipline so much as to the present of the kingdom of God on earth. That kingdom was to be, as Dr. McLaren says, "a rose amid thorns," to grow amid antagonisms, as the next parable sets forth.

Another parable. Still our Lord has the fields in full view, and the story also takes its figures from symbols from them. A grain of seed has remarkable growth when compared with its smallness.

Is the least of all seeds. It is careful to prove this statement scientifically exact. Jesus was in conversation with country boys of Galilee; he was not teaching to a class of students. He spoke to them as they were accustomed to talk with one another. It is not a what plant he referred to, but the birds of the air come and eat of the seed. The thought is not so now concerning the sower as in the time of the seed. God's great work always has small beginnings. 17-23 has a beautiful allusion comes to our mind while studying 32.

First of the three parables we describes the evil growing along with the good in the kingdom of God. The second shows the outward growth of the kingdom of the Gospel in the world, and of the dominion of men, and of the dominion of the world. This parable is individual, as well as a general one. Turning to the third, we find that the kingdom of God grows like a mustard seed. "It spreads in space and in time; but it transforms matter into its own nature, and grows by assimilation."—McLaren.

Leaven, or yeast, is used as a symbol of the transforming power. The kingdom seems to have no special measure. Three measures of meal are used because probably that was the quantity most usually leavened at

Burlington station alone there are 225 varieties of fruits. With the opening afforded by the English market, the importance of this too-long neglected branch of production bids fair very largely to increase in the near future.

St. Helena.

St. Helena is a great place for oases and hills. Both abound, particularly the latter. Geologically speaking, the island is largely, if not wholly, volcanic, and a lot of extinct craters are apparent. Some of the pinnacles have queer names, such as Lot's Wife, the Man and the Horse, the Asses' Ears, Holdfast Tom, Old Jean Point, Stone Top, etc.

The only inhabited place is Jamestown, which has a population of about 2,500. It lies in a deep valley surrounded by very high hills. It is not a particularly healthy place. Ladder hill is where the government house is situated. It is so called because of the almost precipitous ladderlike wooden stairs, by which its acclivity of 800 feet has to be scaled.

Nearly four miles inland from Jamestown is an isolated farmhouse, on an elevated plateau about 2,000 feet above the sea. This is Longwood, where Napoleon lived from 1815 until he died there. In 1821. The house is a long, low, whitewashed, fairly trim building, with extensive outhouses, some rather fine old trees and a good bit of decent farm land.

Black Coats.

An English clergyman, rather pompous of manner, according to Spare Moments, was fond of chatting with a witty chimney sweep.

Once, when the minister returned from his summer holidays, he happened to meet his youthful acquaintance, who seemed to have been at work.

"Where have you been?" asked the clergyman.

"Sweeping the chimneys at the vicarage," was the boy's answer.

"How many chimneys are there, and how much do you get for each?" was the next question.

The sweep said there were 20 chimneys and that he was paid a shilling apiece.

The clergyman, after thinking a moment, looked at the sweep in apparent astonishment. "You have earned a great deal of money in a little time," he remarked solemnly, wondering, probably, what the sooty fellow would reply.

"Yes," said the sweep, throwing his bag over his shoulder as he started away. "We who wear black coats get our money very easily!"

Poor Consolation.

The following story is told in "The Recollections of Sir Algernon West."

One pouring wet night Lowe missed his umbrella from the cloakroom in the house of commons, where he had carefully put it away under the letter "L." He interrogated the custodian, Mr. Coe, who told him Sir E. Lytton had taken it. "I told him it was yours," he said, "and Sir Edward said that if he found that it was when he got home he would send it back in the morning."

The Real Thing.

Daisy (taking her first meal in the country)—Mamma, what is the matter with this currant jelly?

Mamma (in a whisper)—Hush, dear! It's real currant jelly.—Chicago Tribune.

Improving Each Shining Hour.

"That little boy seems as busy as a bee."

"Yes; he has hives."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

person—I found in the midst of this huge convoy stricken with dysentery. The Cornwalls seemed to have suffered almost as heavily in proportion as the Highlanders, and it was to me no small privilege to be permitted to speak a word of Christian solace and good cheer to men from my own country. But I was struck most of all by the number of

NOBLE-LOOKING CANADIANS.

among this big batch of wounded soldiers, all of them proudly glorying in being permitted to serve and suffer in the name of so great a Queen, and in defence of so great an Empire. Among them I found Colour-Sergeant Thompson, the son of one of our American Methodist ministers, the Rev. James Thompson. Resting against the inner side of a waggon-wheel was a most gentlemanly Canadian shot through the throat, and quite unable to swallow any solids. To him, as to several others, I was privileged to carry a large cup of life-renewing milk. Lying on another waggon was a middle-aged Canadian shot through the mouth, apparently unable at present to swallow anything without pain; but he begged me, if possible, to buy him some cigarettes that he might have the solace of a smoke; but there is nothing of any kind on sale within miles of this camp, and cigarettes of my own I have not yet begun to carry; though I always have with me the silver match-box thoughtfully given me by an Aldershot jeweller that I might now and then light a weary soldier on his way.

A FRENCH CANADIAN.

The cigarette, however, was not long sought for in vain; and a word of Christian greeting was made none the less welcome by the gift. Lying by this man's side was a wounded French-Canadian, who could scarcely speak in English, but had come from far to defend the Empire that claimed him also as a loyal son; and yet another sufferer told me that he had come from Vancouver, a distance of eleven thousand miles, to risk, or if need be, to lay down his life for her who is his Queen as well as ours. As, in the name of the Motherland, I thanked these men for thus rallying around our common flag in the hour of peril, and tenderly urged them to be as loyal to the Christ as to their Queen, the meaning look and hearty hand-grip spoke more eloquently to me than any words. In almost every case the responsive heart was there. Of these Canadians—the first contingent—our generals speak in terms of highest praise; but already some twenty have been killed and nearly seventy severely wounded. The Dominion mourns to-day her heroic dead as we mourn ours. They sleep side by side beneath these burning sands; but thus are forged the more than golden chains which bind the hearts of a widely-scattered race to the common throne around which we all are rallying.

SOMETHING NEW.

A new mode of ornamenting the hair is that of placing a large bunch of flowers, high up on the right side, while a small bunch of the same flowers rests almost on the brow at the left.

INFORMATION WANTED.

She—I know, Alfred, I have my faults.

He—Oh, certainly.

She, angrily—Indeed? Perhaps, you'll tell me what they are?

GOT EVEN WITH THEM.

Novelist—Those confounded critics slated my new novel most unmercifully.

Friend—Well, you have your revenge. They had to read the book.

WHAT ARTHUR MEANT.

Miss Gushington—Oh, papa, do you remember the meaning of different names? Now, William means good. I wonder what Arthur means?

Papa, severely—I hope Arthur means business, Matilda.

linzer, and to give correspondingly larger crops of finer blossoms.

A fence about the farmyard is frequently a farm necessity, but it need not be a whitewashed picket fence. The less conspicuous it is, the better; and some sort of hedge of arbor vitae, holly, privet or similar materials, is much to be preferred. The chief features to which attention should be directed are the open space in front of the house, the limited number of large trees, and the shrubbery at the sides.

IMPROVING DAIRY ROOMS.

Modern and improved methods of butter making cannot be successfully carried out unless the surroundings are suitable. Ventilation and coolness are two of the prime requisites for a dairy room, and its architecture must be planned accordingly. We know of an out-of-door cellar laid up with stone in mortar and with a cement floor that keeps cool through hot weather without the employment of ice. It is kept well ventilated by screened windows, no vegetables are allowed to be stored therein, and a tool house possessing a double floor was erected overhead.

If your dairy house or room sets wholly above the ground, other means must be taken to keep it cool. Even should the Swedish method of creaming, or a hand separator be employed, a surrounding temperature of 60 degrees or below ought to be maintained in the room. In the absence of ice or running water, the floor and walls may be sprinkled several times daily with cold water fresh from the well. Double walls, together with window shutters, will do much to exclude outside heat. The building should be shaded, either by another and larger structure, or by trees. A little dairy house may be set in a grove of trees to great advantage.

HARROWING SOD LAND.

To obtain the most satisfactory results in harrowing a piece of newly turned sod ground, where the plowing is a lap furrow, it should be harrowed the same way of the plowing. If the plow has left the sod kinked up in places, or the sod does not lie down as flat and close as it should, it will pay to go over the whole surface with a field roller. This not only presses the uneven surface down smoothly, but leaves the ground in better shape with once harrowing than if harrowed twice without rolling.

PRETORIA.

The town of Pretoria nestles among hedges of roses which grow everywhere in wild profusion, and streams of clear water flow down the sides of the broad streets, which are laid out in straight lines.

A BIG ESTATE.

The Czar has one estate which covers over 160,000,000 acres, more than 3 times as large as England, and he has another estate which is more than twice the size of Scotland.

FINE HARBOR.

Delagoa Bay is the finest natural harbor in South Africa. It has a length of nearly 70 miles from north to south, and a width varying from 16 to 25 miles.

CORRECT.

Small Willie, after eating two pieces of pie at dinner, asked for a third. Why Willie, said his father, you must not eat so much, or people will call you a pig. You know what a pig is, don't you? Yes, sir, replied the precocious youngster. A pig is a hog's little boy.

BLUES



Ever have them?

Then we can't tell you anything about them. You know how dark everything looks and how you are about ready to give up. Somehow, you can't throw off the terrible depression.

Are things really so blue? Isn't it your nerves, after all? That's where the trouble is. Your nerves are being poisoned from the impurities in your blood.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

purifies the blood and gives power and stability to the nerves. It makes health and strength, activity and cheerfulness.

This is what "Ayer's" will do for you. It's the oldest Sarsaparilla in the land, the kind that was old before other Sarsaparillas were known.

This also accounts for the saying, "One bottle of Ayer's is worth three bottles of the ordinary kind."

\$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

Write the Doctor.

If you have any complaint whatever and desire the best medical advice you can possibly receive, write the doctor freely. You will receive a prompt reply, without cost. Address, Dr. J. C. Ayer, Lowell, Mass.

The Napanee Express

OUR OTTAWA LETTER.

Ottawa, May 19th:—Whether it is the effect of that atmosphere of scandal and general political crookedness in which the Tory party lived and moved and had its being for many years prior to its loss of power, or whether there is some other cause, it appears to be a fact that Conservatives are never so happy as when they are mixed up in some kind of an unsavory transaction, either engaged in it in their own interests or concocting one with which to discredit their opponents. Each session since the present Government took office some stupendous sensation has been carefully prepared for the delectation of the public and parade in parliament, in the press, or on the platform, with all the appropriate accompaniments of a brass band and fire works. At one time it was the Drummond County Railway

now "trafficking" in mining leases and liquor permits in the frozen north; but in every single instance, and without even one exception, investigations have shown that there has been absolutely nothing in any way reprehensible in the policy of the government or in the actions of its members or subordinates, and in more than one case those who have been most active in making the disturbance have been compelled to specifically retract the charges that they have so recklessly made.

THE WEST HURON AFFAIR.

We have this week experienced a particularly glaring instance of this unfortunate failing. Twelve months ago last February a bye election was held in West Huron, and Mr. Robert Holmes was elected as a Government supporter. By the middle of March the Conservative party became possessed of certain information upon which they professed to believe that a great deal of crookedness had contributed to Mr. Holmes' success. It was nearly four months later however or within a month of the close of an exceptionally long and wearisome session before the matter was brought to the attention of the House in any way, shape or form. Then Mr. Borden, of Halifax, brought the matter up and demanded an inquiry before the Committee on Privileges and Elections. Although this was the least satisfactory method of dealing with the charges it appeared to be the only one available at that late date and the government at once granted the request, and gave every facility to the Opposition although events proved that it was money thrown away inasmuch as they had no material evidence to give.

SURELY THIS WAS SUFFICIENT

to satisfy any reasonable man of the government's anxiety to unearth and punish any wrong-doing that might have occurred, but they went further and consented to allow the matter to stand over until another session in case developments might occur in the meantime. Again parliament met but it was weeks before anything was heard of the matter, and when it was again brought before the House it was done in such a way as to make it a foregone conclusion that the government would be compelled to refuse the demand for an inquiry. The Opposition having by their own neglect, intentional or otherwise, lost all reasonable opportunity of having the matter disposed of during the session, demanded all kinds of special departures from the recognized modes of procedure, which the government very properly declined to concede. Then all the new evidence they could produce, and such evidence was understood to be a *sine qua non* of further proceedings, was a number of

EXTRAORDINARY AFFIDAVITS

from an alleged agent of the Liberal party in the riding, a man who had been convicted of various offences, who was a self confessed liar and perjurer, and whose word under oath would not be accepted in any court in the land. There was no attempt to offer corroboration of this man's affidavit but on the other hand the government had a score of affidavits from well known and reputable citizens in answer thereto. In spite of all this the Opposition with great show of sincerity demanded the continuance of the investigation, ignoring the fact that they had neglected to have that investigation

Hood's Pills

Are prepared from Nature's mild laxatives, and while gentle are reliable and efficient. They

Rouse the Liver

Cure Sick Headache, Biliousness, Sour Stomach, and Constipation. Sold everywhere, 25c. per box. Prepared by C.L. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

larly as he has not benefited personally therefrom. The principle that some measure of relief should be granted is accepted on both sides of the House, but the Opposition,—always generous with the public funds when they have no responsibility to the country,—desires to wipe out the entire indebtedness and release the principals, as well as their securities. At the present time however the government considers that its proposal goes as far as is equitable in the public interest.

A REAL HEART CHAMBER.

Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart Rends the Disease Clouds and Brings the Sunshine of Health in 30 Minutes.

The boon of quick relief is abundantly realized in the use of Dr. Agnew's Cure for the heart. In many cases where the patient has been considered by physicians in attendance as beyond all hope of saving, this wonderful remedy has a charmed effect, and there is no case recorded, no matter how absolutely hopeless it appears, that this great Heart Cure has not given relief inside of thirty minutes and worked ultimate and speedy cure when persisted in. Sold by Detlor & Wallace.

THE GREEN MADNESS.

A TALK ON ABSINTH BY ONE WHO NOTED ITS EFFECTS.

How the Seductive and Destructive French Drink Acts on the Man Who Becomes a Slave to Its Peculiar Fascination.

"Absinth!" exclaimed the old major, who is one of the fixtures of the quaint little restaurant where good fellowship has made the 30 cent table d'hôte a sort of club, especially of Saturday nights. "What do I think of absinth?" he repeated, addressing the young man who had asked the question. "Why, I think it's very much like any other liqueur—no better, no worse; one-third alcohol, two-thirds water, a little flavoring, and there you are. Drink enough of it, and it will make you drunk. Keep that up long enough, and it will make you crazy. The same thing would happen if you selected maraschino or chartreuse or straight whisky. But as far as any peculiar, diabolical, brain softening effects are concerned, that's mainly moonshine. The Parisians have the best way of drinking it. You have been in Paris, eh? Then of course you know 'the green hour' and remember how the boulevardier fills up his goblet from the carafe until there is nothing left of the spoonful of absinth but an opalescent gleam when the sun happens to strike it at the right angle. I dare say the stuff does him no good, but I doubt emphatically whether it does him any particular harm. What do you think about it, senior?"

The senior, who is really an American and gets his title by reason of his dark complexion and the fact that he makes a living translating Spanish invoices for ships and shippers, hesitated before replying. "I am sorry to disagree with you, major," he said slowly, "but I have

SAT

at 8 o'clock equalled in Napa

SILK

MAD

BEAR THIS are not

A GREAT MI

ery stock has been l Last week we bough the largest milliner exceptionally bargai

50 TRIMME

25 TRIMME

30 TRIMME

UNTRIMMED

Hats for 75c

Just in the mi an offer, we did it an

wide Fancy R qualities, all shades, value.

BLOUSE WAI

some of the low pric but seeing is believin 10 dozen Blou Collars, most up-to-d 75c lines.

15 dozen Sup stripes, separate colla New Pique Co new White Lawn Wa

WHITE PIQU

not get near these lo Linen Skirts c Special value Flounce, 75c each.

A LAST V

ing so. We invite y your friends here—h

are never so happy as when they are mixed up in some kind of an unsavory transaction, either engaged in it in their own interests or concocting one with which to discredit their opponents. Each session since the present Government took office some stupendous sensation has been carefully prepared for the delectation of the public and parade in parliament, in the press, or on the platform, with all the appropriate accompaniments of a brass band and fire works. At one time it was the Drummond County Railway "deal" at another it was the Yukon "steal," now it is "boodling" in connection with the Intercolonial and

was a self confessed liar and perjurer, and whose word under oath would not be accepted in any court in the land. There was no attempt to offer corroboration of this man's affidavit but on the other hand the government had a score of affidavits from well known and reputable citizens in answer thereto. In spite of all this the Opposition with great show of sincerity demanded the continuance of the investigation, ignoring the fact that they had neglected to have that investigation before the properly constituted law courts of the land, although they were in possession of all the evidence they now profess to have, and it was most interesting and edifying to notice the fine paroxysms of holy indignation into which Oppositionists worked themselves when the government very properly declined to consent to any further waste of public time and money. The session is now nearly four months old. When will the Opposition stop talking balderdash and get down to business? They are making a huge mistake in supposing that this sort of nonsense is benefiting them in the country. The people are not the fools they take them for.

SIMPLIFYING THE LAW.

A short bill of considerable importance to the settlers in the Northwest has been introduced by Hon. Mr. Sutherland, to amend the Northwest Land Titles Act of 1894. As the law now stands executions against land have to be recorded with the registrar, but no provision is made for similarly recording discharges or renewals of writs. The consequence is that the record books in the different land titles offices in the Territories continue to show large numbers of writs recorded from time to time since 1887, when the Torrens system of registration came into force, many of which have expired for want of renewal, or have been paid off. The first two clauses of Mr. Sutherland's bill provide for the registration of renewals of writs and of the discharges. By the third clause provision is made for simplifying the confirmation of sales of lands for taxes, where the person who originally claimed the land has never opposed the sale or the application to confirm it. Since the bill has been introduced by the minister several important further amendments have been suggested and these are receiving the careful consideration of the Department and of the Government.

SEED GRAIN INDEBTEDNESS.

Another useful measure also in Mr. Sutherland's charge is one dealing with the liabilities of the farmers in the west for seed grain supplied to them by the Government. For years it has been the regulation for any farmer receiving a supply of seed grain to give a bond for the amount of his indebtedness, having thereon not only his own name as principal, but the name of two other farmers as security. In the process of time matters have got somewhat complicated, many of the securities have become worthless, and innumerable cases exist where the liabilities which have been incurred in all good faith by honest, thrifty and industrious settlers have become a serious incubus. The amendment to the existing law proposed by Mr. Sutherland will release the securities, leaving the original beneficiary alone responsible on the bonds. This of course will mean some loss to the public treasury, but the loss to the individual farmer if the terms of the bond were enforced would be a far more serious matter to him, particu-

remember how the benevolent has up his goblet from the carafe until there is nothing left of the spoonful of absinth but an opalescent gleam when the sun happens to strike it at the right angle. I dare say the stuff does him no good, but I doubt emphatically whether it does him any particular harm. What do you think about it, senator?"

The senator, who is really an American and gets his title by reason of his dark complexion and the fact that he makes a living translating Spanish invoices for ships and shippers, hesitated before replying. "I am sorry to disagree with you, major," he said slowly, "but I believe that absinth does produce an effect upon the brain entirely different and infinitely more terrible than any other intoxicant commonly drank. I believe," he continued, with his eyes fixed on a pellet of bread which he was kneading between his fingers, "that it leads to a gradual decay of the faculties, ending in complete idiocy."

"Of course I am not referring to the man who takes an occasional absinth frappe or an absinth annisette, but to the steady absinth tippler who must have at least two or three drinks of it every day. Why the stuff should be so peculiarly destructive I don't pretend to say, but I am convinced that it effects some mysterious change in the brain tissue itself, the end of which, as I said before, is helpless idiocy, the most appalling fate that can possibly overtake a human being. My opinion is based on considerable observation, but more especially upon the experience of a young man with whom I was once on terms of close intimacy."

"This friend of mine," the translator went on, "had made absinth a necessity before he was really aware that he had contracted a habit. He was what is called a moderate drinker who aided himself upon never being intoxicated, and as he liked the peculiar taste of the liqueur he drifted into the practice of drinking it, to quote his own words, 'instead of something stronger.' He believed, like you, major, that there was no special harm in the stuff and that it was not much more than flavored water."

"Well, he had been keeping that up for perhaps three years, steadily increasing the daily tipples, when one night a very curious thing happened to him. As he described it to me afterward, he was walking along Canal street with an ac-

WHITE PIQUE

not get near these lovely
Linen Skirts 9
Special value.
Flounce, 75c each.

A LAST V

ing so. We invite you
your friends here—ha

quaintance, chatting on trivial subjects when suddenly he found himself entirely different part of the city companion was still by his side, pleasantly, and there was absolute sense of transition. It was as if closed his eyes on one spot and them on another a dozen blocks and I need hardly say to you that shocked and startled beyond all vision.

"He realized that there had been terval, but how long it had lasted what had happened in the meant had no idea. A wave of oblivion nearly as I can express it, had backward in his brain and wiped events of at least half an hour, you might pass a sponge over a By mere chance the other man observe his agitation, and after a late effort he calmed himself and the thread of the talk again."

"This horrible lapse was the many others, which gradually more and more frequent. At first friend did not attribute them to absinth, but when he attempted to s liqueur they increased so alarming were accompanied by such a nervous collapse as to leave no do to the connection between the s and the habit. For nearly a year he in a perfect inferno. Sometimes he go for several weeks without an

Tested and Tried For 25 Years

Would you feel perfectly safe to put all your money in a new bank? One you have just heard of? But how about an old bank? One that has done business for over a quarter of a century? One that has always kept its promises? One that never failed; never misled you in any way? You could trust such a bank, couldn't you?

SCOTT'S EMULSION

of COD-LIVER OIL WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES is just like such a bank. It has never disappointed you, never will. It has never deceived you, never will.

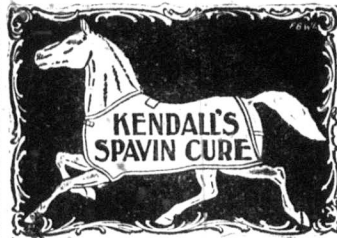
Look out that someone does not try to make you invest your health in a new tonic, some new medicine you know nothing of.

50c. and \$1.00; all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto.



OFFICE OF THE NA

Don't Guess At Results.



This man knows what he did and how he did it. Such endorsements as the following are a sufficient proof of its merits.

Oshawa, Minn., Feb. 22, 1898.
Dear Sirs:—Please send me one of your Treatise on the Horse, your new book as advertised on your bottles, English print. I have cured two Spavins and one Curb with two bottles of your Kendall's Spavin Cure in four weeks.

FRANK JUBERIEN.

Price, \$1; six for \$5. As a liniment for family use it has no equal. Ask your druggist for KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE, also "A Treatise on the Horse," book free, or address

DR. J. B. KENDALL CO., ENOSBURG FALLS, VT.

CURE ALL YOUR PAINS WITH

Pain-Killer.

A Medicine Ghost in Itself.

Simple, Safe and Quick Cure for

GRAMPS, DIARRHOEA, COUGHS,
COLDS, RHEUMATISM,
NEURALGIA.

25 and 50 cent Bottles.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

BUY ONLY THE GENUINE

PERRY DAVIS'

ROBERT LIGHT

MANUFACTURER AND
DEALER IN

Lumber, Doors, Sash,
Blinds and Mouldings.

Bee Hives and Section
ALWAYS IN STOCK.

Orders Solicited.

FACTORY. Richard St.,
Napanee.

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 26th

at 8 o'clock will start the selling of a new lot of bargains. Bargains in the lines offered not equalled in Napanee for many years.

SILKS, RIBBONS, TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED MILLINERY.

MADE UP SKIRTS, WRAPPERS, UNDERWEAR, DRESS GOODS.

BEAR THIS IN MIND—We never urge customers to buy—and if you do make a purchase and are not pleased with it when you take it home, bring it back and get your money.

A GREAT MILLINERY EVENT Our large New Millinery stock has been liberally augmented by a lucky purchase. Last week we bought the entire sample outfit of Hats from the largest millinery house in Canada and the following exceptionally bargains are the result:

50 TRIMMED HATS, new shapes and styles at \$1.95 each. Regular value \$3.00.

25 TRIMMED HATS, new shapes, new styles, at \$2.50, regularly worth from \$3.50 to \$4.50.

30 TRIMMED HATS, very latest designs at \$3, regular values from \$4.50 to \$6.00.

UNTRIMMED HATS, the 50c, 75c and \$1.00 kind for 25c and 50c.

Hats for 75c and \$1.00, regular \$1.25 to \$2.00 kind.

A GREAT SILK BARGAIN Two special lots added to stock, together with goods here are interesting.

300 YARDS fancy Blouse Silks, the 50c, 60c and 75c quality, your pick 39c.

250 YARDS heavy, fine quality Taffeta Silks, in all the newest shades and fancies, regular dollar goods for 69c.

400 YARDS extra wide Japanese Silks, regular 60c quality, here for 39c.

500 YARDS wide fine Satins, best 60c quality ever sold, for this sale 38c.

100 REMNANTS of Silk in lengths from 1/2 yd to 1 1/2 yds at half price.

A RIBBON BARGAIN

Just in the midst of the season a large millinery house found itself with too many Ribbons. We were asked to make an offer, we did it and the Ribbons are here.

ONE THOUSAND YARDS,

wide Fancy Ribbons, just the millinery requisite, also for Ties and Belts. 50c qualities, all shades, 25c the yard. 30c qualities, all shades, 15c the yard. We state the case briefly, but you require to see the goods to appreciate the wonderful value.

ONE CASE LACE FICHUS.

50 and 75c lines all in two lots 20 and 35c each.

BLOUSE WAISTS & SKIRTS It sounds like a fairy tale some of the low prices we quote when quality is considered, but seeing is believing, we freely invite inspection.

10 dozen Blouse Waists, fine English Prints, separate Collars, most up-to-date styles, all sizes, 50c each, regular 75c lines.

15 dozen Superior Print Blouse Waists, new idea stripes, separate collar, 75c, regular \$1.00 goods.

New Pique Cord Waists, new French Muslin Waists, new White Lawn Waists \$1.00 and \$1.25.

WHITE PIQUE SKIRTS 90c. Even the far away stores do not get near these low prices: Fine Skirts \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50.

Linen Skirts 90c and up.

Special value white Underskirts with wide Emb. Flounce, 75c each.

100 DOZ. SPOOLS 2 1/2c EACH This is a special lot of fine soft 6 cord 200 yard machine Cotton Thread, all numbers, Black and White.

10 DOZ. BLACK SILK GLOVES 12 1/2c pr. mostly in small sizes 5 3/4, 6, 6 1/2.

10 DOZ. LADIES HALF SLEEVE VESTS 2 for 25c. This is a special bargain lot. Also 5c, 7c and 10c

A BARGAIN IN WRAPPERS Just a one hundred lot. We lay them out as follows: At 50c, worth 75c to \$1.00. At 75c, worth \$1.00 to \$1.25. At \$1.00, worth \$1.50 to \$1.75. At \$1.25, worth \$1.75 to \$2.50.

Come quick, these won't be with us past Saturday week

A LAST WORD

The hundred and one things not enumerated in our ads are here just the same, and at money saving prices too. Everything is cheaper here and we don't argue you into thinking so. We invite your inspection, use your own judgment, bring samples and compare. We will help you—rest here—meet your friends here—have your parcels sent here—this store is yours—use it

WHITE PIQUE SKIRTS 90c. Even the far away stores do not get near these low prices: Fine Skirts \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50. Linen Skirts 90c and up. Special value white Underskirts with wide Emb. Flounce, 75c each.

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W. MOWAT & CO., CHEAPSIDE. NAPANEE.

nee, chatting on trivial subjects, suddenly he found himself in a different part of the city. His ion was still by his side, talking ly, and there was absolutely no transition. It was as if he had his eyes on one spot and opened d another a dozen blocks away, ed hardly say to you that he was and startled beyond all expres-

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horrible lapse was the first of thers, which gradually became id more frequent. At first my id not attribute them to the ab- at when he attempted to stop the they increased so alarmingly and , accompanied by such a shocking collapse as to leave no doubt as connection between the seizures habit. For nearly a year he lived fect inferno. Sometimes he would several weeks without an attack,

then two or three would follow in quick succession and doubt as to what had happened in the last interval kept him in a state of incessant and agonized apprehension.

"One day he met an old friend, who abruptly refused his hand and told him never again to speak to him or any member of his family. He never knew what had occasioned the rebuff and never dared to ask, but that it was due to something that had occurred during one of his dreadful scissions of memory was sufficiently obvious. I will not tire you with further details. Suffice it to say that the tormented man finally gathered together enough fortitude to put himself into an asylum, where the habit was broken, but with a shock that left him virtually a wreck.

"Those are the facts of the case, and they illustrate fairly well the peculiar, insidious, brain destroying qualities of the drink. Moderate or occasional indulgence may not be specially harmful, but heaven help the man to whom it becomes indispensable! He has set his foot on a dark road, and that way madness lies."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Men are not vain, of course. The average man carries a little mirror in his vest pocket only to lend to women who want to know whether their hats are on straight.—Somerville Journal.

She Would Not Tell Her Name.

She had just come up from Mississippi to "hire out" in Memphis, and all of her friends at home promised to write to her. After the new of the city wore off and the ache of homesickness began to make itself felt, she went to the "general delivery" at the postoffice to inquire for her mail. She still had her moss grown suspicion of "town folks" and their dark and devious ways, so she marched aggressively up to the general delivery window and demanded, "Any letter here for me?"

"What is your name?" asked the clerk. "Tain't none of yo' business whut my name is!" she responded indignantly, and without further parley she left the post-office, angrily muttering to herself, "I ain't gwine to tell that white man what my name is. Lak to know whut business 'tis o' hisn whut my name is." The cautious old body didn't hear from home that day.—Memphis Scimitar.

Followed Instructions.

It was a little Hancock county girl who, after rushing through her evening prayer so rapidly that the words were scarcely intelligible, while yet kneeling, looked up and softly said:

"Mamma, I couldn't help saying my prayer fast, for I was going to hiccough, and you know what is said on my Sunday school card about praying without ceasing, and so I didn't want to stop."

"All Dunlop Tires in 1900"

When you hire a wheel from the Bicycle Livery look at the tires.

If they are Dunlop Tires then you can rest assured the wheel has a good pedigree in its every part.

Dunlop Tires on all good wheels.



"The only tools."

The Dunlop Tire Co., Limited,
Toronto.
Montreal. Winnipeg. St. John.



AS PRETTY AS A PICTURE— WALLPAPERS, BORDERS AND CEILINGS.

A few Job Lots at Half Price.

ART CURTAINS, *Guaranteed to give satisfaction.*

Have You seen our 15c Curtains?

THE POLLARD COMPANY, LIMITED.

OFFICE OF THE NAPANEE EXPRESS.

DUNDAS STREET, NAPANEE.

SEEDS. SEEDS

All kinds of **FIELD AND GARDEN SEEDS**, including many new varieties.

Seeds the best we can buy.

Prices the Lowest

at which good Seeds can be sold.

TAYLOR & McKIM.

NEW PLANING MILL AND LUMBER YARD.

Now in full operation. All kinds Lumber, Sash, Doors and Blinds. Custom work done on shortest notice. Get our prices before buying. Mr. Embury is prepared to draw plans for parties wanting them.

Madole & Wilson.

CANNED GOODS!

Given below is a small list of Canned Goods "in stock".....

Pork and Beans, Maple Leaf Brand.
French Red Kidney Beans.
Epicure Baked Beans in Tomato Sauce.
Red Cross Brand Pork and Beans.
Heinz's Baked Beans in Tomato Sauce.
Log Cabin Baked Beans.
Log Cabin Sweet Corn.
Log Cabin Sweet Peas.
McLean's Sweet Peas.

Sifan's Sweet Peas.
Log Cabin Corn, extra quality.
Epicure Choice Sweet Corn.
Epicure Chicken Soup.
Tomatoes, superior quality.
Boneless Duck.
Boneless Chicken.
Kipperd Herring, plain.
Kipperd Herring in Tomato Sauce.

and many other lines, far too numerous to mention.

W. COXALL

BIG DISCOUNT SALE!

We have decided to offer our whole stock of Cloth, Tweeds and Suitings at 20 per cent. discount for the next 30 days. The stock is clean and complete and has been bought before the rise, and intending buyers will find it to their advantage to give us a call before placing their orders. Suits made to order on the shortest notice. Now is your opportunity to get cheap goods.

T. G. DAVIS & CO.

441y

NOTICE—TUITION.

Mrs. Jarvis is prepared to take Pupils in Music and French. Terms on application.

NOTICE—NURSING.

Miss Grasswell is prepared to undertake monthly nursing at shortest notice. Apply at MRS. STEVENS, over Dominion Bank. References, Dr. Vrooman and Dr. Leonard.

TO RENT—THE CORNER STORE in the Leonard Block, in the town of Napanee, was occupied by J. J. Kerr as a Dry Goods establishment. Possession any time after March 1st, 1900. Apply to

ALFRED KNIGHT.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage, which mortgage will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale, by public Auction, by Hiram

A. S. ASHLEY,

.....DENTIST.....

40 YEARS EXPERIENCE

—12 YEARS IN NAPANEE

Rooms above Mowat's Dry Goods Store, Napanee.

R. A. LEONARD, M.D., C.P.S.

Physician, Surgeon, etc.

Late House Surgeon of the Kingston General Hospital.

Office—North side of Dundas Street, between West and Robert Streets, Napanee. 51y

HERRINGTON & WARNER

Barristers, etc.

MEN OF MARK.

Lord Salisbury is increasing in stoutness and recently tipped the beam at 263 pounds.

Archbishop Ireland is a man of many tastes, chief among which is that for law, which study he has pursued for several years.

President McKinley drank no wine at the recent Ohio society banquet. He turned his glass down at the beginning of the feast.

Ex-Congressman John Davis of the Fifth Kansas district has gone totally blind. He was one of the founders of the Populist party and served two terms in congress.

Salvini, the famous Italian tragedian, now 72 years old, is acting in St. Petersburg, his first appearance there for 20 years. He is said to have created great enthusiasm.

Brisbin Skiles of Gap, Lancaster county, Pa., though 84 years old, still makes good his claim to the title "the king of fox hunters," which was bestowed upon him many years ago.

Senator Hoar's jokes take a classic turn. He recently declined a dinner invitation on the ground that after dining he spoke only Greek, while he knew his host understood only Persian.

Dr. Charles W. Dabney, president of the University of Tennessee, has received notice from the French government of his appointment as a member of the committee on international awards at the Paris exposition.

Alfred Beit, the South African millionaire, is reported to have bought a suit of old furniture for \$350,000, which is abundant evidence that Mr. Beit is not paying the expenses of a war waged largely on his account.

Sir William McCormac, the chief consulting surgeon to the British forces in South Africa, receives a salary of £5,000 a year. Dr. A. Conan Doyle, who volunteered to go as registrar to the Langman field hospital, receives no pay.

Giles F. Filley, who recently died in St. Louis, gave up his whole fortune, nearly \$1,500,000, a few years ago to meet the notes of a friend which he had indorsed, although he might have taken advantage of the bankruptcy laws.

Ex-Senator Philetus Sawyer of Wisconsin recently sold his last piece of property in Washington and now owns only a trifling bit of suburban acreage. He takes a keen interest in Washington affairs and is extremely well posted on what is going on.

Senator Vest recently sent a newspaper clipping to the secretary to be read to the house. The latter got the wrong side of the clipping, and instead of an editorial on the money question began: "Ridiculous! We are giving away these goods at half price." "The other side!" cried Mr. Vest.

Calvin Fenton Fargo, who recently died in San Francisco at the age of 80, was a "forty-niner." He was a cousin of Governor Fenton and a native of Batavia, N.Y. He lived in Paris for 15 years, returning to California in 1865. He was a bachelor and left his large fortune to his niece, the wife of Dr. George Taylor Stuart of New York city.

Could not Pull the Throttle

When a reliable gentleman like Mr. Thomas Simmons, of Chafey's Locks, Ont., steamboat engineer, comes forward on his own account and adds his testimony to the value of



"Every Man is the Architect of His Fate"

"An architect designs, and are executed by a builder. The builder of health is Hood's Sarsaparilla. It lays a firm foundation. It blood, the basis of life, pure. Be an architect of your fortune. Hood's as your health builder.

Headaches—"I was coming down and was troubled with and dizziness and pains in my took Hood's Sarsaparilla which time entirely cured me." Mrs. tertion, Orangeville, Ontario.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappears

PUT THE WAITER TO THE

Experience in Hotels That Drummer How to Deal With

A large man with a jolly, smug visage walked into a restaurant business district and ordered a creole. In due time it arrived deposited piping hot on his table upon the large man proceeded to napkin under his collar and ate with a quiet gusto that was rating to witness. He had perhaps a third and was working steadily through the remainder waiter sauntered up from behind leaned confidentially over his shoulder. "Steak all right, sir?" he asked in a tone of professional solicitude.

"Eh," exclaimed the large man startled, "what's that?" "I just asked whether the steak right," replied the waiter.

The large man laid down his fork. "What do you think is it with it?" he inquired in an undertone.

"Why—why—nothing, I guess the waiter, beginning to get discomfited. "I was only asking, you know."

"But what prompted you to urge the other. "I insist upon what excited your suspicion steak was not what it should be."

"Oh, I dunno," muttered the miserably. "I just asked, that's all."

"But I had made no complaint the large man, knitting his brows, facing around in his chair. Some mystery here, sure. Did it matter of private curiosity or before he could conclude the waiter broke away and fled to the kitchen. The large man and resumed his attack on the steak.

"It's like this," he said later who had witnessed the incident curious about it. "You see, I'm a bachelor and I live mostly at hotel taurants. There are lots of such a life that wear on a man of them is the way some are worrying you all through a meal you'll forget they're on earth comes time to settle and tip. I

earthly reason why any waiter ever inquire whether a dish is tasty. If it isn't, the guest tells him, and he's there to remedy when one of them begins asking confidentially whether this or that is all right I usually squelch him little formula, you have just heard. It never fails to put 'em to flight Orleans Times-Democrat.

THE MORPHINE HABIT

Actresses Said to Be Largely Addicted to the Baneful Drug

Actresses, as a class, are more prone to the use of opium than people of other walks of life. They generally turn to themselves by hypodermic injections of the solution of morphine. They invariably, whether true

Monthly hiring at shortest notice. Apply to MRS. STEVENS, over Dominion Bank. References, Dr. Vrooman and Dr. Leonard.

TO RENT—THE CORNER STORE IN the Leonard Block, in the town of Napanee, is offered for sale by public Auction, by Hiram Wesley Huff, Auctioneer, at the Court House, in the Town of Napanee, in the County of Lennox and Addington, on SATURDAY, 9th JUNE, 1900, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, the following property, viz: Part of the west half of lot number ten in the fourth concession of the Township of Sheffield, in the County of Lennox and Addington, which said part of said lot is more fully and definitely described as being all that part of said lot lying south east of the road running from the concession line between the third and fourth concessions of Sheffield in Lennoxville past the home and shop known as Jas. Nail's house and blacksmith shop in Lennoxville, to and past Michael Hooley's residence along the north west side of Beaver Lake to Smith's saw Mill on lot, fourteen in sixth concession, Sheffield, and north easterly of the north east side of the street popularly known as "Blewett's Lane" which runs from the rear before mentioned road to the shore of Beaver Lake and is the north easterly limit of that part of the Village of Lennoxville in the Township of Sheffield as laid down on the Registered Plan of said village. This is a valuable piece of land and very desirably situated.

MORTGAGE SALE.
Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage, which mortgage will be produced at the time of sale there will be offered for sale by public Auction, by Hiram Wesley Huff, Auctioneer, at the Court House, in the Town of Napanee, in the County of Lennox and Addington, on SATURDAY, 9th JUNE, 1900, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, the following property, viz: Part of the west half of lot number ten in the fourth concession of the Township of Sheffield, in the County of Lennox and Addington, which said part of said lot is more fully and definitely described as being all that part of said lot lying south east of the road running from the concession line between the third and fourth concessions of Sheffield in Lennoxville past the home and shop known as Jas. Nail's house and blacksmith shop in Lennoxville, to and past Michael Hooley's residence along the north west side of Beaver Lake to Smith's saw Mill on lot, fourteen in sixth concession, Sheffield, and north easterly of the north east side of the street popularly known as "Blewett's Lane" which runs from the rear before mentioned road to the shore of Beaver Lake and is the north easterly limit of that part of the Village of Lennoxville in the Township of Sheffield as laid down on the Registered Plan of said village. This is a valuable piece of land and very desirably situated.

TERMS—Ten per cent of the purchase money to be paid at the time of sale to the Vendor's solicitor and the balance on favorable terms. For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to

T. B. GERMAN,
Vendor's Solicitor, Napanee.
Dated at Napanee this 3rd. day of May, 1900.
21 d

FARMERS ATTENTION.
Insure your property in the Lennox and Addington Mutual Fire Insurance Company. Because it is a Home Company.
Because it is a Safe Company.
Because it is the cheapest and best.
Because it affords the most liberal policies to patrons.
Because it insures only (isolated) non-hazardous risks, as farm property, county churches halls and school houses.
Because it is the Farmer's Company managed by Farmers in the interest of farmers of the Counties of Lennox and Addington, Hastings, Frontenac, Lennox and Leeds.
Officers—B. C. Lloyd, President; I. F. Aylesworth, Vice-President; Stewart L. Daly, Treas. Directors—A. C. Parks, B. C. Lloyd, U. C. Sills, J. B. Aylesworth, W. K. Longmore, I. F. Aylesworth, Honorary Directors—Jas. Ried, M.P.P., A. H. Baker, A. V. Price, C. K. Allison, Wm. Charters, W. W. Meacham, C. W. Neville, D. C. Forward, D. W. Allison, F. B. Guess, James Knapp, John Turcotte, Thos. J. Donohoe, Peter F. Carscallen, Daniel Schermehorn, Thos. V. Sexsmith, James Murphy, James Clare, Henry Irwin. The board meets at the Secretary's office on the first Saturday of every month at one p.m.
N. A. Caton, Napanee, Agents
Thos. B. Wilson, Newburgh
Enoch Goodwin, Kingston.
M. C. BOGART, Sec'y

EPPE'S COCOA
GRATEFUL COMFORTING
Distinguished everywhere for Delicacy of Flavor, Superior Quality, and Highly Nutritive Properties. Specially grateful and comforting to the nervous and dyspeptic. Sold only in $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. tins, labelled JAMES EPPE & Co. Ltd., Homeopathic Chemists, London, England.

EPPE'S COCOA
THE - DOMINION - BANK
CAPITAL (Paid up) \$1,500,000
RESERVE FUND — \$1,500,000
GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.
INTEREST ALLOWED AT HIGHEST CURRENT RATES.
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT DEPOSITS OF \$1.00 AND UPWARDS RECEIVED.
T. S. HILL, Manager.

Store, Napanee.
R. A. LEONARD, M.D., C.P.S.
Physician, Surgeon, etc.
Late House Surgeon of the Kingston General Hospital.
Office—North side of Dundas Street, between West and Robert Streets, Napanee. 51v

HERRINGTON & WARNER
Barristers, etc.
MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATES
Office—Warner Block, East-st, Napanee. 5y

T. B. GERMAN,
Barrister and Solicitor,
MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES.
OFFICE: Grange Block, 60 John Street, 21-6m Napanee.

DEROCHE & MADIEN
Barristers,
Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, etc.
Office—Grange block.
Money to Loan at "lower than the lowest" rates
H. M. DEROCHE, Q. C. 51v J. H. MADDEN

JAS. AYLESWORTH,
POLICE MAGISTRATE for the Provincial Electoral District of Addington
Conveyancer,
G. T. Ry. Ticket Agent,
Issuer of Marriage Licenses,
Commissioner, etc., in H.C.J.
Clerk, 7th Division Court, of the County of Lennox & Addington
TAMWORTH.

DENTISTS
C. D. WARTMAN, L.D.S.
C. H. WARTMAN, D.D.S.
Graduates of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario and graduate of Toronto University.
OFFICE—LEONARD BLOCK,
Visits made to Tamworth the first Monday in each month, remaining over Tuesday. Rooms at Wheeler's Hotel.
All other Monday C. D. Wartman will be in Yorkton.
Napanee office open every day.

THE ROYAL HOTEL,
Dundas Street, Napanee.
H. HUNTER, Prop.
This commodious hotel is centrally situated having every convenience for the travelling and business public. Large yard and sheds for farmers.
Good table, best of wines, liquors, and cigars. The comfort of guests is made a first consideration.

L. O. & B. of Q. Stb Co. "Limited"
DESERONTO PICTON KINGSTON
Steamer "Hero"—(commencing April 19th) will leave Deseronto for Picton, Kingston and intermediate ports on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7.35 a.m. and will leave for BELLEVILLE on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 8.45 p.m.
Steamer leaves KINGSTON week days at 3 p.m.

ROCHESTER. KINGSTON
\$2.00 SINGLE—\$3.50 RETURN.
Steamer "North King"—Commencing April 29th, will leave Deseronto for Charlotte, N.Y., (Port of Rochester) on Sundays at 10.10 p.m.
Commencing May 6th will leave for Picton and Kingston on Sundays at 5 a.m.
Steamer leaves Kingston on Sundays at 5 p.m. Right reserved to change time with or without notice.
H. H. GILDERSHIVE, Gen. Manager, Kingston.
J. R. BOYES, Agent, Napanee.

Mr. E. B. Eddy, at the age of 70, starting in to build up again his immense enterprise in Hull, is an inspiring example.

When a reliable gentleman like Mr. Thomas Simmons, of Chafey's Locks, Ont., steamboat engineer, comes forward on his own account and adds his testimony to the value of a medical cure, the public has assurance that there is something deserving attention. Off and on, for the past two years, he experienced intense pain down the sciatic nerve. So severe was it at times that he was unable to handle the throttle of the engine, and would be obliged to lay off for days. "Before the first bottle of Dr. Hall's Rheumatic Cure had been drained," said Mr. Simmons, "I could feel the beneficial effects; and by the time I had used four I was completely cured. Since last spring I have been entirely free from pain. Dr. Hall's Rheumatic Cure did it."

Dr. Hall's Rheumatic Cure is put up in 50 cent bottles, containing ten days' treatment. For sale by all druggists and dealers in medicine. The Dr. Hall Medicine Co., Kingston, Ont.



MR. THOS. SIMMONS.

Pyny-Pectoral
A QUICK CURE FOR
COUGHS AND COLDS
Very valuable Remedy in all affections of the
THROAT or LUNGS
Large Bottles, 25c.
DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., Limited
Prop's of Perry Davis' Pain-Killer

...A...
SUDDEN CHANGE
in the weather affects the kidneys. Possibly you have backache, impossible to retain urine, or suffering with Rheumatism. It shows that your kidneys are weak—Help nature by taking.....

ELECTINE
KIDNEY BEANS
25 doses—25 cts. All druggists, or by mail.
THE ELECTINE MEDICINE CO.
LIMITED
186 ADELAIDE ST. W.
TORONTO

little formula; you have just lis It never fails to put 'em to flight Orleans Times-Democrat.

THE MORPHINE HABIT
Actresses Said to Be Largely ed to the Baneful Drug
Actresses, as a class, are more to the use of opium than people other walk of life. They generally lister it to themselves by hypod injections of the solution of n They invariably, whether truth not, ascribe their introduction to doctors having administered it in prescriptions intended to all nal pains. Some years ago a cl large drug store was summoned room in one of our most promi tets. When he knocked on the was commanded to enter. Thro the bed in the abandon of semic ness was a woman who was the the best known actresses in You have all seen her.
"I sent for you," she said, "to that every day I will send to you lishment for an ounce of Magend tion"—a well known preparation phine, containing 16 grains of to each ounce of the solution, or more than an ordinary dose. "I vided with it in every city tha and I see no reason why I shou furnished with it here."
"It is against our rules," said to "to provide morphine in any suc ties unless we are convinced that son applying for it is addicted t to an extent that would not m quantity fatal."
"I'll easily satisfy you on tha said the actress, and thereupon s her arms, and, to speak pla calves of her legs also. They l punctured by the hypodermic i such an extent that in their r they resembled nutmeg graters. timony was conclusive, and she provided with 16 grains of th She died a few years ago almos ten in the profession nature had she should adorn.
Truly "it biteth like a serp stingeth like an adder."—Phi Times.

Golf and Good Manner
Golf is the same as good man cause so large a part of the gaquette and rests on the sense o It is as easy to cheat in golf a taire, but whereas some worth satisfaction in cheating in soliti but the truly vicious cheat at i they are speedily shown the doo society. In no other game do g ners enter so much into the gam ball is largely made up of the whose essence is unholy glee o quished foe and which frequent erates into a positive attempt t winning foe. Boxing has a rude of its own and all of the roughe games a spirit of fair play and take quite admirable in their not of the realm of good man golf one may only applaud an o good play, and any exhibition o while sometimes excused, is reall cusable. Man may invent a ha of self control than golf in its ments, but he is not likely to world has advanced an eon or tv perfection.—New York Commer vertiser.

Derivation of the Word Su
The word "Sabbath" is a Heb for a period as well as quality and means "rest." In the Bible only with this meaning. Period year or of seven years were thurized. Every seventh day was by the Hebrews as a weekly "S In addition to this day others pointed in which the obligation from labor was as binding as th ance of the weekly "Sabbath." day" is so named from the day v dedicated to the worship of Christian nations observe it. "Sabbath," but "Sabbath" is n day."—Mary E. M. Richardson man's Home Companion.

Every Man is the Architect of His Fortune."

architect designs, and his plan executed by a builder. The greatest of health is Hood's Sarsaparilla. a firm foundation. It makes the basis of life, pure and strong. architect of your fortune and secure as your health builder.

daches—"I was completely run and was troubled with headaches, business and pains in my back. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla which in a short time cured me." Mrs. L. Win Orangeville, Ontario.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

THE WAITER TO FLIGHT.

once in Hotels Taught the waiter How to Deal With Him.

ge man with a jolly, smooth shaven face walked into a restaurant in the district and ordered a steak a la

In due time it arrived and was piping hot on his table, where a large man proceeded to tuck a fork under his collar and attacked the steak with a quiet gusto that was exhibitionary. He had disposed of a third and was working his way through the remainder when his sauntered over from behind and confidentially over his shoulder.

"k all right, sir?" he asked in a professional solicitude.

exclaimed the large man, looking at "what's that?"

t asked whether the steak was all right, the waiter.

Urged man laid down his knife and said "What do you think is the matter?" he inquired in an anxious un-

der why—nothing, I guess," said the waiter, beginning to get disconcerted.

only asking, you know."

what prompted you to ask?"

is other. "I insist upon knowing excited your suspicion that this as not what it should be?"

I dunno," muttered the waiter.

ly. "I just asked, that's all."

I had made no complaint," mused the man, knitting his brows and

around in his chair. "There's a mystery here, sure. Did you ask for private curiosity or as a—"

he he could conclude the sentence

ter broke away and fled headlong.

Itchen. The large man chuckled

med his attack on the steak.

like this," he said later to a man

l witnessed the incident and was

about it. "You see, I'm a drummer I live mostly at hotels and res-

s. There are lots of things about life that wear on a man, and one

is the way some waiters keep you all through a meal for fear

orget they're on earth when it

ime to settle and tip. There is no

reason why any waiter should

quire whether a dish is satisfac-

isn't, the guest will notify

he's there to remedy it. So

ne of them begins asking me con-

ly whether this or that thing is

t I usually squelch him with the

rmula, you have just listened to.

fails to put 'em to flight."—New

Times-Democrat.

THE MORPHINE HABIT.

es Said to Be Largely Addicted to the Baneful Drug.

ses, as a class, are more addicted

se of opium than people in any

alk of life. They generally admin-

to themselves by hypodermic in-

of the solution of morphine.

variably, whether truthfully or

TWO ELUSIVE MINES.

LEGENDS OF THE BLUE BUCKET AND LOST BASIN BONANZAS.

Gold by the Bucketful Found by Early Argonauts and the Mine Then Lost to View Forever—A Golden Ledge That Was Seen but Once.

"There are two interesting legends of lost mines that are famous all over the northwest," said a Spokane mining man recently. "Many a prospector has outfitted at Spokane for a search for the Lost Basin and the Blue Bucket mines, propositions that have hitherto eluded all efforts to find them. The Blue Bucket mine lies somewhere in Oregon, on a line drawn from the big bend of the Snake river, where it sweeps northward on its way to the Columbia, and extending to Yreka, Cal.

"It was some time in 1850, I believe, that a party of home seekers struck off in the foothills of the Rockies on the Oregon trail for the northwest, intending to work down into northern California. They were farmers, pure and simple, and the news of the discovery of gold in California had never reached them. They had left the bend of the Snake river some days—unfortunately the story is not definite as to the number of days—behind them, and they camped one evening on the banks of a stream, where they rested their oxen and horses for a couple of days. While the men of the party hunted the surrounding country for fresh meat and the women spent the time in washing clothes, the children wandered about in the vicinity of the camp picking berries, carrying with them, as the story has it, 'one of those old fashioned blue buckets.' Old timers say that the blue bucket was an important part of the Argonaut's outfit in those days.

"One day at noon the children hurried into camp, two of them struggling with the weight of their bucket, the bottom covered with a number of pieces of yellow metal. They said they had tried to dig out of the ground some deep-rooted bush bearing a flower that pleased them, intending to plant it in the bucket and take it along, and they had found the pieces of metal in the ground. Everybody gathered about the find, and nobody could make anything of it. The metal couldn't be of brass, of course, they knew, but it might be some kind of native copper, as it could be beaten out flat with ease. The pieces varied from the size of a pumpkin seed to an egg.

"The argonauts had no use for a single pound of useless weight, and when the party started off all the metal was thrown away but a few pieces which the children were allowed to keep for jackstones, and heavy jackstones they were too. Of course when Yreka was reached the playthings were recognized as gold. Then there was a stampede over the Oregon lava beds for the Blue Bucket mine, but snow had fallen east of the Cascade range, and the track was lost. Two or three of the party spent their lives looking for the lost placer ground and died in poverty. The others settled down to farming and succeeded at it. Every few years some prospector takes a notion to make his fortune by finding the Blue Bucket mine, but no gold has since ever been discovered in that whole stretch of southern Oregon.

"The lost basin is a legendary quartz proposition hidden in a beautiful basin in the Bitter Root mountains of southern Idaho. A packer who was employed by one of the expeditions that made a preliminary survey of the Union Pacific railway made the discovery in the romantic way that is characteristic of the finding of all lost mines. Several mules got away one night in the wildest part of that mountain range, and George Harvey—that was the packer's name—was detailed to find them, having first been supplied with a horse to carry his bedding and grub. He was instructed to

valley, after impressing the narrow entrance upon his mind. He soon found the surveying party had hurried along so fast that they had left no marks, blazes on trees or otherwise to indicate the way they had taken, and as he had to depend on the intelligence of his horse and the mules to find the way he disregarded all the landmarks. He finally arrived at the main camp, saying nothing about his discovery and working at his job until the next summer.

"Finally he made a confidant of 'Old Jim' Henderson, whose eyes bulged when he saw the evidence in pure gold of Harvey's discovery. Both men put their savings together—they were afraid to try to dispose of Harvey's gold, as then the secret would have been theirs no longer—purchased an outfit and started for the basin or valley. Of course they never found it. Rocks and peaks and streams were no landmarks to Harvey, for he had neglected to notice them on his former hurried trip to the main camp. The two wandered through the mountains all summer and came out as winter set in. At the settlement where the flourishing town of Boise now is they took others into their confidence, who were convinced of the truth of Harvey's story by a sight of the gold which he still kept. Many an expedition was organized, but the basin was lost for good, apparently. Even today an occasional prospector makes search for the lost basin."

Florida's Turn Next.

Flora—George told me last night that he believed I could break a man's heart with my smile.

SEE
THAT THE
FAC-SIMILE
SIGNATURE
—OF—
Chas. H. Fletcher
IS ON THE
WRAPPER
OF EVERY
BOTTLE OF
CASTORIA

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

A LITTLE BOOK FOR
FEMININE HOME
WORKERS.

IT IT MAILED FREE TO ALL
WHO SEND FOR IT.

The new illustrated "Diamond Dye Rug Book" can justly claim the largest circulation of any book ever issued in Canada. It tells how to make pretty and useful Hooked Mats and Rugs from old wool or rags, underwear and pieces of cloth. This interesting little book shows handsome colored designs of new Mats and Rugs and tells you how to send for them. Post free to any address. Wells & Richardson Co., 200 Mountain St., Montreal.

Obedient Bobby.

"Bobby, didn't I tell you not to go in the parlor when Mr. Hopkins comes to see your sister?"

"Ma, I didn't go in. I jes' stuck my head in the door and made some faces at him."—Chicago Record.

quiescent squinch with the
the you have just listened to
ills to put 'em to flight."—New
imes-Democrat.

IE MORPHINE HABIT.

Said to Be Largely Addict-
to the Baneful Drug.

s, as a class, are more addicted
of opium than people in any
of life. They generally admin-
themselves by hypodermic in-
f the solution of morphine.
riably, whether truthfully or
e their introduction to the vice
having administered it to them
tions intended to allay inter-
Some years ago a clerk in a
store was summoned to a
ne of our most prominent hon-
he knocked on the door, he
anded to enter. Thrown upon
the abandon of semiconscious-
a woman who was then one of
known actresses in America.
all seen her.
for you," she said, "to tell you
day I will send to your estab-
or an ounce of Magendie's solu-
ell known preparation of mor-
taining 16 grains of morphine
nce of the solution, or 96 times
an ordinary dose. "I am pro-
it in every city that I visit,
no reason why I should not be
with it here."
ainst our rules," said the clerk,
e morphine in any such quanti-
we are convinced that the per-
ing for it is addicted to its use
ut that would not make that
atal."
ily satisfy you on that score,"
tress, and thereupon she bared
and, to speak plainly, the
her legs also. They had been
by the hypodermic needle to
xtent that in their roughness
bled nutmeg graters. The tes-
s conclusive, and she was daily
with 16 grains of the poison.
few years ago almost forgot-
profession nature had intended
adborn.
it bithere like a serpent and
like an adder."—Philadelphia

if and Good Manners.

he same as good manners, be-
arge a part of the game is etil-
rests on the sense of humor.
isy to cheat in golf as in soli-
whereas some worthy men find
n in cheating in solitaire none
uly vicious cheat at golf, and
peedily shown the door of good
n no other game do good man-
so much into the game. Base-
gely made up of the rooting,
nce is unholy glee over a van-
e and which frequently degen-
a positive attempt to rattle a
e. Boxing has a rude chivalry
and all of the rougher athletic
pirit of fair play and give and
admirable in their way, but
a realm of good manners. In
ay only applaud an opponent's
and any exhibition of temper,
times excused, is really not ex-
Man may invent a harder test
rol than golf in its impish mot-
he is not likely to until the
advanced an eon or two nearer
—New York Commercial Ad-

tion of the Word Sunday.

d "Sabbath" is a Hebrew term
od as well as quality of time
"rest." In the Bible it is used
this meaning. Periods of one
seven years were thus charac-
every seventh day was observed
brews as a weekly "Sabbath."
n to this day others were ap-
which the obligation to cease
was as binding as the observ-
he weekly "Sabbath." "Sun-
named from the day which was
to the worship of the sun.
nations observe it as their
but "Sabbath" is not "Sun-
ry E. M. Richardson in Wome
Companion.

proposition hidden in a beautiful basin
in the Bitter Root mountains of southern
Idaho. A packer who was employed by
one of the expeditions that made a pre-
liminary survey of the Union Pacific rail-
way made the discovery in the romantic
way that is characteristic of the finding
of all lost mines. Several mules got
away one night in the wildest part of
that mountain range, and George Har-
vey—that was the packer's name—was
detailed to find them, having first been
supplied with a horse to carry his bed-
ding and grub. He was instructed to
hurry along as soon as he had found the
mules, as the engineers in charge of the
expedition had decided that as the coun-
try was impracticable for a railroad they
would lose no time in pushing westward
to the main camp, where various survey-
ing parties were to meet.

"Harvey started back on the trail ear-
ly on the morning of the breaking up
of the camp and found the mules in a little
valley grazing. He secured them with-
out trouble and decided to camp, as night
had fallen. In the morning he looked
around. A peculiar rock formation 20
feet wide protruding from the ground a
foot and extending 100 yards to the edge
of a stream arrested his attention. The
rock was soft, and Harvey chopped up a
yard or more of the surface. A yellow
glint caught his eye, and he picked up a
'string' of pure gold a foot long and
weighing half a pound. There was plenty
more of the valuable metal in that
spot, and after chopping up the surface
at various places on the rock Harvey
satisfied himself that he had discovered a
great free milling gold ledge big enough
to make him a millionaire several times
over.

"Concealing several pounds of gold
about his person, he moved out of the

IT NEVER FAILS
TO MAKE SICK
PEOPLE WELL

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND
Is a great Physicians
Prescription.

It Possesses Life-Giving Virtues
Unknown to Other Medicines.

All Classes of Our People
Speak of Its Marvel-
lous Cures.

The best blessing of life—good health, de-
pends upon the perfect action of the ner-
vous currents and the vigor of the circula-
tion and the quality of the blood.

If you are rundown, feel without energy,
lifeless, useless, fretful and despondent,
one or two bottles of Paine's Celery Com-
pound will effect a wonderful change.
Constipation will no longer give you dis-
quieting thoughts; your appetite will come
back, the blood will be made pure; sleep-
lessness, nervousness and headaches will
be things of the past. This is the happy
experience of tens of thousands of men and
women in Canada.

The great and ever increasing demand
for Paine's Celery Compound as a health
builder tells the story of the continued con-
fidence and faith placed in it by our people.

Paine's Celery Compound must not for
an instant be classed with the ordinary
patents of the day; it is an eminent phy-
sician's prescription that gives new life,
vigor and strength when all other reme-
dies fail. The use of one bottle is sufficient
to convince the most hardened and skept-
ical.

mer and came out as winter set in. At
the settlement where the flourishing town
of Boise now is they took others into
their confidence, who were convinced of
the truth of Harvey's story by a sight of
the gold which he still kept. Many an ex-
pedition was organized, but the basin was
lost for good, apparently. Even today
an occasional prospector makes search
for the lost basin."

Flora's Turn Next.

Flora—George told me last night that
he believed I could break a man's heart
with my smile.

Laura—George was talking nonsense.
A man's heart is not like a mirror.

FLOWER AND TREE.

In Australia there is said to be a gum
tree which is 415 feet in height.

The rose was an emblem of immortali-
ty among the Syrians, and the Chinese
planted it over graves.

The wood of the redwood tree never
decays, it is said, and fallen trunks,
which have been overgrown by old for-
ests, are as solid as the day they fell.

Perhaps you don't know that a few roots
of iris—the Japanese iris is best—planted
in rich earth in an old washtub painted
green on the outside will make a hand-
some ornament for your lawn, especially
if you will give it plenty of water.

Cheering Mrs. French.

The wife and family of General
French aroused quite a remarkable
demonstration at Wolverton on
Wednesday night, when they visited
an amateur performance of "The
Yeomen of the Guard." When the
news of their intended visit became
known the hall was decorated, and
the townspeople flocked there, many
wearing button portraits of the gen-
eral, and other emblems. The "Yeo-
men" formed themselves into a guard
of honor, and the ladies of the chor-
us formed an escort, one of their
number being in waiting, with a love-
ly bouquet for the general's wife.
Directly the party arrived the audi-
ence rose and cheered vociferously.
Mrs. French was quite taken back,
and not a little touched by the warmth
of her welcome.

rage, underwear and pieces of cloth. This
interesting little book shows handsome
colored designs of new Mats and Rugs and
tells you how to send for them. Post free
to any address. Wells & Richardson Co.,
200 Mountain St., Montreal.

Obedient Bobby.

"Bobby, didn't I tell you not to go in
the parlor when Mr. Hopkins comes to
see your sister?"

"Ma, I didn't go in. I jes' stuck my
head in the door and made some faces at
him."—Chicago Record.

Revitalization of the Girl.

At home she only lounges round,
She has no vim at all,
But, goodness, see her scour the ground
At playing basket ball!

—Chicago News.

Poor Country For Umbrella Dealers.

Bill—I see it only rains about once a
year in lower Egypt on the coast of the
Mediterranean.

Jill—And I don't suppose the weather
clerks out there can locate that day.—
Yonkers Statesman.

An Emphatic Protest.

"I don't object," said Mr. Saunders,
"to keepin a house dog, my dear, but I do
most emphatically protest against the
turning of my home into a doghouse."—
Philadelphia Press.

Alphabetical Cooking.

Our daughter's learning how to cook;
She's learning it out of a book.
"As yet I can't make bread," says May,
"Because I'm still at work in 'A.'"

—Philadelphia North American.

EMULSION
The D.L.
CONSUMPTION and
all lung diseases,
SPITTING OF BLOOD,
COUGH, LOSS
OF APPETITE.
Necessity: the benefits of this article
are most manifest.
By the aid of The D. & L. Emulsion, I have
gotten rid of a hacking cough which had troubled
me for over a year, and have gained consider-
ably in weight.
T. H. WINGHAM, C.E., Montreal.
50c. and 1.00 Bottle
DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., Limited,
MONTREAL.

Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE,
Eastern Standard Time. No. 18 Taking effect Sept. 4th, 1899

Tweed and Tamworth to Deseronto.						Deseronto and Napanee to Tamworth and Tweed.					
Stations.		Miles.		No. 2		Stations.		Miles.		No. 1.	
				A.M.						P.M.	
Lve	Tweed	0	6 30	3 05		Lve	Deseronto	4	8 40		
	Stoco	3	6 38	3 15		Arr	Deseronto Junction	9	6 55		
	Larkins	7	6 50	3 30		Lve	Napanee	9	7 15		
	Marbank	13	7 05	3 50			Napanee Mills	15	7 50	12 15	4 55
	Erinsville	17	7 20	4 05			Newburgh	17	8 00	12 25	5 05
	Tamworth	20	7 39	2 00	4 15		Thomson's Mills	18			
	Wilson	24					Camden East	19	8 12	12 35	5 15
	Enterprise	26	7 50	2 18	4 35		Yarker	23	8 25		5 25
	Mudlake Bridge	28				Lve	Yarker	23	8 50	12 50	5 35
	Moscow	31	8 05	2 30	4 47		Galbraith	25			
	Galbraith	33					Moscow	27	9 02		5 45
Arr	Yarker	35	8 15	2 43	5 00		Mudlake Bridge	30			
Lve	Yarker	35	8 55	2 43	5 25		Enterprise	32	9 15	1 17	5 57
	Camden East	39	9 10	2 55	5 40		Wilson	34			
	Thomson's Mills	40					Tamworth	38	9 35	1 35	6 15
	Newburgh	41	9 25	3 05	5 50		Erinsville	41	9 45		6 25
	Napanee Mills	43	9 40	3 20	6 00		Marbank	45	10 00		6 40
	Napanee	49	9 53	3 40	6 15		Larkins	47	10 25		6 55
Lve	Napanee	49					Stoco	55	10 40		7 15
Arr	Deseronto Junction	54			6 55		Tweed	58	10 55		7 30
Arr	Deseronto	58			7 10						

Kingston and Sydenham to Deseronto.

Kingston and Sydenham to Deseronto.						Deseronto and Napanee o Sydenham and Kingston.					
Stations.		Miles.		No. 2		Stations.		Miles.		No. 1.	
				A.M.						P.M.	
Lve	Kingston	0			3 45	Lve	Deseronto	4	6 40		
	G. T. R. Junction	2			3 55	Arr	Deseronto Junction	9	6 55		
	Glenvale	10			4 18	Lve	Napanee	9	7 15		
	Murvale	19			4 28		Napanee Mills	15	7 50	12 15	4 55
Arr	Harrowsmith	23			4 50		Newburgh	17	8 00	12 25	5 05
Lv	Harrowsmith	23	7 50				Thomson's Mills	18			
	Harrowsmith	19	8 05		4 50		Camden East	19	8 12	12 35	5 15
	Frontenac	22					Yarker	23	8 25		5 25
Arr	Yarker	26	8 25		5 10	Lve	Yarker	23	8 50	12 50	5 35
Lve	Yarker	26	8 55	2 43	5 25		Galbraith	25			
	Camden East	30	9 10	2 55	5 40		Moscow	27	9 02		5 45
	Thomson's Mills	31					Mudlake Bridge	30			
	Newburgh	32	9 25	3 05	5 50	Arr	Enterprise	32	9 15	1 17	5 57
	Napanee Mills	34	9 40	3 20	6 00		Wilson	34			
Lve	Napanee	40	9 53	3 40	6 15	Lve	Harrowsmith	30	9 00		6 00
	Napanee, West End	40					Sydenham	34			6 15
	Deseronto Junction	45			6 55		Harrowsmith	30	9 05		
Arr	Deseronto	49			7 10		Murvale	35	9 15		
							Glenvale	39	9 25		
							G. T. R. Junction	47	9 45		
							Kingston	49	10 00		

R. C. CARTER
Gen. Manager

J. F. CHAPMAN,
Asst. Gen. Freight & Pass. Agent

H. B. SHERWOOD
Superintendent

SIEGE OF MAFEKING RAISED

Pretoria Officially Announces That the Investment Has Been Abandoned.

A despatch from Pretoria says:—It was officially announced on Friday that when the laagers and forts around Mafeking had been severely bombarded the siege was abandoned, a British force from the south taking possession of the place.

President Steyn arrived here on Wednesday night, and had long and close conferences with the Transvaal Government. He left here for the Free State yesterday night. Addressing a crowd on the platform, he urged them to be of good cheer.

It is reported that 5,000 British troops have surrounded Christiana, and that Landdorst and other officials have been taken prisoners.

James Milne, the correspondent of the Reuter Telegram Company, who has been a prisoner here, was liberated and escorted to the border this morning.

THE NEWS CONFIRMED.

A despatch from London says:—Col. Baden-Powell's brother, who is in London, to-day received a telegram from a Dutch friend in Pretoria, announce-

ing that Mafeking had been relieved.

THE NEWS IN ENGLAND.

A despatch from London, Saturday, says:—There was a wonderful scene at the opera at Covent Garden theatre when the relief of Mafeking was made known. After the second act of "Lohengrin," the Prince and Princess of Wales, the Duke of York, the Duchess of Fife, the King of Sweden and Norway, and Princess Victoria were present. The news apparently emanated from the Prince of Wales, but the house was quiet until the information reached the gallery. The audience there announced the news in the voice of a Stentor, and demanded that the orchestra play "God Save the Queen." Herr Mottel, who was conducting, had retired, and the remaining musicians hesitated, but the audience struck up the national hymn. The royalties came to the front of their box, the Prince of Wales beating time, perhaps unconsciously, with his hand. The scene terminated with roars and cheers of jubilation.

AT THE MANSION HOUSE.

As soon as the news of the relief of Mafeking was proclaimed at the

Mansion house, the Lord Mayor and his wife appeared on a balcony before the miraculously-assembled crowd, which numbered tens of thousands. An immense portrait of Col. Baden-Powell was displayed, bearing the inscription:—"Mafeking Relieved." While the attendants were waving Union Jacks, the Lord Mayor briefly addressed the assemblage:—

"I wish your cheers could reach Mafeking"—here the speech was interrupted by redoubled cheering, and the singing of "Rule Britannia"—after which the Lord Mayor remarked:—"We never doubted what the end would be, or that British pluck and courage would conquer at last."

The Lord Mayor then led the crowd in singing "God Save the Queen" and "Soldiers of the Queen," and with renewed cheering and the waving of flags by the assembled multitude, and the singing of "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow," the Lord Mayor and his party retired.

DIARY OF THE SIEGE.

Oct. 14—Boers march on town.
Oct. 15—Boers repulsed.
Oct. 23—Bombardment.
Dec. 24—Sortie.
Dec. 26—Unsuccessful sortie.
March 16—Plumer having advanced southwards to Lobatsi is forced to retire to Crocodile Pool.
March 31—Plumer Repulsed at Ramathlabama.
May 13—Baden-Powell lays trap for Boers and captures Kruger's grandson and 70 Boers, 40 being killed.
May 14—Bombardment.

FOUGHT RELIEF COLUMN.

Boers Attacked It Near Mafeking, Were Repulsed, and Retired.

A despatch from London, says:—Confirmation of the relief of Mafeking, brief but sufficient, reached London Sunday night. A special despatch from Molopo, dated Thursday, says:—"A large British force from the south succeeded in entering Mafeking yesterday. The siege was raised by the Boers, their commandoes withdrawing eastward."

It is understood that it was led by Colonel B. T. Mahon, who served in the Dongola and Nile expeditions under Kitchener.

One story says the column secretly left Kimberley for the north on May 4. Its baggage was conveyed on led horses and light mule waggons. Quantities of live stock were captured.

The force is said to have passed through the Taungs and Vryburg districts without encountering the enemy, and reached Maritzan river, 20 miles south of Mafeking, on Friday, May 11.

Reports of what happened afterward differ widely. One despatch declares that the relief force entered Mafeking unopposed, the siege having been already raised. Another despatch says:—"The relief column as it approached Mafeking from the south was attacked

MARKETS OF THE WORLD

Prices of Grain, Cattle, Cheeses in the Leading Markets

Toronto, May 22.—For an hour receipts were heavy this morning as a total of 72 carloads of live came in to the western cattle comprising 1,100 hogs, 1,000 calves, yearlings, and sheep, 30 lambs and a dozen milkers.

Shipping cattle was unchanged; steady; choice stuff ranged \$4.60 to \$4.85 and \$4.90, with a top figure for selections.

Good butcher cattle was steady; inferior grades were inclined to be on account of the large. Several loads were left over.

Small stuff, while not quite changed, had a decidedly weak tendency.

Hogs are steady and unchanged. For prime hogs, scaling from 200 lbs., the top price is heavy hogs, 55-80; and light, 3-8c per lb.

Following is the range of prices:—

Cattle.

Shippers, per cwt.	\$4.25
Butcher, choice, do.	3.75
Butcher, med. to good.	3.25
Butcher, inferior.	2.50
Stockers, per cwt.	3.00

Sheep and Lambs.

Sheep, per cwt.	4.00
Yearlings, per cwt.	5.25
Spring lambs, each.	2.50
Bucks, per cwt.	3.25
Milkers and Calves.	
Cows, each.	25.00
Calves, each.	2.60

Hogs.

Choice hogs, per cwt.	6.00
Light hogs, per cwt.	5.00
Heavy hogs, per cwt.	5.00
Sows.	3.00
Stags.	2.00

Toronto, May 22.—Wheat prices were easier, and business continued dull. Manitobas eased. Quotations are as follows:—red and white, 64 1-2 to 65c east and west; 65 1-2 to 66c east wheat, 72c east, and 71c west; east, 66c; Manitoba No. 1 ha Toronto and west; and 78c, g. and rail.

Flour—Quiet. Straight roller buyers' bags, middle freights per bbl. bid, and \$2.60 asked; brand, in wood, \$2.90 to \$3.

Millfeed—Dull. Bran, \$13.50 asked, and shorts, \$14.50 to \$1 west.

Corn—Lower, in sympathy. Chicago, No. 2 American yellow 1-2c, on track here; and mixed nally at 57 1-2c, north and west fallen off. Car lots are quoted 58 1-2c east.

Barley—No. 2, 42c west, and 44c and No. 1, 43c west, and 44c east. Rye—Quiet. Car lots, west, 52c, east.

Oats—Easy. White oats, no west, 26 1-2c; and east, 27 1-2c. Buckwheat—Quoted at 50c and 51c east.

Montreal, May 22.—Grain—T some demand for oats, but the market is very quiet. Wheat prices afloat as follows:—

HALF A MILLION IN SMOKE

THE WELLAND VALE COMPANY'S WORKS DESTROYED.

Destructive Fire at St. Catharines—Heavy Loss in Money and Many Men Thrown Out of Work.

A despatch from St. Catharines, Ont., says:—The most disastrous conflagration that has occurred in the history of this city was that which destroyed on Wednesday the large factory buildings occupied by the Canada Cycle and Motor Company and the whole of the Welland Vale Manufacturing Company's shops with the exception of the two storehouse buildings at the north end of the yards. A fortunate change of wind saved these buildings, the fire having eaten its way through the whole premises just to the point where a spark would have ignited the roof.

IT WAS THE FIERCEST FIRE that the city has ever known, and the brigade were driven from point to point by the intensity of the flames. Several lines of hose were destroyed before they could be taken out, but there was no shirking from the arduous task that was before them.

It was about 3 o'clock in the morning when the fire originated in the

AFFAIRS AT PRETORIA

Boer Newspaper Strongly Advocates Destruction of the Mines.

A despatch from Pretoria says:—The recent Boer reverses are causing a splendid display of patriotic ardour. Amazon corps are being formed, both here and in Johannesburg, with the object of releasing all available men for active service. The spirit of the burghers is running high, and they are determined to make a desperate resistance to the British. There is feverish activity in all the Government and military departments.

The Volksstem strenuously advocates the destruction of the Witwatersrand gold mines as a necessary military measure.

Michael Davitt, the Irish Nationalist, who came here ostensibly as the correspondent of a newspaper, has started on his return to Europe.

KILLED UNDER WHITE FLAG

Roberts' Report of the Latest Act of Boer Treachery.

The War Office posts the following despatch from Lord Roberts, under date of Kroonstad:

"Two officers and six men of Prince Alfred's Guards, while out foraging

Would have ignited the roof.

IT WAS THE FIERCEST FIRE

that the city has ever known, and the brigade were driven from point to point by the intensity of the flames. Several lines of hose were destroyed before they could be taken out, but there was no shirking from the arduous task that was before them.

It was about 3 o'clock in the morning when the fire originated in the boiler-room of the bicycle shop, a room attached to the main building. There were a few toolmakers at work, and when the flames were discovered an alarm was sent in from box 38, which is situated just across the canal at the end of the float.

There was a quick response, and meanwhile the south end of the large bicycle building was

A MASS OF FLAMES.

The wind was blowing downstream and fanned the fire to such an extent that it was readily seen that the Welland Vale shops were doomed.

From the bicycle shops the flames leaped across the lane to the office and the axe factory buildings, consuming the axe sharpening department, the general machine room, the forging department, the grinding room, and the carpenter shop. These buildings were of frame and of one storey and covered a large area.

The two large warehouses, which were filled with goods ready for shipment, escaped by the wind suddenly changing.

This will throw 500 men out of employment and cause a loss of half a million dollars.

AMOUNT OF INSURANCE.

The insurance on the property of the Welland Vale Manufacturing Co., and of the Canada Cycle and Motor Co., at St. Catharines, totalled \$253,000. Insurance men interested estimate the loss to the Welland Vale property at 85 per cent. and on the Canada Cycle and Motor property as total, or 95 per cent. on all.

FRENCH LOCATES BOERS.

They Will Make a Stand 30 Miles North of Kroonstad.

A despatch from London, Friday, says:—It is not known whether Gen. Roberts has again started on his northward march from Kroonstad. Correspondents at that place, in despatches dated Tuesday, report that Gen. French has located the Boers in strong force at Rhenoster spruit about 30 miles north. Gens. Delarey's, Botha's, and Olivier's commandoes, with several guns, are holding an entrenched position there. The impression is that they will fight at this place, and that this will be the last stand the Boers will make south of the Vaal river.

79 FATAL CASES.

Spread of the Bubonic Plague in Australia.

A despatch from Sydney, N. S. W., says:—Two hundred and thirty-five cases of the bubonic plague have thus far been officially reported. Of these 79 have proved fatal. A second death from the plague has occurred at Rockhampton, Queensland.

started on his return to Europe.

KILLED UNDER WHITE FLAG

Roberts' Report of the Latest Act of Boer Treachery.

The War Office posts the following despatch from Lord Roberts, under date of Kroonstad:

"Two officers and six men of Prince Alfred's Guards, while out foraging on Monday a few miles from Kroonstad, visited a farm flying a white flag, the owner of which surrendered himself with arms and ammunition. They then approached another farm, also flying a white flag. When within forty yards of the enclosure they were fired upon by fifteen or sixteen Boers, concealed behind the farm wall. Two of the men were killed, Lieut. F. B. Walton was wounded, and Lieut. W. B. Everton and two non-commissioned officers were taken prisoners.

"The owner of the farm states that the Boers threatened to shoot him when he protested against their making an improper use of the white flag."

CHALLENGE COMPARISON.

Another Tribute to Canada's Troops at the Front.

A despatch from London says:—When the last mails left South Africa the British army and the army of correspondents were engaged in the hardest task of all waiting for the word to advance. H. H. Pears, chief correspondent at the front of the London Daily News, brings out more clearly than has been done before the marvellous and varied composition of the British forces. He also takes occasion to pay the Canadian contingent one of the highest of the many compliments they have received. He writes:—

"To Canada we take off our hats. She has sent us, besides other worthy representatives, a regiment of infantry that wins admiration from every source. For marching, or endurance, or fighting it can challenge comparison with any battalion of Lord Roberts' army, and that is saying a great deal."

LANG'S NEK TUNNEL.

Blown Up With Dynamite and Completely Choked From End to End.

A despatch from Volksrust, on the Transvaal Border, via Lorenzo Marques, says:—The large tunnel at Laing's nek, which was 2,213 feet long and which afforded the only means of railway communication between Natal and the Transvaal, has just been completely destroyed by the Boers, who blew it up with dynamite.

A very large quantity of the explosive was used, and its effect was terrific. The shock was felt for a great distance from the tunnel, which is now completely choked up from end to end with huge masses of earth, and rock, which will require months and great engineering skill to remove.

All the commandoes are occupying fine strategic positions, and feel confident that they can easily repel any attempt by General Buller to enter the Transvaal by way of Laing's nek.

through the Taungs and Vryburg districts without encountering the enemy, and reached Maritzan river, 20 miles south of Mafeking, on Friday, May 11.

Reports of what happened afterward differ widely. One despatch declared that the relief force entered Mafeking unopposed, the siege having been already raised. Another despatch says:—

"The relief column as it approached Mafeking from the south was attacked by a strong force of Boers, who were repulsed. The column then pushed on, and the Boers retreated hurriedly. The rear guard continued in action for some time. The British casualties were slight."

CAPTURED BY HUTTON.

Colonials Surprise Commandant Botha's Brother and 24 Boers.

A despatch from London, says:—Following is the text of Lord Roberts' despatch to the War Office:—

"Kroonstad, May 18.—Methuen entered Hoopstad yesterday unopposed. Generals Duprey and Daniels and forty men have surrendered.

"Broadwood occupied Lindley yesterday, after slight opposition. Only two of our men were wounded. Steyn was not there, and his Government officials had left last Sunday.

"Hutton's mounted infantry yesterday surprised and captured, about thirty miles north-west of this place, Commandant Botha, Field Cornet Gassen, five Johannesburg policemen, and seventeen Boers. There were no casualties on our side.

"Buller reports that several Natal farmers are handing in arms."

HOT FIGHT AT MAFEKING.

British Garrison Captured Kruger's Grandson and Ninety Men.

A despatch from Lorenzo Marquez, dated Thursday, says that Commandant Eloff, grandson of President Kruger, with a patrol, entered Mafeking. Col. Baden-Powell opened fire on the burghers, killing 17 of them, and taking Eloff and 90 of his men prisoners.

A despatch from Pretoria, Tuesday, says:—An official bulletin announces that the Federal troops stormed and occupied the forts around Mafeking on Saturday morning. The same night the Federals were surrounded, losing, so far as known, 7 killed, 17 wounded, and a number taken prisoners. The British casualties are said to have been 50 killed and wounded.

GEN. RUNDLE'S MOVEMENTS

Still Several Days Behind Commandant Olivier's Commando.

A despatch from Winburg, says:—General Rundle reached Trommel, 28 miles from here on Friday, traversing exceedingly mountainous country. Commandant Olivier's commando is several days ahead of him, but stray patrols of Boers are watching Rundle's movements. His men are in splendid form in spite of long daily marches.

and No. 1, 100 west, and No. 2, 52c, east. Car lots, west, 52c, east.

Oats—Easy. White oats, at west, 26 1-2c; and east, 27 1-2c. Buckwheat—Quoted at 50 and 51c east.

Montreal, May 22.—Grain—some demand for oats, but the market is very quiet. V prices afloat as follows:—spring wheat, 71c to 71 1-2c; to 68 1-2c; rye, 60 1-2c to 62c; but 57 1-2c; No. 1 barley, 50c; No. 2 oats, 31 1-2c to 31 3-4c.

Flour—Demand for small improved and prices are steady. quote:—Winter patent, \$3.65; rollers, \$2.20 to \$3.45; in bags, \$1.60; Manitoba patents, \$3.7 strong bakers', \$4.50 to \$4.75.

Feed—There is a good demand for firm. We quote toba bran in bags \$17.50 to \$19.50 to \$20, mouille \$20 to tario bran in bulk \$19 and sh per ton.

Meal—Prices show no change; lots are selling at \$3.40 per bu at \$1.60 per bag.

Cheese—The market is quiet. 1-2c for western white and 1 western colored and 10 1-4c f ern white.

Butter—There is a good and creamery is firm at 17 1-2c.

Eggs—The market is moderate and firm at 11 1-2c and 12 choice.

Provisions—There is good for lard and smoked meat quote:—Heavy Canadian sh mess, \$18 to \$18.50; short cut b to \$17.50, selected heavy short pork, boneless, special quality \$19.50, and heavy mess pork, 1 \$17 to \$17.50; pure Canadian l to 10 1-2c per lb. and compound at 7c to 8c per lb; hams 12c and bacon 11 1-2c to 13c per lb. Buffalo, May 22.—Spring wh 1 hard, spot, round lots, 72 7-Northern, spot, carloads, 71 3.—Light enquiry; No. 2 yellow, 8 yellow, 42 1-2c; No. 2 corn, 3 corn, 41 1-2c asked. Oats and easy; No. 2 white, 28 1-2c; 3-4c; No. 4 white, 27 1-4c; No. 1 26 1-2c; No. 3 mixed, 26c asked. No. 1 nominally 60 1-2c; No. 1 track or store. Flour—Quiet, s

Chicago, May 22.—Flaxseed North, West and South-West, c May, \$1.80; September, \$1.27 October, \$1.22 bid; \$1.22 1-2 as Detroit, May 22. —Wheat No. 1 white, cash, 73c; No. 2 r 72 3-4c; July, 71 7-8c.

MORE FIGHTING

Thirty Boers Killed and W in Cape Colony.

A despatch from Upington Colony, reports that district still unsettled. Small bodies bels are roaming about the. One party looted a store at G in the neighbourhood of Upin Tuesday. There has been a at Koegas, in which it is sta thirty of Orpen's Horse bro Boers to bay, and killed 15 and ed 15 of them.

ETS OF THE WORLD

Grain, Cattle, Cheese, &c., the Leading Markets.

May 22.—For an off day the markets were heavy this morning, and of 72 carloads of live stock to the western cattle yards, 1,100 hogs, 1,000 cattle, 300 earlings, and sheep, 30 calves, and 200 milkers.

The cattle was unchanged and the choice stuff ranged from \$4.85 and \$4.90, with \$5 as a premium for selections.

The butcher cattle was steady, but the grades were inclined to weaken on account of the large supply. The hogs were left over.

The sheep, while not quotably, had a decidedly weaker tendency.

The cattle was steady and unchanged. The hogs, scaling from 160 lbs. to 250, the top price is 61-8c; the light hogs 55-8c; and light hogs 55-8c.

The range of quotations is the range of quotations.

Cattle.

per cwt.	\$4.25	\$5.00
choice, do.	3.75	4.25
med. to good.	3.25	3.62-1-2
inferior.	2.50	3.00
per cwt.	3.00	3.75

Sheep and Lambs.

per cwt.	4 00	4 50
choice, do.	5 25	6 25
lambs, each.	2 50	4 50
per cwt.	3 25	3 75

Milkers and Calves.

choice, do.	25 00	45 00
inferior.	2 60	10 00

Hogs.

choice, do.	6 00	6 12-1-2
choice, do.	5 00	5 37-1-2
choice, do.	5 00	5 62-1-2
choice, do.	3 00	3 12-1-2
choice, do.	2 00	2 12-1-2

May 22.—Wheat.—Local wheat was easier, and business generally. Manitobas eased off 1-2c. The prices are as follows:—Ontario, white, 64 1-2 to 65c; north, 65 1-2 to 66c; east, 66c; goose, 67c; west, 67c; spring, 68c; Manitoba No. 1 hard, 70c; and west, 70c; and 78c, g.l.t., lake.

Quiet. Straight roller, in bags, middle freights, \$2.50 bid, and \$2.60 asked. Special wood, \$2.90 to \$3.

Dall. Bran, \$13.50 to \$14.50; shorts, \$14.50 to \$15 asked.

Lower, in sympathy with No. 2 American yellow at 44c; track here; and mixed at 44c. 57-1-2c, north and west, and 57-1-2c. Car lots are quoted nominally.

No. 2, 42c west, and 43c east; 1, 43c west, and 44c east. Quiet. Car lots, west, 51c; and east, 52c.

Easy. White oats, north and west, 27-1-2c; east, 27-1-2c.

Quoted at 50c west, and 51c east.

May 22.—Grain.—There is a demand for oats, but otherwise the market is very quiet. We quote the following:—Ontario, 71c to 71 1-2c; peas, 68c to 69 1-2c; buckwheat, 60 1-2c to 62c.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Notes of Proceedings in the National Legislature.

ROYAL MINT IN CANADA.

Colonel Prior asked if there had been any recent communication with the Imperial Government respecting the establishing of a branch of the Royal Mint in Canada. There was a strong feeling all over the country, especially in British Columbia, that there should be a mint in the Dominion. A large quantity of bullion was going to San Francisco, and with a mint here the gold would be retained in Canada, so that supplies which were now purchased in the United States would be bought here.

Mr. Fielding said there had been some negotiations between the department of Finance and the Home Government, but not recently. It was by no means clear that the establishment of a Royal Mint in Canada under the same terms and conditions as in the case of Australia would serve the purposes of the Dominion. It must be borne in mind that the Australian and English sovereign was the same, but the fact of our five-dollar piece being different created an important difficulty. The matter was engaging the attention of the Government, but he was not in a position to make any definite statement.

MEMBERS APPOINTED.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, in reply to Mr. E. F. Clarke, gave the names of nineteen members of Parliament who resigned their seats in the Commons and were appointed to positions between November 1, 1873, and November 1, 1878, and of two other members of Parliament who, after dissolution, were also appointed to positions.

LEPER PATIENTS.

Mr. Prior was informed by Mr. Fisher that there were 19 patients in Tracadie Lazaretto. Of these 14 are from New Brunswick, 1 from Prince Edward, 3 from Manitoba and 1 from Nova Scotia. Mr. Fisher added that he had been informed that there were lepers on Darcy Island in British Columbia, but he had never been requested to remove them to Tracadie, and the Dominion Government had refused to assume the cost of their maintenance in British Columbia, because such patients were legally a charge upon the province.

CANADIAN EXHIBIT AT PARIS.

In reply to Mr. Foster, Mr. Fisher said that the Canadian exhibit at Paris is, with the exception of the German, the most advanced towards completion. With respect to the cold-storage exhibit, Professor Robertson had succeeded in having the desired changes made at small cost, and the exhibit will be nearly if not quite concluded in ten days.

THE CANADIAN CONTINGENTS.

Dr. Borden, replying to Mr. E. F. Clarke, said that it was impossible to give the cost of provisioning the second Canadian contingent separately. The Government has paid \$140,573.60 to the Elder-Dempster Line on account, which includes the charge of the contingent.

KRUGER SUES FOR PEACE.

A Message Said to Have Been Received in London.

A despatch from London, Monday, says:—Displayed in the most conspicuous style in the Daily Express is the dominant war news of the morning:—

"We have the best reason for saying that in the last 24 hours a telegram has been received at the Foreign Office, addressed personally to the Prime Minister, from President Kruger, proposing terms of peace."

"The exact terms of the message cannot be stated, but we believe it is couched in an exceedingly humble strain."

It is inconceivable, of course, that Lord Salisbury can have sent any reply except the one that stands ready on the lip of every Briton, "unconditional surrender."

Rumours come from Lorenzo Marques and elsewhere that the Boers are sick of the war, and that President Kruger is seeking peace.

The correspondent of the London Times at Lorenzo Marques says it is the common belief there that the Boers are thoroughly disheartened.

The basis for this statement is the testimony of the most recent arrivals from Pretoria. They say the residents are quite unable to predict whether the capital is to be defended or not. The archives are said to be already loaded for removal to Lydenburg. On the other hand, nothing has been done to strengthen the natural defences in the region of Lydenburg. The talk of removing the Government to that place may be a ruse to delude Gen. Roberts into the belief that Pretoria will make no resistance. The Boer ruling clique is said to be quite unable to agree as to what ought to be done. Judging from the present demoralization among the Boers it is improbable that any considerable number of them will submit to the investment of Pretoria. President Kruger's chief aim is to prolong the campaign so as to enable the peace mission to do something to justify the lavish expenditure of Transvaal gold, which has taken place in Europe and America."

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES

Newsy Items About Ourselves and Our Neighbors—Something of Interest From Every Quarter of the Globe.

CANADA.

The Bisley team will sail for England on June 22.

The C.P.R. Imperial Limited will begin running again on June 11.

The Yukon garrison is to be withdrawn upon the opening of navigation. The E. B. Eddy Company, of Hull, will re-erect all their buildings destroyed by fire.

A delegation from Kentucky will shortly visit Manitoba and the Northwest, to "spy out the land."

The hospital at Regina is full of diphtheria, brought there, it is said, by the recruits to the Northwest Mounted Police.

The railway crop reports in Manitoba state that wheat is well advanced and earlier than usual, but is in need of rain.

Over 4,000 immigrants, it is expected, will have passed through Montreal for the Northwest before the end of this week.

The vault and safe of Mr. R. G. Baxter's private bank at Burlington were wrecked with nitro-glycerine on Friday night, but \$1,300 in the bank was overlooked by the thieves.

Roman Catholic bishops of Quebec, who form the Council of Public Instruction, will make the teaching of the English language compulsory in the schools under their jurisdiction.

The eight-year-old daughter of Mr. [Name] of [Location] was [Event].

as his wife, the Princess Louise, objects to living in the antipodes.

J. E. Howard, of New South Wales, offers the British Admiralty a new submarine torpedo boat, which can travel backwards as well as forwards without turning, sinks below the surface without plunging, and fires a torpedo which fastens itself, by a suction arrangement, against the ship's bottom. The Admiralty has not yet ordered a trial test.

UNITED STATES.

A Chicago boy was fined \$25 for killing song birds.

The street car men's strike at St. Louis has been settled.

Forest fires in Alleghany Mountains destroyed \$1,000,000 worth of timber.

During April the exports of merchandise from the United States increased \$30,000,000.

The India famine relief committee at New York is seeking aid from every city in the United States.

A mob seized a negro named Wilson, from a train near Augusta, Ga., on Saturday night, and hanged him in the woods.

Dr. F. S. Morris, New York, uses homing pigeons in his practice. He leaves the birds with his patients and gets reports by them.

The appropriations at this session of the United States Congress will be \$200,000,000 less than two years ago, when the Spanish-American war was on.

GENERAL.

Russia will equip the entire Black Sea fleet with wireless telegraphy.

Empress Frederick, mother of the Emperor of Germany, is seriously ill.

An official bulletin shows that Cuba lost 200,000 residents during the civil war.

—Quiet. Car lots, west, 51c; and east, 52c.

—Easy. White oats, north and west, 26 1/2c; and east, 27 1/2c.

—Wheat.—Quoted at 50c west, 51c east.

—Treat, May 22.—Grain.—There is demand for oats, but otherwise market is very quiet. We quote as follows:—Ontario wheat, 71c to 71 1/2c; peas, 68c to 69c; rye, 60 1/2c to 62c; buckwheat, No. 1 barley, 50c; No. 2, 48 1/2c; 31 1/2c to 31 3/4c.

—Demand for small lots has increased and prices are steady. We quote:—Winter patent, \$3.65; straight, \$3.20 to \$3.45; in bags, \$1.55 to \$1.75; Manitoba patents, \$3.75 to \$4; bakers', \$4.50 to \$4.75.

—There is a good demand and prices are firm. We quote:—Manitoba in bags \$17.50 to \$18, shorts to \$20, mouille \$20 to \$25; On-bran in bulk \$19 and shorts \$20.

—Prices show no change. Small lots selling at \$3.40 per barrel and 10 per bag.

—The market is quiet at 10 or western white and 103-8 for red colored and 101-4c for east white.

—There is a good demand and prices are firm at 17 1/4c to 17 1/2c.

—The market is moderately active and firm at 11 1/2c and 12 1/2c for

—There is good demand and prices are firm. We quote:—Heavy Canadian short cut \$18 to \$18.50; short cut back, \$17.50, selected heavy short cut mess boneless, special quality, \$19 to \$20; and heavy mess pork, long cut, \$17.50, pure Canadian lard, 9 1/2c to 10c per lb, and compound refined to 8c per lb; hams 12c to 14c; corn 11 1/2c to 13c per lb.

—Treat, May 22.—Spring wheat.—No. 1, spot, round lots, 72 7/8c; No. 1, spot, carloads, 71 3/8c. Corn enquiry; No. 2 yellow, 43c; No. 1, 42 1/2c; No. 2 corn, 42c; No. 1, 41 1/2c asked. Oats.—Quiet; No. 2 white, 28 1/2c; No. 3 27 1/2c; No. 4 white, 27 1/4c; No. 2 mixed, 26c; No. 3 mixed, 26c asked. Rye.—Nominally 60 1/2c; No. 2 60c on or store. Flour.—Quiet, steady.

—Treat, May 22.—Flaxseed closed; West and South-West, cash, and \$1.80; September, \$1.27 1/2 bid; or, \$1.22 bid; \$1.22 1/2 asked.

—Treat, May 22.—Wheat closed:—white, cash, 73c; No. 2 red, cash, 71c; July, 71 7/8c.

BOERS FIGHTING.

—Boers Killed and Wounded in Cape Colony.

—Despatch from Upington, Cape Colony, reports that district as being unsettled. Small bodies of men are roaming about the country. A party looted a store at Gootdrink in the neighbourhood of Upington, on May 21. There has been a skirmish in which it is stated that 300 of Orpen's Horse brought 300 to bay, and killed 15 and wounded 20.

—Despatch from Cape Colony, reports that Dr. Borden had succeeded in having the desired changes made at small cost, and the exhibit will be nearly if not quite concluded in ten days.

THE CANADIAN CONTINGENTS.

Dr. Borden, replying to Mr. E. F. Clarke, said that it was impossible to give the cost of provisioning the second Canadian contingent separately. The Government has paid \$140,573.60 to the Elder-Dempster Line on account, which includes the charge of twenty shillings per ton per month and the cost of fitting, coaling and provisioning the boats. The accounts have not yet been received in detail and adjusted. There was no separate amount charged for officers as distinct from the men, a lump sum being charged for all the contingent. Certain names from whom supplies might be purchased were suggested to the steamship companies, but they were not restricted to this list, or to any list.

LEGAL RATE OF INTEREST.

Mr. Fielding introduced a bill to amend the Expropriation Act, and also a bill to amend the Act Respecting Interest. He explained that both measures were intended to provide that the legal rate of interest should be 5 per cent. instead of 6 per cent., as at present. This rate, of course, only applies in the absence of any agreement between the parties concerned.

UNION JACK HOISTED.

Gen. Hunter Raises the British Flag at Christiana.

A despatch from London, Thursday, says:—Despatches from the Fourteen Streams district indicate that General Hunter advanced along the north bank of the Vaal river as far as Christiana. A reconnaissance showed that the Boers had evacuated this place, and were retreating. General Hunter thereupon marched in at the head of his division without opposition, and for the first time since the outbreak of the war hoisted the British flag in the Transvaal. As the Union Jack was given to the breeze the troops cheered for the Queen, and a band played the National Anthem. It is reported that General Hunter subsequently advanced in the direction of Klerksdorp, 100 miles south-west of Johannesburg, but this is not confirmed.

KRUGER GETTING READY.

The Boer Capital Will Be Removed to the Mountains.

A despatch to the London Times from Lorenzo Marques says there seems to be no longer any doubt that it is the intention of the Transvaal to transfer the seat of Government to Lydenburg, and to endeavour to make a final stand there. The Volksraad is reported to have endorsed the proposal.

The despatch adds that there is general talk in Pretoria that President Kruger is contemplating an immediate departure from the capital. A number of officials are already preparing for flight. It is stated that State Secretary Reitz has chosen South America as his future home.

of this week.

The vault and safe of Mr. R. G. Baxter's private bank at Burlington were wrecked with nitro-glycerine on Friday night, but \$1,200 in the bank was overlooked by the thieves.

Roman Catholic bishops of Quebec, who form the Council of Public Instruction, will make the teaching of the English language compulsory in the schools under their jurisdiction.

The eight-year-old daughter of Mr. Emerson Main of Galt was very seriously burned on Friday by a firecracker thrown on her dress. Mrs. Main received painful injuries in putting out the fire.

At Brockville the little son of Michael Costello, while playing with a collie dog, was suddenly attacked most viciously by the dog, which lacerated the child's face and throat and chewed off one ear.

The returns of navigation at Montreal show a falling off in the number of inward bound vessels, as compared with last year, owing to the number of vessels that are still in the service of the British Government as transports.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Queen distributed flowers and conversed with the wounded at Netley Hospital Wednesday.

The khaki craze has gone so far in London that they are now painting statuary that colour.

The London County Council is considering a plan for nine miles of underground railroads.

Richard Croker, jr., New York, purchased the famous bull dog, Raduly Stone in London, for \$1,000.

The Canadian salmon ova sent to Scotland last month have hatched out well and the fry are healthy.

The rumour that Lord Beresford was to resign the command of the Mediterranean fleet is officially denied.

The new Royal Ulster Steamship Company propose to run a line of fast freight steamers between New York and Liverpool.

The British National Rifle Association has been asked to submit a plan for rifle clubs, as advocated by Lord Salisbury in a recent address.

The Archbishop of Canterbury argued at the annual meeting of the London Temperance Council for the necessity of adopting Sunday closing as a rallying cry.

The Jewish Colonization Association must pay to the English Government \$6,250,000 in succession duties on the estate of \$10,000,000 left to the association by the late Baron Hirsch.

An armoured road train built for the War Office, was tried yesterday at Leeds. The trial, though under severe conditions, was successful, and the train will proceed to South Africa at once.

The Marquis of Lonsdowne has introduced a bill to extend the powers of the volunteer act, by providing that volunteers may be mobilized in any great emergency, instead of only to repel actual invasion.

The Duke of Argyll, formerly the Marquis of Lorne, who has been offered the first Governor-Generalship of Australia under the Commonwealth bill, is not, it is said, likely to accept.

The appropriations at this session of the United States Congress will be \$200,000,000 less than two years ago when the Spanish-American war was on.

GENERAL.

Russia will equip the entire Black Sea fleet with wireless telegraphy. Empress Frederick, mother of the Emperor of Germany, is seriously ill.

An official bulletin shows that Cuba lost 200,000 residents during the civil war.

German newspaper publishers will erect their own paper mills because of the trust's high prices.

There are now under arrest and awaiting trial in Serbia, no fewer than 3,000 political prisoners.

In Madras two policemen caused a riot. Eleven people were killed, sixteen wounded and sixty arrested.

Mount Vesuvius is again in eruption, and spectators are forbidden to approach within a certain distance.

Russian spies have found Japan is the one country in the world where officials cannot be bribed or cajoled.

Lionel Dede, an African explorer, sends word of trouble in the Congo Free State territory, where, he says, the Germans have seized a large extent of territory claimed by Belgium.

The outbreak of cholera in the famine relief camps in India has resulted in breaking up some of the camps, and in consequence the number of persons seeking relief has declined.

R. G. Reid, of Newfoundland, proprietor of the railway that crosses the colony, is said to be anxious to dispose of his interests in the railway to an English syndicate.

Russia's fortifications at Port Arthur are being pushed up very rapidly, and troops and supplies are arriving. About 100,000 coolies have been sent to Manchuria to build the railway to Port Arthur.

Emperor Francis Joseph's cordiality towards Russia, is displeasing to the high political authorities at Berlin. Emperor William and the German Foreign Office generally are very much surprised at Austria's pro-Russian favor.

RETURNED BRITISH MAXIM.

Gun Captured at Nicholson's Nek Surrendered by the Boers.

A despatch from London, says:—A despatch from Bennet Burleigh to the Daily Telegraph from Kroonstad, says that the Boers have returned to the British a Maxim gun they captured at Nicholson's Nek.

NEWCASTLE NOT DAMAGED.

Burgers Even Appointed British Subjects to Local Offices.

A despatch from Newcastle, Natal, says:—This town was little damaged by the Boers during their occupancy. The residents pay tribute to the burghers for their considerate treatment, including the appointment of British subjects to local offices.

A strong company has been formed at King'ston to operate smelting works. It is expected that building operations will be commenced in a few weeks.

J. Habakuk Jephson's Statement

11 p.m.—A misfortune has occurred so unexpected and so horrible that my little escape of the morning dwindles into insignificance. Mrs. Tibbs and her child have disappeared—utterly and entirely disappeared. I can hardly compose myself to write the sad details. About half past eight Tibbs rushed into my cabin with a very white face and asked me if I had seen his wife. I answered that I had not. He then ran wildly into the saloon and began groping about for any trace of her, while I followed him, endeavoring vainly to persuade him that his fears were ridiculous. We hunted over the ship for an hour and a half without coming on any sign of the missing woman or child. Poor Tibbs lost his voice completely from calling her name. Even the sailors, who are generally stolid enough, were deeply affected by the sight of him as he roamed bareheaded and disheveled about the deck, searching with feverish anxiety the most impossible places, and returning to them again and again with a piteous pertinacity. The last time she was seen was about seven o'clock, when she took Duddy on to the poop to give him a breath of fresh air before putting him to bed. There was no one there at the time except the black seaman at the wheel who denies having seen her at all. The whole affair is wrapped in mystery. My own theory is that while Mrs. Tibbs was holding the child and standing near the bulwarks it gave a spring and fell overboard, and that in her convulsive attempt to catch or save it, she followed it. I can not account for the double disappearance in any other way. It is quite feasible that such a tragedy should be enacted without the knowledge of the man at the wheel, since it was dark at the time, and the peaked skylights of the saloon screen the greater part of the quarter-deck. Whatever the truth may be, it is a terrible catastrophe, and has cast the darkest gloom upon our voyage. The mate has put the ship about, but of course there is not the slightest hope of picking them up. The captain is lying in a state of stupor in his cabin. I gave him a powerful dose of opium in his coffee, that for a few hours at least his anguish may be deadened.

October, 23d.—Woke with a vague feeling of heaviness and misfortune, but it was not until a few moments' reflection that I was able to recall our loss of the night before. When I came on deck I saw the poor skipper standing gazing back at the waste of waters behind us which contains everything dear to him upon earth. I attempted to speak to him, but he turned brusquely away, and began pacing the deck with his head sunk upon his breast. Even now, when the truth is so clear, he can not pass a boat or an unbenet sail without peering under it. He looks ten years older than he did yesterday morning. Harton is terribly cut up, for he was fond of little Duddy, and Goring seems sorry too. At least he has shut himself up in his cabin all day, and when I got a casual glance at him his head was resting on his two hands, as if in a melancholy reverie. I fear we are about as dismal a crew as ever sailed. How shocked my wife will be to hear of our disaster! The swell has gone down now, and we are doing about eight knots with all sail set and a nice little breeze. Hyson is practically in command of the ship, as Tibbs, though he does his best to bear up and keep a brave front, is incapable of applying himself to serious work.

October 24th.—Is the ship accursed? Was there ever a voyage which began so fairly and which changed so disas-

which shall outvie De Quincey. In any case it is no business of ours.

October 27th, 28th.—Wind still fair, and we are making good progress. Strange how easily a human unit may drop out of its place and be forgotten! Tibbs is hardly ever mentioned now; Hyson has taken possession of his cabin, and all goes on as before. Were it not for Mrs. Tibbs' sewing-machine upon a side-table we might forget that the unfortunate family had ever existed. Another accident occurred on board to-day, though fortunately not a very serious one. One of our white hands had gone down the after-hold to fetch up a spare coil of rope, when one of the hatches which he had removed came crashing down on the top of him. He saved his life by springing out of the way, but one of his feet was terribly crushed, and he will be of little use for the remainder of the voyage. He attributes the accident to the carelessness of his negro companion, who had helped him to shift the hatches. The latter, however, puts it down to the roll of the ship. Whatever be the cause, it reduces our short-handed crew still further. This run of ill-luck seems to be depressing Harton, for he has lost his usual good spirits and joviality. Goring is the only one who preserves his cheerfulness. I see him still working at his chart in his own cabin. His nautical knowledge would be useful should anything happen to Hyson—which God forbid!

October 29th, 30th.—Still bowling along with a fresh breeze. All quiet and nothing of note to chronicle.

October 31st.—My weak lungs, combined with the exciting episodes of the voyage, have shaken my nervous system so much that the most trivial incident affects me. I can hardly believe that I am the same man who tied the external iliac artery, an operation requiring the nicest precision, under a heavy rifle fire at Antietam. I am as nervous as a child. I was lying half dozing last night about four bells in the middle watch, trying in vain to drop into a refreshing sleep. There was no light inside my cabin, but a single ray of moonlight streamed in through the port-hole, throwing a silvery flickering circle upon the door. As I lay I kept my drowsy eyes upon this circle, and was conscious that it was gradually becoming less well defined as my senses left me, when I was suddenly recalled to full wakefulness by the appearance of a small dark object in the very center of the luminous disk. I lay quietly and breathlessly watching it. Gradually it grew larger and plainer, and then I perceived that it was a human hand which had been cautiously inserted through the chink of the half-closed door—a hand which, as I observed with a thrill of horror, was not provided with fingers. The door swung cautiously backward, and Goring's head followed his hand. It appeared in the center of the moonlight, and was framed, as it were, in a ghastly, uncertain halo, against which his features showed out plainly. It seemed to me that I had never seen such an utterly fiendish and merciless expression upon a human face. His eyes were dilated and glaring, his lips drawn back so as to show his white fangs, and his straight black hair appeared to bristle over his low forehead like the hood of a cobra. The sudden and noiseless apparition had such an effect upon me that I sprang up in bed trembling in every limb, and held out my hand toward my revolver. I was heartily ashamed of my hastiness when he explained the object of his intrusion, as he immediately did in the most courteous language. He had been suffering from toothache, poor fellow! and had come in to beg

the plantation, and the surprise of Goring on its first production, I can not but come to the conclusion, that I have really got hold of some powerful talisman which appeals to the whole dark race. I must not trust it in Goring's hands again.

November 8th, 9th.—What splendid weather we are having! Beyond one little blow, we have had nothing but fresh breezes the whole voyage. These two days we have made better runs than any hitherto. It is a pretty thing to watch the spray fly up from our prow as it cuts through the waves. The sun shines through it and breaks it up into a number of miniature rainbows—"sundogs," the sailors call them. I stood on the foc'sle-head for several hours to-day watching the effect, and surrounded by a halo of prismatic colors. The steersman has evidently told the other blacks about my wonderful stone, for I am treated by them all with the greatest respect. Talking about optical phenomena, we had a curious one yesterday evening which was pointed out to me by Hyson. This was the appearance of a triangular, well-defined object high up in the heavens to the north of us. He explained that it was exactly like the Peak of Teneriffe as seen from a great distance—the peak was, however, at that moment at least five hundred miles to the south. It may have been a cloud, or it may have been one of those strange reflections of which one reads. The weather is very warm. The mate says that he never knew it so warm in these latitudes. Played chess with Harton in the evening.

November 10th.—It is getting warmer and warmer. Some land birds came and perched in the rigging to-day, though we are still a considerable way from our destination. The heat is so great that we are too lazy to do anything but lounge about the decks and smoke. Goring came over to me to-day and asked me some more questions about my stone; but I answered him rather shortly, for I have not quite forgiven him yet for the cool way in which he attempted to deprive me of it.

November 11th, 12th.—Still making good progress. I had no idea Portugal was ever as hot as this, but no doubt it is cooler on land. Hyson himself seemed surprised at it, and so do the men.

November 13th.—A most extraordinary event has happened, so extraordinary as to be almost inexplicable. Either Hyson has blundered wonderfully, or some magnetic influence has disturbed our instruments. Just about day-break the watch on the foc'sle-head shouted out that he heard the sound of surf ahead, and Hyson thought he saw the loom of land. The ship was put about, and, though no lights were seen, none of us doubted that we had struck the Portuguese coast a little sooner than we had expected. What was our surprise to see the scene which was revealed to us at day-break! As far as we could look on either side was one long line of surf, great billows rolling in and breaking into a cloud of foam. But behind the surf what was there? Not the green of Portugal, but a great sandy shore of Portugal but a great sandy waste which stretched away and away until it blended with the sky-line. To right and left, look where you would, there was nothing but yellow sand, heaped in some places into fantastic mounds, some of them several hundred feet high, while in other parts were long stretches as level apparently as a billiard board. Harton and I, who had come on deck together, looked at each other in astonishment, and Harton burst out laughing. Hyson is exceedingly mortified at the occurrence, and protests that the instruments have been tampered with. There is no doubt that this is the mainland of Africa, and that it was really the Peak of Teneriffe which we saw some days ago upon the northern horizon. At the time when we saw the land birds we must have been passing some of the Canary Islands. If we continued on the same course we are now to

AS ROYALTY SEES TH

WHAT HAS BEEN WRITTEN IN THE DUCHESS OF FIFE'S ALBUM

Quaint Admissions by Members of the British Royal Family—Prince Wales Still Likes Gosh.

In an album which the Duchess of Fife has kept for many years entered the personal opinions, peculiar tastes and impressions of every member of the English family. Several pages are devoted to likes and dislikes.

The following extracts give interesting glimpses of the real life and inclinations of the leading personages. The Prince of Wales who loves freedom and natural every respect, writes;—

WHEN THE PRINCE IS HAPPY

"I am happiest when I have public engagements to fulfill; I can forget that I am 'Your Highness,' and can smoke a good cigar and read a good when, like plain Mr. Jous, I to a race meeting without chronicled in the papers the day that the Prince of Wales began to gambling very seriously yesterday lost more money than he can afford to pay; when shake hands and talk to Sir I Clark without it being rum that 'the Prince of Wales is opposed to the present war'; I can spend a quiet evening at with the Princess and my fam "I am unhappiest when I have a raging toothache, and have to tend some social function, when must smile as pleasantly as I never had a pain in my life

PRINCESS DISLIKES GUSH

The Princess of Wales has taken:—"I dislike all those women talk about a thing being 'jolly,' who think it 'good fun' to smoke cigarettes, who really have something secret in you, and who talk about their husbands." What I love is too to give to the world; what I of no interest to the world." The Duke of York writes:—"I am a sailor, and every sailor to fuss. Don't show this to the D Give me a good dinner, a good companion, a good smoke, a good of grog, and then I dislike r and nobody in the world."

PRIDE IN HER CHILDREN

The Duchess of York remarks:—"I dislike every woman who thinks her children more beautiful than I and I like every one who loves Queen."

The Duke of Edinburgh writes:—"I cannot specify thoroughly my likes and dislikes, but can say when happy and when unhappy. I am happy when I am told I don't look above thirty; unhappy when I am told I look like sixty. I am unhappy when I have to make a public appearance when I have made it."

The Duchess of Fife is an extremely reticent member of the royal family. She has written in her own album:—"What I dislike more than anything else in the world is being galed. I dislike what is called popular plause. I am only perfectly happy in my family circle. This is the secret of my Royal Shyness."

The Queen has written:—"Gosh is so good to me, given me so

as if in a melancholy reverie. I fear we are about as dismal a crew as ever sailed. How shocked my wife will be to hear of our disaster! The swell has gone down now, and we are doing about eight knots with all sail set and a nice little breeze. Hyson is practically in command of the ship, as Tibbs, though he does his best to bear up and keep a brave front, is incapable of applying himself to serious work.

October 24th.—Is the ship accursed? Was there ever a voyage which began so fairly and which changed so disastrously? Tibbs shot himself through the head during the night. I was awakened about three o'clock in the morning by an explosion, and immediately sprung out of bed and rushed into the captain's cabin to find out the cause, though with a terrible presentiment in my heart. Quickly as I went, Goring went more quickly still, for he was already in the cabin stooping over the dead body of the captain. It was a hideous sight, for the whole front of his face was blown in, and the little room was swimming in blood. The pistol was lying beside him on the floor, just as it had dropped from his hand. He had evidently put it to his mouth before pulling the trigger. Goring and I picked him reverently up and laid him on the bed. The crew had all clustered into his cabin, and the six white men were deeply grieved, for they were old hands who had sailed with him many years. There were dark looks and murmurs among them, too, and one of them openly declared the ship was haunted. Harton helped to lay the poor skipper out, and we did him up in canvas between us. At twelve o'clock the foreyard was hauled back, and we committed his body to the deep, Goring reading the Church of England burial service. The breeze has freshened up, and we have done ten knots all day and sometimes twelve. The sooner we reach Lisbon and get away from this accursed ship the better pleased shall I be. I feel as though we were in a floating coffin. Little wonder that the poor sailors are superstitious when I, an educated man, feel it so strongly.

October 25th.—Made a good run all day. Feel listless and depressed.

October 26th.—Goring, Harton, and I had a chat together on deck in the morning. Harton tried to draw Goring out as to his profession and his object in going to Europe, but he quardoon parried all his questions and gave us no information. Indeed, he seemed to be slightly offended by Harton's pertinacity, and went down into his cabin. I wonder why we should both take such an interest in this man? I suppose it is his striking appearance, coupled with his apparent wealth, which piques our curiosity. Harton has a theory that he is really a detective, that he is after some criminal who has got away to Portugal, and that he has chosen this peculiar way of traveling that he may arrive unnoticed and pounce upon his quarry unawares. I think the supposition is rather a far-fetched one, but Harton bases it upon a book which Goring left on deck, and which he picked up and glanced over. It was a sort of scrap-book, it seems, and contained a large number of newspaper cuttings. All these cuttings related to murders which had been committed at various times in the States during the last twenty years or so. The curious thing which Harton observed about them, however, was that they were invariably murders the authors of which had never been brought to justice. They varied in every detail, he says, as to the manner of execution and the social status of the victim, but they uniformly wound up with the same formula that the murderer was still at large, though, of course, the police had every reason to expect his speedy capture. Certainly the incident seems to support Harton's theory, though it may be a mere whim of Goring's, or, as I suggested to Harton, he may be collecting materials for a book

less expression upon a human face. His eyes were dilated and glaring, his lips drawn back so as to show his white fangs, and his straight black hair appeared to bristle over his low forehead like the hood of a cobra. The sudden and noiseless apparition had such an effect upon me that I sprang up in bed trembling in every limb, and held out my hand toward my revolver. I was heartily ashamed of my haughtiness when he explained the object of his intrusion, as he immediately did in the most courteous language. He had been suffering from toothache, poor fellow! and had come in to beg some laudanum, knowing that I possessed a medicine chest. As to his sinister expression he is never a beauty, and what with my state of nervous tension and the effect of the shifting moonlight, it was easy to conjure up something horrible. I gave him twenty drops, and he went off again with many expressions of gratitude. I can hardly say how much this trivial incident affected me. I have felt unstrung all day.

A week's record of our voyage is here omitted, as nothing eventful occurred during the time, and my log consists merely of a few pages of unimportant gossip.

November 7th.—Harton and I sat on the poop all the morning, for the weather is becoming very warm as we come into southern latitudes. We reckon that we have done two thirds of our voyage. How glad we shall be to see the green banks of the Tagus, and leave this unlucky ship forever! I was endeavoring to amuse Harton to-day and to while away the time by telling him some of the experiences of my past life. Among others I related to him how I came into the possession of my black stone, and as a final I rummaged in the side pocket of my old shooting-coat and produced the identical object in question. He and I was bending over it together I pointing out to him the curious ridges upon its surface, when we were conscious of a shadow falling between us and the sun, and looking round, saw Goring standing behind us glaring over our shoulders at the stone. For some reason or other he appeared to be powerfully excited, though he was evidently trying to control himself and to conceal his emotion. He pointed once or twice at my relic with his stubby thumb before he could recover himself sufficiently to ask what it was and how I obtained it—a question put in such a brusque manner that I should have been offended had I not known the man to be an eccentric. I told him the story very much as I had told it to Harton. He listened with the deepest interest, and then asked me if I had any idea what the stone was. I said I had not, beyond that it was meteoric. He asked me if I had ever tried its effect upon a negro. I said I had not. "Come," said he, "we'll see what our black friend at the wheel thinks of it." He took the stone in his hand and went across to the sailor, and the two examined it carefully. I could see the man gesticulating and nodding his head excitedly as if making some assertion, while his face betrayed the utmost astonishment, mixed, I think, with some reverence. Goring came across the deck to us presently, still holding the stone in his hand. "He says it is a worthless thing," he said, "and fit only to be chucked overboard," with which he raised his hand and would most certainly have made an end of my relic had the black sailor behind him not rushed forward and seized him by the wrist. Finding himself secured, Goring dropped the stone and turned away with a very bad grace to avoid my angry remonstrances at his breach of faith. The black picked up the stone and handed it to me with a low bow and a sign of profound respect. The whole affair is inexplicable. I am rapidly coming to the conclusion that Goring is a maniac or something very near one. When I compare the effect produced by the stone upon the sailor, however, with the respect shown to Martha on

stretches as level apparently as a billiard board. Harton and I, who had come on deck together, looked at each other in astonishment, and Harton burst out laughing. Hyson is exceedingly mortified at the occurrence, and protests that the instruments have been tampered with. There is no doubt that this is the mainland of Africa, and that it was really the Peak of Teneriffe which we saw some days ago upon the northern horizon. At the time when we saw the land birds we must have been passing some of the Canary Islands. If we continued on the same course, we are now to the north of Cape Blanco, near the unexplored country which skirts the great Sahara. All we can do is to rectify our instruments as far as possible and start afresh for our destination.

To Be Continued.

COWED.

Captious Critic. Oh, come now, you don't mean to say seriously that is a portrait of Gen. Sir Timothy, Hotspur, V. C., K. C. B.?

Photographer. Taken from life. I can't understand that. I've seen Sir Timothy at the head of his brigade many a time, and he always had a fire-eating expression which no one could forget; but in the portrait he looks as meek as a lamb.

But, my dear sir, he wasn't at the head of his troops when he sat for that picture.

Well, I've seen him alone, too, and his expression was just the same. He was alone when he came here, I suppose.

No, not exactly, his wife was with him.

EXPLAINED.

He. I have no appetite. There is a rumbling in my stomach like a cart on a cobblestone pavement.

She. Perhaps it's the truck you ate for luncheon.

HIS LAST HOPE GONE.

Alas! sighed the oyster, as he felt himself being conveyed from the plate on the end of the table knife, alas! is an end to all my hopes of getting into good society.

happy when I am told I'm above thirty; unhappy when I'm like sixty. I am unhappy to know I have to make a public happy when I have made it.

The Duchess of Fife is an reticent member of the royal She has written in her own "What I dislike more than else in the world is being I dislike what is called polite pause. I am only perfectly my family circle. This is it of Your Royal Shyness."

The Queen has written: "I've been so good to me, given me to make me happy during now in my old age I will not that I have any dislikes."

HOW ARMIES MARCH.

Some curious statistics recently been collected, showing speed at which the soldiers of various European armies march. The normal length of a man's legs is 31 1/2 inches, and about 125 made in a minute. In the army the step is reckoned, in inches, and the number of minutes at 112; in the Austrians 29 1/2 inches, and the number to 130; in the Italian at 110 inches, and the number at the French at 29 1/2 inches number at 115, and in the British 30 inches and the number at a minute.

HORSES' TEETH.

"The popular idea that that a horse can always be told by his teeth," says a veterinarian, "is not entirely correct. The eighth year of the horse's life is the time when the teeth are complete, and the method is useless for telling the age of a horse which is more than eight years old. As soon as the teeth are complete, however, they begin to appear on the upper jaw of the lower eyelid, and a wrinkle is added each year to get at the age of a horse years old you must figure plus the wrinkles."

Is It the Kidneys That Are Deranged?

If so uric acid poison is in your system and your sufferings will be greatly lessened by setting the kidneys right—Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills make the kidneys healthy and cure all uric acid troubles.

The most painful, the most fatal and consequently the most dreaded diseases of the human body are caused by the presence of uric acid in the blood.

Uric acid is the name given to the foul, poisonous impurities which are left in the blood when the kidneys are deranged and unable to perform their duty of filtering the blood.

So long as the kidneys are in perfect health the uric acid is passed out of the body by way of the bladder and the blood is kept pure and clean.

When there are severe body pains, headache, backache or weakness in the back; when the skin becomes yellow, dry and hard, when the urine contains deposits, is thick, or irregular; when there is stomach trouble and pains about the heart; when you feel weak, dizzy and become languid and despondent; you can put the cause down to uric acid in the blood resulting from deranged kidneys.

The nature of your ailment will be decided by your constitution. The poison left in the blood will find lodgment in the weakest part and set up some dreadful disease. It may be Bright's disease, diabetes or dropsy. It may be the twanging pains of rheumatism. It may be chronic stomach troubles or bladder ailments. Whatever the form of disease this

poisoned blood may cause the only be brought about by setting the kidneys right.

The experience of tens of thousands of men and women in Canada and the United States points to Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills as the most effective means of setting the kidneys right. No other kidney medicine can produce so much evidence of its wonderful curative power. No other kidney medicine has such hearty endorsement from physicians. Nor is this to be wondered at when remembered that Dr. Chase is a famous physician.

Nature has only provided one way of keeping the blood free from poisons—the kidneys. Nature's great purifiers of the blood are the kidneys. They stand alone as the world's great purifiers.

Purely vegetable in composition, Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are the most powerful and efficient in all diseases caused by uric acid in the blood. Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills stand alone as the world's great purifiers. They prevent disease by ridding the blood of poisons. One pill a day, at all dealers, or Edmanston & Co., Toronto.

ALTY SEES THINGS.

AS BEEN WRITTEN IN THE
ESS OF FIFE'S ALBUM.

imitations by Members of the
Royal Family—Princess of
Malikies Gush.

Album which the Duchess of
kept for many years are
he personal opinions, person-
and impressions of nearly
mber of the English royal
mber of the English royal
Several pages are devoted to
dislikes.

Following extracts give inter-
impres of the real feelings
nations of the leading royal
ss. The Prince of Wales,
s freedom and naturalness in
pect, writes:—

THE PRINCE IS HAPPY.

happiest when I have no
gements to fulfil; when I
et that I am "Your Royal
, and can smoke a really
ar and read a good novel;
e plain Mr. Jones, I can go
d meeting without seeing
d in the papers the next
the Prince of Wales has tak-
mbling very seriously, and
lost more money than ever
fford to pay; when I can
nds and talk to Sir Edward
hout it being rumoured
Prince of Wales is violently
to the present war"; when I
d a quiet evening at home
Princess and my family.

unhappiest when I have a
toothache, and have to at-
tend social function, where I
ile as pleasantly as though
had a pain in my life."

CESS DISLIKES GUSH.

Princess of Wales has writ-
dislike all those women who
ut a thing being "awfully
no think it 'good fun, you
smoke cigarettes, who gen-
ve something secret to tell
who talk about their 'dear
' What I love is too sacred
o the world; what I like is
terest to the world."
ike of York writes:—"I am
and every sailor loves a
n't show this to the Duchess.
a good dinner, a good com-
a good smoke, a good glass
and then I dislike nothing
dy in the world."

DE IN HER CHILDREN.

Princess of York remarks:—"I
very woman who thinks her
more beautiful than mine,
se every one who loves the

ike of Edinburgh wrote:—"I
pecify thoroughly my likes
kes, but can say when I feel
nd when unhappy. I feel
hen I am told I don't look
irty; unhappy when I feel
y. I am unhappy when I
ave to make a public speech,
hen I have made it."
Princess of Fife is an extremely
member of the royal family,
written in her own book:—
dislike more than anything
he world is being gazed at,
what is called popular ap-
I am only perfectly happy in
ly circle. This is the opinion
Royal Shyness."
Princess has written:—"God has
ood to me, given me so much

About the House.

DESTROYING ROSE INSECTS.

Among the worst insects is the leaf
hopper, which is quite small and ac-
tive and can be easiest detected by
the white cast skins on the leaves.
For this insect, as well as for thrips,
for which it is often mistaken, pyre-
thrum will be found the best remedy.
There are a number of biting insects
that feed upon the leaves of roses,
for these various arsenates may be
used. Paris green and london purple
are the most common forms and
may be used in water at the rate of
one-fourth ounce to four gallons. As
the arsenic is slightly soluble, it is
always best to add a small amount
of lime to prevent injury to the foli-
age. Of the two materials, london
purple is the more soluble and as it
is more variable in composition it is
the least desirable. For sucking in-
sects the poisons are not effectual,
as they merely suck the sap and do
not eat the leaves, and some remedy
that will kill by contact or act through
the respiratory organs must be used.

Among the best materials is pyre-
thrum, or Persian insect powder, but
care must be taken that it is fresh,
as it soon loses its active principle.
Pyrethrum may be applied in a pow-
der form or in water, but it is most
effective when burned on a shovel of
hot coals. Kerosene emulsion is an-
other excellent remedy for this class
of insects. To prepare it, dissolve
four ounces of soap in two gallons
of boiling water, and after adding one
gallon of kerosene agitate with a
force pump until an emulsion that
will not separate has been formed.
This will take from five to ten min-
utes. Before using, dilute with wa-
ter to make 16 gallons. Tobacco is also
quite effectual, particularly against
plant lice. It may be used as smoke
or as a vapor or a decoction. Tobacco
extract is also an excellent remedy.
Where myriapods or nematodes infest
the soil it should be thoroughly steri-
lized with steam.



ble knives, etc., make a thick cream of
whitening mixed with spirits of wine,
and rub it on briskly with a soft rag.
Knife handles should never be allowed
to go into the water.

Flannels should not be washed with
soda soap, but with potash. The ex-
tra expense incurred is more than re-
paid by the improved condition of the
"woolens."

An excellent substitute for cream
in tea can be made by beating the
white of an egg to a froth, and then
adding a small lump of butter, which
must be mixed in well. If this is per-
fectly mixed and added gradually to
the tea, so that it may not curdle in
the hot liquid it will be found to be a
cheap and effective substitute.

Pernanganate of potash is one of
the simplest and best disinfectants
known. It should be used in the pro-
portion of an ounce to a pint of wa-
ter, and a little placed in an open
vessel will thoroughly disinfect a
room.

To clean picture frames, damp a
sponge with a little gin or alcohol
and rub gently. Leave to dry and add
a thin coating of gelatine size.

The odor of onions may be removed
from forks, etc., by sticking them for
a short time in sand or mould. The
kitchen window box is invaluable for
this purpose.

BABY IN WARM WEATHER.

During the heated season there is a
very great need of reform in matters
pertaining to the comfort of the babe,
and it is within the province of the
physician alone to bring about a re-
form in these matters. The older
ones of the family are dressed to suit
their own ideas, and it would seem
that the average man tries to see
how much clothing he can wear and
not drop down dead from sunstroke in
hot weather. Thus so for the "aver-
age man," but what of the babe—
wholly dependent upon the mother,
nurse or physician, or all three? It is
a lamentable fact, known and recog-
nized by all physicians, that diseases
of children are far more prevalent and
fatal during the heated season.

Knowing this the remedy is pre-
ventive, keep the babe cool when the
heated season comes, take off the
flannels; and keep the babe lightly
dressed. Try the babe during the
sweltering heat of a July or August
by taking off all clothing and allow
it to be nude during the few hottest
hours of the day. The babe itself
will make reply. Dress the tender
bud in accordance with the weather;
when the cool of evening comes have
an extra jacket to put on the babe.
Many mothers keep the warm wool-
en abdominal band on during the first
year of life—no matter what the
range of thermometer—under the mis-
taken notion that it helps the babe
to teeth. This may be true of very
thin, ill-nourished babes, whose sup-
ply of fat is very limited, but in a
healthy babe it's all a foolish, cruel
notion.

We guarantee if the little dictum
herein set forth is well looked into
there will be far less of the summer
disease of children.

The gospel of health for warm weath-
er is keep cool; to feel even cool
at times means to counteract the
mischievous of yesterday's and to-mor-
row's heat.

He Couldn't Solve It.

As a train was approaching a town
on the Great Northern railway in Ire-
land an intelligent looking young Irish-
man observed a lady standing up
searching her pocket. She commenced
to weep. "Have you been robbed?"
he asked.

"Oh, no," she replied; "I've lost my
ticket, and they will accuse me of
fraud."

Seeing her distressed state of mind,
he said:

AWAY IN THE FAR SOUDAN

SPLENDID SHOWING OF THE BRITISH RULE IN EGYPT.

Lord Cromer's Annual Report Shows that
a Transformation is Being Enacted in
the Conquered Land.

The modest and matter-of-fact of-
ficial report by Lord Cromer on
Egypt in 1899, which is now issued,
affords a magnificent demonstration
of the benefits of our Imperial rule,
says a London letter. Lord Cromer
has had to build up the new Egypt
under almost every possible disad-
vantage. He found, when he began
his task, chaos. Officialism, that had
long grown fat on the illicit profits
of maladministration, was sullenly in
opposition. The waste of public
money had been reduced to a fine
art. Extortion, under the thin ve-
ner of legal form, was universal. The
peasantry had come to regard their
rulers as their natural oppressors.
The army was so badly led that the
individual courage of the men was
made useless. Justice, personal
rights, equity, were meaningless
phrases.

NEW LIFE IN EGYPT.

In less than twenty years Lord
Cromer and his staff have given
Egypt new life. They have not had
a free hand. At almost every step
other nations have acted the part of
the dog in the manger, restraining
necessary changes. The young Kha-
dive has at times shown great will-
ingness to give trouble. Obsolete re-
gulations hinder our administrators
from using to the utmost advantage
the prosperity they have helped into
being. An artificial system of fi-
nance has been superimposed on them
by which last year they were compell-
ed to raise twelve hundred thousand
pounds more than the national ex-
penditure requires. Lord Cromer
pleads for a change of the interna-
tional Agreement, which compels this.
As he points out, it debar Egypt
from benefiting to the full extent
from its own prosperity. Yet, not-
withstanding this, the National debt
is now being yearly diminished, and
by skilful financial deals the total of
interest due is materially decreased.

LENDING MONEY.

Lord Cromer is especially interest-
ing when he describes the industrial
transformation of the land. The
peasantry now find their rulers a
help instead of a check to prosperity.
The Government has started lending
small sums to the fallahen with suc-
cess. The great Nile reservoirs, which
will have a most far-reaching effect
on agriculture, are steadily being
pushed on. Alexandria is obtaining a
modern system of drainage and water
supply. Everywhere, in short, pro-
gress rules. Even in the Soudan,
where less than two years back sav-
agery ruled with undisputed sway,
civilization and peace everywhere
prevail. The Cook's tourist may soon
visit Khartoum at his ease. Trade is
being fostered among tribes that not
long since found their one business in
slave-raiding and thieving.

A TRANSFORMATION

We are often told by our Continent-
al critics that our position in Egypt
is unjustifiable and against all pre-
cedent. While we can show such re-
sults as now there is little need for
us to trouble about the formality of
our authority. In making itself re-
sponsible for the good government of
Egypt, England took up a task from
which other nations than she shrink

when I am told I don't look thirty; unhappy when I feel fifty. I am unhappy when I have to make a public speech, when I have made it." Duchess of Fife is an extremely member of the royal family, as written in her own book:— "I dislike more than anything the world is being gazed at. What is called popular appeal I am only perfectly happy in my circle. This is the opinion of Royal Shyness." Queen has written;—"God has good to me, giving me so much as me happy during life that my old age I will not confess have any dislikes."

LOW ARMIES MARCH.

Curious statistics have been collected, showing the length of the soldiers of the European armies march. The length of a man's step is inches, and about 125 steps are in a minute. In the German he step is reckoned at 31 1-2 and the number of steps in a minute at 112; in the Austrian at 115, and the number at 115 in the Italian at 29 1-2 and the number at 120; in the French at 29 1-2 inches and the number at 115; and in the English at 29 and the number at 116 steps to a minute.

HORSES' TEETH.

A popular idea that the age of a horse can always be told by looking at his teeth," says a veterinary surgeon, "is not entirely correct. At the eighth year the horse has no new teeth, so that the tooth is useless for telling the age of the horse which is more than 8 years old. As soon as the set of teeth is complete, however, a wrinkle appears on the upper edge of the lower eyelid, and a new wrinkle is added each year, so that at the age of a horse over 8 years old you must figure the teeth and the wrinkles."



Frock of porcelain-blue serge. The skirt is trimmed with three rows of shirred black satin ribbon. The corsage is ornamented with shirred ribbon imitating a bolero, and three rows of ribbon form V's in front. Belt of black velvet ribbon. Material required for girl of 10 years, serge, 45 inches wide, 4 yards.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

To do away with moths garments should be beaten and shaken in the sunlight and hung in the air for hours. Woollen goods should be examined at least once a month, brushed and exposed to sunlight. For infested cupboards burn little square packages of sulphur having printed directions.

The best remedy for bed bugs is blue ointment.

A sure exterminator for roaches is powdered borax.

For washing carpets.—Dissolve a box of any good washing powder in two gallons of boiling water; use as a soap when cold.

To be delivered from ants make a pyramid of crocks or other vessels containing sugar, bread, cakes, etc., with the lower one standing in water.

For polishing furniture.—One third linseed oil, one third turpentine and one-third vinegar. The bottle must be shaken every time an application is made.

To clean wall paper.—Lay a sheet of thick blotting paper over the stain, and then press a hot iron over it. As soon as the blotting paper becomes greasy move it; bring a clean part over the stain, and then apply the iron again. Repeat this until the stain has quite disappeared.

Buttermilk is good to bleach fine laces.—Lay the laces in the buttermilk in the sunlight.

One third vinegar and two thirds linseed oil make an excellent mixture to brighten furniture when rubbing it in the spring cleaning.

One fine housekeeper never has spring nor fall cleanings. She keeps her dining-room maid rubbing the furniture and renovating the entire house, with no other duties to perform but serving at the table.

A dash of soda put in the water in which cabbage is boiled will prevent any odor through the house.

A tablespoon of vinegar added to the regular recipe for cookies will make them crisp, and the children enjoy the snap.

The vegetables, cabbage, onions and carrots are much more delicate and delicious if after they are boiled you pour over them a little milk with pepper, salt and butter, and boil like canned corn.

DOMESTIC WRINKLES.

Grape juice is excellent for removing ink stains, especially if the grapes be rather sour. The juice of ripe tomatoes or onions is also good, but, of course, the cloth should be well rinsed immediately afterwards.

To whiten the ivory handles of ta-

He Couldn't Solve It.

As a train was approaching a town on the Great Northern railway in Ireland an intelligent looking young Irishman observed a lady standing up searching her pocket. She commenced to weep. "Have you been robbed?" he asked.

"Oh, no," she replied; "I've lost my ticket, and they will accuse me of fraud."

Seeing her distressed state of mind, he said:

"Oh, don't mind. Here, take my ticket, and I will give the guard a problem," while their fellow passengers awaited the scene at the station with interest.

When the train stopped, the guard collected all the tickets but one. "Where is your ticket?" he asked the young man.

"You have got my ticket," he replied.

"No, I have not got it. I'll call the station master and see about it."

"Where is your ticket?" asked the station master when he appeared.

"He has my ticket. See if he has a ticket in his hand with a small piece off the corner."

"Yes, you have, Dave. There it is."

"Well, see will that fit it?" said Pat, handing him the small piece, and it did. A look of surprise crept over the guard's face as he left the carriage, while Pat caused much amusement by exclaiming, "Begorra, I knew he could not solve it!"—London Tit-Bits.

Two of Nast's Faces.

William M. Tweed was a portly man of medium size, with a long, pendulous nose, little porcine eyes, fat, drooping cheeks and a straight, firm mouth that was decidedly his best feature. The outlines of his face were those of a Bartlett pear, little end upward, and I never saw craft so palpably written upon a human countenance. Nast used to be fond of drawing Tweed's face, by the way, as a sack of money. The general contour of his head lent itself to the outlines of the sack, and he used \$ marks for the nose and eyes. Strange to say, it was a capital portrait.

Another of Nast's trick pictures was one of Roscoe Conkling. He would draw a large letter V, with a smaller v inside it and surmount the pair with an interrogation mark upside down. The big V represented Conkling's pointed beard, the smaller one his sharp nose and the interrogation point the Hyperion (at 2.30 p.m.) he always allowed to fall on Alban's upon his forehead. That caricature will make the haughty senator wild and exasperated him more than any bit of fun that was ever poked in his direction.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

FLANNEL SHIRT CLUB.

The Flannel Shirt club, of London, has been in existence for three years, and has for its president Alice, Countess of Stafford. This club has been the means of supplying warm shirts to patients discharged from the wards of general hospitals in London.

It was discovered by the founders that sisters and nurses in medical wards were often reluctantly compelled to let men just recovering from serious illnesses leave their care insufficiently clad. Often, too, the patient happened to be the bread winner of the family, and through his inability to work it was impossible for the wife to provide a good flannel shirt for the time when her husband left the hospital. An effort, was therefore made to provide each necessitous workingman with at least one warm shirt, and the undertaking has met undoubted success.

prevail. The Cooks' tourist may soon visit Khartoum at his ease. Trade is being fostered among tribes that not long since found their one business in slave-raiding and thieving.

A TRANSFORMATION.

We are often told by our Continental critics that our position in Egypt is unjustifiable and against all precedent. While we can show such results as now, there is little need for us to trouble about the formality of our authority. In making itself responsible for the good government of Egypt, England took up a task from which other nations then shrank. Our action was disinterested, for, directly, we gain no single thing by our work. Indirectly, we profit much, but not in the way our detractors say. We profit in that Egypt gives us an opportunity of showing to the world what England can do. For Egypt we have given the bravest of our sons. English blood has been poured out on its sands for it. And the outlay has not been in vain. For out of our sacrifice is coming a transformed nation.

RIBBON WAISTS.

The new fancy waists made of strips of ribbon fastened together with a lattice work of stitching and made up over a lining of contrasted silk, seem to have taken, a hold of feminine fancy which promises them a long lease of life. Lattice work is one of the dominant notes in dress this year, in everything. Even the gingham frocks have sleeves of black velvet ribbon latticed over the gingham, and occasionally down the side, of the same fascinating adornment. An east end girl whose original ideas gave her a decided advantage over her friends has made herself a charming little bolero of wide black velvet ribbon latticed and lined with rose colored silk. In each of the sides space left by the velvet heavy black silk thread is fashioned into a sort of spider web. This little affair cost precisely \$2, but will bring its wearer glances of envy all summer long.

PRETTY LONDON HAT.

This hat was recently seen in London. A toque of brilliant scarlet, the material soft and rather hairy felt, folded into a round shape rising with graceful curves on the left side and held on the crown by a big bunch of pure white gardenias, with glossy green leaves. Tucked away on the left side, under a shadowing fold, was another and smaller bunch of this purely white bloom, and that was all the trimming the hat boasted. It stuck one, however, as being completely original, and having a simple effectiveness that is worth all the elaboration of trimming and furbishings which the martinet mind is so often satisfied.

THEY NEVER DO.

There is such a thing as somnambulism, of course? queried the anxious-looking young man as he appeared at the lawyer's office.

Certainly, was the reply.

But do somnambulists ever write letters?

Never heard of it.

A somnabulist wouldn't write 250 love letters in a year, would he, and each and every one of them asking the girl to marry him and threatening suicide if she didn't?

Never.

Then there's no help for me, and you may see the girl and settle the breach of promise suit on the best terms you can.

IN PROHIBITION TOWNS.

Intoxicants, remarked the pharmacist, as he filled another prescription from a flask, are now a drug in the market.

Deranged?

offerings will be great until you try-Liver Pills make the kidneys

I blood may cause the cure can brought about by setting the kidneys.

Experience of tens of thousands of women in Canada and the United States to Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills the most effective means of setting eyes right. No other kidney medicine produce so much irrefutable proof of its wonderful curative virtue. Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, vegetable in composition, scientifically prepared from the great formula of W. Chase, thoroughly tested in all diseases caused by uric acid blood, Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills alone as the world's greatest medicine. They prevent and cure by ridding poisonous impurities from the blood. One pill a dose, 25c a bottle, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co.



SUITS WITH CHARACTER

You want your Clothes to reflect your individuality.

You can have them so by placing your order with a tailor who knows how to put individuality and style into your garments.

We have a first-class cutter and can make you a good suit from \$12.00 up.

J. L. BOYES,

Clothing, Hats and Caps.



SHOVEL IT IN!

Fill up your coal bin with Dafoe's famous hard coal. Every shovel full is a shovel full of satisfaction. His coal will give you the most heat for your money, and will go further than any Coal in the market.

Also highest cash price paid for wheat and all kinds of grain at Dafoe's Big Mill.

Telephone No. 14.

J. R. DAFOE,

SUTTON'S BOILER COMPOUND



Engineers and Mill Supplies,
Lubricating Oils and Greases,
Dine Covering Asbestos Condu

CARLETON WOODS.
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
14/11
Roblin, Ont.

JOHN POLLARD,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Express Office, Napanee.
Strictly Private and Confidential.

JOHN ALLEN,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Commissioner in H. C. J.
Conveyancer, etc.
14/11
MARLBANK.

The Napanee Express

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, MAY 18, 1900

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged for admission, will be charged 50 per line for each insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type the price will be 100 per line each insertion.

Sad Accident.

At Odessa on Monday, Miss Hilda Smith jumped from a broken rig alighting on her head on a stone. She died from the injuries received, on Tuesday evening.

A Napaneean's Enterprise.

The Trenton Advocate publishes the following in reference to Will Warner, son of Mrs. Sidney Warner, John St. Mr. W. A. Warner, has enlarged and greatly improved the evaporator at Hart's Corners, and has had a gang of men at work cutting up wood. This shows great enterprise.

Struck by Lightning.

A son of Irvine Jackson while driving between Forest Mills and Roblin on Sunday with his mother and sister sought shelter from the thunderstorm under a shed. Lightning struck the shed knocking them all down and stunning their horse. Beyond a scare they sustained slight injury.

Died at Montana.

On Monday last the remains of the late Mrs. Jno. Gallagher, a former resident of Adolphustown but who has been a resident of Butte, Montana, for a number of years, were conveyed to Adolphustown to be interred in St. Alban's cemetery. Deceased died of paralysis and was about 40 years of age. She was a visitor at Adolphustown last summer.

The Deseronto drug stores will in future close every Wednesday and Thursday evenings at 8 o'clock.

CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25 cents. R. W. Grove's signature is on each box.

Deseronto citizens are complaining that the sprinkling cart is not used enough to keep down the dust.

The road on Dundas Street in the vicinity of the stone bridge is being greatly improved by a grading and a coating of gravel.

A number of Napanee wheelmen had the misfortune to get caught in the rain on Sunday while wheeling from Deseronto to Napanee.

Milk cans with the celebrated Boyle and Sampson Bottoms, the only good can bottoms that ever has been made. Sold only at Boyle & Son's.

The annual meeting of the Napanee district of the Methodist church was held in the Methodist church, Deseronto, on Tuesday and Wednesday.

Pain-Killer cures all sorts of cuts, bruises, burns and strains. Taken internally it cures diarrhoea and dysentery. Avoid substitutes, there is but one Pain-Killer, Perry Davis'. 25c. and 50c.

The senior football club of Deseronto played a game with the 15th Battalion club Belleville on Thursday. The junior club also played a game in Picton.

The bishops of Quebec are interested in a new movement—the teaching of English in the public schools of Quebec. It is a movement which is attracting great attention.

The military camp will be held at Kingston this year, and will be composed altogether of infantry, numbering some twelve

The Stock of "VARNISH"

at "The Medical Hall" is most complete—Furniture Varnish, Carriage Varnish, Architectural Varnish, Boat Varnish. A special "Floor Varnish" made to walk on—it will not scratch.

Detlor & Wallace.

Johnson's "Prism Brand" Paint—Is GOOD.

CANS 20 Gallon Milk Cans with patent bottom, \$5.00.

Creameries 50c.

2 Large Pails 25c.

T. H. WALLER

Cow for Sale.

A good new milch cow for sale. Enquire of A. W. Grange, Napanee.

Change of Name.

On and after June 1st, 1900, the name of Napanee Mills P.O. will be changed to Strathcona, Ont.

Ramsay's Paints—ready for use—oldest and best, for sale by A. W. Grange & Bro., Napanee. See advt. on inside page. 14-32.

Sale of Furniture.

Public auction sale of furniture and household effects on Saturday May the 26th, 1900, at the residence of Geo. E. Maybee, corner of Centre and Graham streets, Napanee at one o'clock p.m.

To Camp at Kingston.

All those desirous of joining the 47th Battalion No. 4 company, Napanee, are requested to meet in the town hall on Tuesday evening next, May 29th. The Battalion will go to camp at Kingston on June 26th for ten days.

Social at Morven.

An Ice Cream Social will be held on the parsonage lawn at Morven on the evening of May 31st. A good programme is being provided. Good time expected. Proceeds in aid of Parsonage Fund. Admission 15c. Everybody welcome.

Cleaning Carpets.

You may not know that R. Parker & Co., dyers and cleaners, clean carpets. They do and you approve of their modern and sensible methods. Agencies: Pollard's Book Store, Napanee; Miss M. A. Werden, Deseronto; H. Chadd, Picton.

Napanee True Blues.

On Monday evening a number of ladies from Deseronto and Brockville paid a visit to the Napanee True Blue Lodge to witness initiations and degree work. After lodge was closed a lunch was served to all present. Napanee True Blue organization is rapidly coming to the front. A large number of new members having been added during the past winter.

Addington Drowned Lands.

Robert McCallum, engineer of the public works department, has been busy of late looking into the question of the drowned lands of Addington, which was up before the legislature last month. From 14,000 to 16,000 acres in the township of Portland and Camden are now under water owing to a dam at Petworth, owned by the Napanee river improvement company, giving way. Mr. McCallum will draw up plans for reclamation, to be submitted to the legislature next year.—Toronto Mail and Empire.

Having purchased the stock of F. Wiskin and M. J. Percy, and removed the latter to the Wiskin stand, I am now prepared to serve all who may favor me with a call in the line of first class groceries at rock bottom prices. Also handle Ogilvie's Manitoba flour. The highest price paid for eggs. Also a house and lot for sale.

I. SANDERSON
Wiskin old stand.

Death of Mrs. Martin.

Mrs. George Martin died at Sudbham

UNRIVA

A visit to the department is offering opportunity to choose marked at prices that thoroughly up-to-date women can afford to

We b
Canada. Why don't complete until our c

DRESS G

new thing in Dress Good elegance and the greatest Just to hand, yards—very special do day and next week's s

SUMMER

Summer and the day's most timely topics. here, beauty in the material low prices. These contributors of Shirt Waists feet and complete in a v —you will stay to buy.

Another Town and Next We

Store's patrons last week for your benefit, and we of the same linen, all the same low price.

1500 yds. LINEN 5c yard.

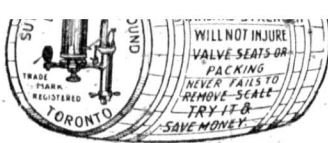
600 patterns regular 25c

MEN'S C

ment—and whatever style the prices will say for us in your pockets. Men's Satin ties regular

BOYS' CL

season? We are showing \$2.50, \$3.75, and \$4.00.

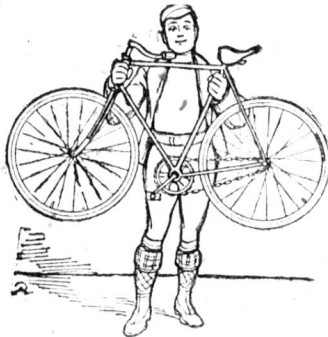


**Engineers and Mill Supplies,
Lubricating Oils and Greases,
Pipe Covering, Asbestos Goods
Belting and Leather, "Lace."**

Wm. Suttou Compound Co.,

Of Toronto, Limited.

186 Queen St. East, Toronto, Ont. 417



It's Ideal==

the way our wheels are constructed—the perfection of their bearings, the excellence of the material used in them, and the long life all these features insure.

They all contribute to the satisfaction of the rider—and that is what he pays his money for.

**CRESCENT, CLEVELAND,
COLUMBIA.**

W. J. NORMILE,

Napanee Bicycle Works.

"Sign of the Golden Wheel."

Biliousness is cured by Hood's Pills. 25 cents.

The Boers might as well quit now as wait for a worse time.

To say that there are as many colonies of different nationalities in the Northwest as in any similar area in the world is sheer bosh. Areas in the United States one-quarter the size could beat it hollow.

A CARD.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a twenty-five cent bottle of Dr. Wills' English Pills, if, after using three-fourths of contents of bottle, they do not relieve constipation and headache. We also warrant that four bottles will permanently cure the most obstinate case of constipation. Satisfaction or no pay when Wills' English Pills are used. W. S. Detlor, T. A. Huffman, A. W. Grange & Bro., Napanee.

VOID SUBSTITUTES. There is but one Pain-Killer, Perry Davis'. 25c. and 50c.

The senior football club of Deseronto played a game with the 15th Battalion club Belleville on Thursday. The junior club also played a game in Picton.

The bishops of Quebec are interested in a new movement—the teaching of English in the public schools of Quebec. It is a movement which is attracting great attention.

The military camp will be held at Kingston this year, and will be composed altogether of infantry, numbering some twelve regiments. June 26 is the date on which they will go into camp.

Ex-president Steyn will soon stop establishing capitals for the Orange Free State. He is on the border land at present, and may be presently a prisoner. His own people have taken to repudiating him.

We Claim that The D. & L. Menthol Plaster will cure lumbago, backache, sciatica, or neuralgic pains quicker than any other remedy. Made by Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd.

Last week F. C. Marshall, of Kingston, was sailing on the bay in a skiff. Some time afterwards the empty skiff was found by a fisherman. Marshall's friends are satisfied that he has been drowned.

The season for Belts, Buckles and Chain Purses is fast approaching. Call in and select your articles when our assortment is complete and have them laid by. Come and see our splendid stock at all prices. F. CHINNECK'S Jewelry Store.

Montreal, May 21.—J. C. Drewy, managing director of the Canadian gold fields syndicate, who has been confined in the civic hospital at Montreal for the past three weeks, is progressing rapidly towards recovery, and expects to be out again in two or three days.

That Hacking Cough is a warning not to be lightly treated. Pnyx-Pectoral cures with absolute certainty all recent coughs and colds. Take it in time. Manufactured by the proprietors of Perry Davis' Pain-Killer.

A Deseronto fisher tells this tale of a recent experience: "While fishing the other day I had but one bite. The pike I had was too much for me to land alone, so I tied the line to a stump and went in search of help. When three of us returned to pull the monster out of the water the stump was gone."—Tribune.

TO THE DEAF.—A rich lady, cured of her Deafness and Noises in the Head by Dr. Nicholson's Artificial Ear Drums, has sent \$1,000 to his Institute, so that deaf people unable to procure the Ear Drums may have them free. Apply to Department A. W. G. The Institute, 780, Eight Avenue, New York, U. S. A. 24-1-ly.

McClure's Magazine for June will contain an article by Mr. O. Chanute, who has been studying the problem of human flight for over forty years, giving an account of his own inventions and adventures in the matter of flying. The article will be illustrated with pictures of actual flights, from photographs taken by the author.

Of a Good Beginning cometh a good end." When you take Hood's Sarsaparilla to purify your blood you are making a good beginning, and the good end will be health and happiness. This medicine cures all humors of the blood, creates a good appetite, overcomes that tired feeling and imparts vigor and vitality to the whole system. It is America's Greatest Blood Medicine.

The city departmental stores have been scattering through the country their spring catalogues. We would remind those who receive them that there are greater bargains to be had at home from the local merchants than from departmental stores. Only a few catch lines are advertised, which act as a bait to allure to purchases of other goods where the extra is put on, and after express or freight is paid it will be found that the goods could be bought much more cheaply at home. When you buy at the local stores you know exactly what you pay, and what you are really getting. But when an order is sent to the large city stores something else or an inferior article is sent, which does not give satisfaction. Patronize the home stores, therefore, and do not help those who take no interest in our town, nor help to pay our taxes and keep up the town.

reclamation, to be submitted to the legislature next year.—Toronto Mail and Empire.

Having purchased the stock of F. Wiskin and M. J. Percy, and removed the latter to the Wiskin stand, I am now prepared to serve all who may favor me with a call in the line of first class groceries at rock bottom prices. Also handle Ogilvie's Manitoba flour. The highest price paid for eggs. Also a house and lot for sale.

I. SANDERSON
Wiskin old stand.

Death of Mrs. Martin.

Mrs. George Martin died at Sydenham on Monday, 14th May, after an illness of two weeks from congestion of the lungs, which ended suddenly, in spite of devoted care. She lost her husband eight years ago and bravely took up the task of supporting herself and three children, conducting a store energetically. The funeral occurred on Wednesday to Sydenham vault, and was largely attended, with every mark also of uncommon respect. The service was conducted by Rev. E. S. Shorey, who had the sad duty of officiating at the husband's funeral when stationed in Sydenham in 1892. Mrs. Martin is mourned by three sisters, Mrs. Mahlon Knapp, Loughboro; Mrs. Kenny and Mrs. Delaney, California. The orphaned children are receiving great sympathy.

**Children Cry for
CASTORIA.**

Camden East Public School Contributions to the Hull Fire Fund.

SENIOR DEPARTMENT.

Robert D. Grey, teacher	50c.
Mary Woodcock	25c.
Joseph Robinson	10c.
Wm. Quinn	5c.
Jean Riley	10c.
Bernard McCaul	10c.
Edna Bicknell	10c.
Roy Calder	10c.
Lesley Skinner	10c.
Myrtle Galbraith	10c.
Archie Darlington	15c.
Ray Carr	15c.
Percy Histed	10c.
J. Nichols	10c.
Myrtle Skinner	10c.

\$2.10c.

PRIMARY DEPARTMENT.

Miss M. Hogeboom	25c.
Howard Darlington	25c.
Frank Ryan	25c.
Marion Riley	10c.
Willie Tompkins	5c.
Stanley Tompkins	5c.
Harry Grant	3c.
George Skinner	3c.
Ethel Coulter	5c.
Edgar Meeks	1c.
Nora Meeks	1c.
Ruth Greenway	5c.
Ethel Collins	1c.
Harry Letch	10c.

\$1.26c.

ROBERT D. GUY, Teacher.

**Children Cry for
CASTORIA.**

E & D

Ride the best, Get my prices before you buy.

Monarch & Scotchman.

T. H. WALLER.

The Medical Hall

is headquarters for.

PAINTS of all Kinds!

Sole Agents for

THE SHERMAN WILLIAMS PAINT

Every can guaranteed.

DETLOK & WALLACE MEDICAL HALL.

Satin ties regula

BOYS' C

season? We are showing \$2.50, \$3.75, and \$4.00

THE BIG

PERSONALS.

E. W. Grange, of Ottawa, was a few days.

Mrs. Carson, of Kingston, Newburgh, spent last Sunday in town.

Mr. David Rouse, of Bath, Shibley, of Picton, were in on Monday and took a trip to Hill on Tuesday.

H. Warner made a trip to Hill and Wilton on Wednesday.

Mr. Herman Ming sold his near Napanee to Andrew Davis, Ottawa, for \$2,000.

Mrs. George H. Detlor, of visiting friends in Napanee.

Mr. and Mrs. Keenleyside, spent Sunday with friends in Napanee.

Mr. James M. Lapum, of Penn., U. S., formerly of Napanee, was very sick last week was Tuesday much better.

Dr. Eakins, of Belleville, who sick all winter, is reported some week.

Mrs. H. A. Lake and Mr. Warner made a trip to Kingston on Wednesday.

Arthur Wilson, who has employee of Mr. E. Vanalstine, past couple of years left on Monday, where he has secured a position.

Mr. J. P. Anderson, of Alm is spending a few days in town.

Mr. A. E. Lang has been associate professor in German University.

Mr. A. T. Harshaw was in Kingston adjusting claims in reference in Clarke & Co's malt house.

Messrs. J. Mooney, F. Le Gannon spent Friday last in Belleville.

Mrs. John Ross, of Milford, is a few days in town the guest of her Mrs. Nelson Root.

Mr. Ed. Grange, of Toronto is a few days in town this week the guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Grange.

Miss A. Williams, and Miss Bland spent a few days visiting Post, Hay Bay.

Mr. D. M. Allison and Mr. D. were in town on Wednesday.

Mr. N. E. Prowse, junior in the Bank has been changed to Winnipeg.

Mr. Fred Maybee, of Montreal town on Wednesday.

Mr. Walter Frizzel, of Toronto few days in town this week.

Rev. W. P. D. Wilson, of Still deliver a lecture at Adolphustown day evening, subject, "The Old Faith."

Mrs. R. J. Carson and son, Ke Kingston, spent Sunday with friends.

Mrs. Win. Yerex left on Monday her husband in Detroit.

Mr. David Shannon is still here with slight hopes of recovery.

Mrs. Miller, of Peterborough guest of her daughter, Mrs. J. Piety Hill.

Mrs. Moyle, mother of Mrs. Uson, lies very ill at her residence.

Mr. W. A. Daly, of the Met Insurance Co., was spending a few town this week. The head office company will in future be in Hill with Mr. Daly as manager.

UNRIVALLED PRICE ATTRACTIONS !

A visit to the Big Store these bright days will richly repay you. The grand money-saving values every department is offering are such as to please the most exacting buyers, and fashion followers have an unrivalled opportunity to choose from all that is new and novel and desirable. Not striving for high profits, our goods are marked at prices that speak to the point, and quick sales follow. No house hereabouts can show a stock so clean, so thoroughly up-to-date. Our quick sales and prompt clearances insure an ever-changing new stock. No man or woman can afford to buy a dollar's worth without first seeing our great assortments and prices.

We believe you can buy a bill of merchandise at as low a price in this store as in any other store in the city. Why don't you try it? Come in. We want you to trade here. You know we never consider a sale complete until our customer is perfectly satisfied.

DRESS GOODS ELEGANCE !

Nothing in Dress Goods that has a value comes here as soon as out, and our prices enable you to save substantially. The highest Dress Goods and the greatest price economy go hand in hand in this department.

Just to hand, **New Homespuns** for tailor-made suits—colors **Khaki, Black, Clerical and Navy**, \$4.50 and \$5.00 a suit **600 yds**—very special doublefold **Summer Suitings**, bright new goods, big assortment of colorings. **We will have the lot ready for Saturday and next week's sellings**, regular price 25c and 35c, **our price 12½c and 15c yard.**

SUMMER SHIRT WAISTS !

Summer and the sheer and dainty summer shirt waists are to-day's most timely topics. There are shirt waist beauty and economy, beauty in the materials and fashioning, economy in the unmatched prices. These combine to make the Big Store the greatest distributors of Shirt Waists in Napanee. The stock is Fresh and perfect and complete in a way unequalled elsewhere. Come and look you will stay to buy. Specials at 39c, 50c, 75c, 98c, \$1.25. etc.

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR

Crisp, cool garments—tempting prices. Right on the crest of the warm wave came the White sale announcement. Your prompt and substantial response proved its timeliness and your appreciation. The very low prices are an essential feature of this sale's success; but of far greater importance to most of our Public is the fact that this sale offers **Garments of Highest Character** for so little. **Skirts** 75c to \$3.50, **Chimere** 25c to \$1.00, **Corset Covers** 12½c to \$1.00.

Another Towelling Flyer For Saturday and Next Week.

Your quick appreciation of the linen towelling opportunity afforded the Big Store's patrons last week prompted us to strive to duplicate the offering for your benefit, and we have been fortunate enough to obtain 1500 yds of the same linen, all of which will go on sale Saturday morning at same low price.

1500 yds. LINEN TOWELLING Regular price 9c, Our price 7c.

600 YARDS NEW EMBROIDERIES, 4 inches wide, four beautiful open work patterns regular 25c **OUR PRICE 13c yard.**

MEN'S CLOTHING

We want you men to take sufficient interest, for your own sake, to come and satisfy yourselves that there's superior merit in the way we're doing the CLOTHING BUSINESS. Use your own judgement entirely. Experienced salesmen to give you attention, but they're not here to dictate. They're here at your service—to show you the Clothing department—and whatever styles you want to see. You're the one to say whether you buy or not. All we have to say about that, the clothing and prices will say for us. And they'll deliver evidence that will enable you to get the best clothing Canada affords,—and have dollars saved in your pockets. Men's Suits at \$3.00, \$4.50, \$5.00, \$5.50, \$6.00, \$7.00, \$7.50, \$8.00, \$9.50 to \$12.00. 360 Men's 4 in hand Silk and Linen ties regular 50c and 25c lines, our price 15c or 2 for 25c.

BOYS' CLOTHING

Every mother takes a delight in seeing her boy well dressed and looking "right" of course, you must have "right" clothes for him. Have you seen the new things in juvenile wear for this season? We are showing the very newest and up-to-date garments for the boys at little prices. Boys' two piece Suits at \$1.25, 2.00, \$2.25, \$3.00, \$3.75, and \$4.00. Boys 3 piece Suits \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.75, \$4.00, \$5.00, \$6.00 and 6.50.

main lines regular 30c and 25c lines, our price 15c or 2 for 25c.

BOYS' CLOTHING

Season? We are showing the very newest and up-to-date garments for the boys at little pricings. Boys' two piece Suits at \$1.25, 2.00, \$2.25, 2.50, \$3.75, and \$4.00. Boys 3 piece Suits \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.75, \$4.00, \$5.00, \$6.00 and 6.50.

THE BIG STORE.

LAHEY & CO.

PERSONALS.

Grange, of Ottawa, was home for days.
Carson, of Kingston, formerly of rgh, spent last Sunday with friends.
David Rouse, of Bath, and G. W. 7, of Picton, were in Napanee today and took a trip to Harrowsmith today.
Warner made a trip to Harrowsmith today on Wednesday.
Herman Ming sold his hop farm Napanee to Andrew Davis Fraser, of , for \$2,000.
George H. Detlor, of London, is friends in Napanee.
and Mrs. Keenleyside, of London, Sunday with friends in Napanee.
James M. Lapum, of Scranton, U. S., formerly of Napanee, who y sick last week was reported on y much better.
Jenkins, of Belleville, who has been winter, is reported some better this
H. A. Lake and Mrs. Sidney made a trip to Kingston on Wed-

Mr. Wilson, who has been an ee of Mr. E. Vanalstine during the uple of years left on Monday for where he has secured a situation.
P. Anderson, of Almonte, Ont. ling a few days in town.
A. E. Lang has been appointed e professor in German at Victoria city.
A. T. Harshaw was in Kingston last ljusting claims in reference to the larke & Co's malt house.
s. J. Mooney, F. Lee and R. epend Friday last in Belleville.
John Ross, of Milford, is spending a s in town the guest of her daughter eason Root.
d. Grange, of Toronto spent a few town this week the guest of his Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Grange.
A. Williams, and Miss Maud pent a few days visiting Mrs. G. ay Bay.
D. M. Allison and Mr. Dave Lazier town on Wednesday.
E. Prowse, junior in the Dominion e been changed to Winnipeg.
red Maybee, of Montreal, was in Wednesday.
Valter Frizzel, of Toronto, spent a s in town this week.
V. P. D. Wilson, of Stirling, will eature at Adolphustown Wednes- ing, subject, "The Old Flag"
R. J. Carson and son, Kenneth, of n, spent Sunday with friends in
Wm. Yerex left on Monday to join and in Detroit.
avid Shannon is still critically ill ht hopes of recovery.
Miller, of Peterborough, is the e daughter, Mrs. Jno. Ham, ill,
Moyle, mother of Mrs. Uriah Wil- very ill at her residence.
V. A. Daly, of the Metropolitan e Co., was spending a few days in e week. The head office of the ill in future be in Brockville e Daly as manager.

BIRTHS.

PECK—At Napanee, on Monday, May 21, the wife of Rev. W. W. Peck, M.A., of a daughter.
AYLSWORTH—In Ernestown, 29th April, the wife of Mr. D. Aylsworth, of a daughter.
PERRY—At Napanee, on Wednesday, May 16th, 1900, the wife of Mr. W. H. Perry, of a daughter.

DEATH.

LAMPHIER—At Empey Hill, on Wednes- day, May 23rd, John Lamphier, aged 88 years and 5 months. The funeral took place Friday morning at 11.15 a. m.

ORATORIO CONCERT CHORUS
Rehersal Friday evening Eastern Methodist Church at 8 p.m.

GUILTY ON TWO CHARGES.

Ex-Teller Wilson Still Maintains That He did not Steal \$10,000 From the Bank.
Toronto Globe May 22.

In the Police Court yesterday mourning Geo. McC. Wilson appeared and pleaded guilty on two charges of stealing \$1,000 from the Merchants' Bank. The first charge was that of stealing on April 10th by means of a bank draft of \$1,000. The second was that of stealing \$1,000 by means of a check made by Beardmore & Company on the Bank of British North America.
Mr. Curry asked for a remand until next Wednesday before giving sentence. He said that another charge would be laid then. It is intended that the charge of stealing \$10,000 will be laid against Wilson. He admits that he received \$10,000 the morning of April 10th, but still persists in denying any knowledge of how it disappeared. He says it must have been taken by someone else. He will plead not guilty on this charge.
Wallace Nesbitt, Q. C., appeared for the prisoner.

DAFOE'S FLOUR MILL.

Our flour is guaranteed to equal any on the market.
Why not buy flour from your own mill.
What's the difference?
Here it is.
Our Mill.....Outside Mills.
Buys Wheat here. Don't.
Helps our town. Don't.
Supports our schools. Don't.
Gives to the church. Don't.
Buys groceries here. Don't.
And a few dry goods. Don't.
Pays a snug tax here. Don't.
Hires men here. Don't.
In addition to all the above benefits to our town by having a first-class mill, we have the farmers of the surrounding counties bringing their wheat to get it ex- changed for Dafoe's Celebrated Nonesuch Flour, and doing their trading in our town. Spending their money with merchants who patronize outside mills instead of helping themselves by helping their own mill, where satisfaction is guaranteed to all.



"A Sharp Cut"

We have a fine and exten- sive line of some of the hand- somest

SUITINGS

we have ever bought and in- sure you the highest quality

you can get anywhere. Our suits always fits well and looks well.

Order Your Spring Suit at Once From

J. A. Cathro,

MAKER OF GOOD CLOTHES

Dundas St. Napanee, Ont.

SCOTCH TWEEDS.

A SPECIALTY.

TREACHERY

A persistent cold in the head is at first a friend, for it gives warning of the approach of a deadly enemy. Heed the warning be- fore it is too late, and use

INDIAN CATARRH CURE

Catarrh of Head and Throat.

The head and throat become diseased from neglected cold causing Catarrh when the condition of the blood predisposes to this disease.

Catarrh of the Stomach.

This condition may result from several causes, but the usual cause is Catarrh, the mucus dropping down into the throat, and being swallowed.

Catarrh of Bronchial Tubes

This condition often results from Catarrh extending from the head to the throat. If left unchecked it extends down the wind- pipe into bronchial tubes, and in time at- tacks the lungs.

INDIAN CATARRH CURE positively and permanently cures every form of this dis- gusting disease. It is safe and effectual. Contains no poisonous opiates. Sold every- where.

Ask your dealer for it or send direct to THE INDIAN CATARRH CURE CO. 146 St. James St. Montreal.

Write for sample box. Price 50c per box 6 boxes for \$2.50 post paid.

See that J. HISLOP, Prop., is on every pack- age.

Branch) 24 Central Wharf, Boston.
Offices) 118 Hastings St. East, Vancouver, B.C
For sale in Napanee by J. C. HUFFMAN

Church of England Notes

PARISH OF CAMDEN—Services Sunday next. St. John, Newburgh, morning prayer and holy communion 10.30; St. Luke, Camden East, 3 o'clock; St. Anthony, Yarker, 7 o'clock.

CHURCH OF S. MARY MAGDALENE—Sun- day services. Holy Communion on 1st and 3rd Sundays of the month at the mid- day service. On other Sundays at 8 a.m. Matins, 11 a.m.; Evensong, 7 a.m. Prayers are said daily in the chapel at 9 a.m.

PARISH OF BATH AND ERNESTOWN—Services next Sunday, May 27th. St. Alban's, Odessa, Matins and Holy Eucharist 10.30 a.m.; Hawley, Evensong 3 p.m.; St. John's, Bath, Evensong 7.30 p.m. N. B.—Evening services at Bath will be at 7.30 p.m., instead of 7 o'clock until further notice.

Grinding at Close's Mill every day.
JAS. A. CLOSE.

THIS PREACHES GREAT FAITH.
Deep Seated Catarrh was his Cross—
Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder
Lifted his Burden.

The Rev. Jas. L. Grimm, a well-known American divine, writing from Springfield, Pa., says: "Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Pow- der has proved a wonder in my case." It did everything it claimed to do—gave me relief in a few minutes, and persistence in its use cured me of a very aggravating at- tack of catarrh in the throat and head. Sold by Detlor & Wallace.

Base Balls, Bats, Gloves, etc,
at Pollard's Bookstore.